



PENSION INSURANCE
CORPORATION GROUP LIMITED



Guaranteed pensions, purposeful investments



Guaranteed pensions, purposeful investments

PIC is a specialist insurer which has become a leader in the UK pension risk transfer market by focusing on our purpose.

We aim to balance the interests of all our stakeholders – policyholders, employees, shareholders, regulators and others – with excellence in customer service at the heart of what we do.



The principal subsidiaries of Pension Insurance Corporation Group limited ("PICG") are: Pension Insurance Corporation plc ("PIC"), the Group's regulated insurer; Pension Services Corporation Limited, the Group's service company; and PIC Holdings Limited, a holding company. This Annual Report is for PICG, but reference is made to PIC where it is the activity of the insurance company being reported on. Pension Insurance Corporation Group Limited is incorporated and registered in England and Wales under company number 09740110. Its registered office is at 14 Cornhill, London EC3V 3ND.

Front cover image (left): taken at a PIC policyholder Day
Front cover image (right): Trident Group

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HIGHLIGHTS

Delivering for our stakeholders

Premiums

2020

£5,649m

2019

£7,186m

IFRS profit before tax

2020

£276m

2019

£394m

Financial investments

2020

£49.6bn

2019

£40.9bn

Market Consistent Embedded Value

2020

£4,964m

2019

£3,874m

Solvency II ratio (PIC)

2020

157%

2019

164%

Assets held to meet solvency and risk margins (PIC)

2020

£8.9bn

2019

£6.6bn

Fitch Rating

Fitch Ratings
A+

In October 2020 Fitch Ratings affirmed PIC's 'A+' (Strong) Insurer Financial Strength ("IFS") rating.





We have a wide range of stakeholders and providing non-financial metrics alongside our key financial metrics makes the business more transparent for the non-specialist reader.”

Jon Aisbitt
Chairman

Policyholder satisfaction

2020

98.7%

2019

99.1%

Total pensions paid to policyholders

2020

£1,487m

2019

£1,229m

Number of pensioners insured

2020

273,500

2019

225,100

Total value of socially beneficial investments

2020

£11.4bn

2019

£8.6bn

% of the credit portfolio rated investment grade

2020

99%

2019

98%

Longevity risk reinsured

2020

84%

2019

81%

Gender pay gap

2020

12.1%

2019

17.2%

£750m of new equity raised from existing shareholders

2020

£750m





Strategic Report

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LOFTUS GARDEN VILLAGE: ONE OF THE HOUSING DEVELOPMENTS BUILT BY POBL GROUP.

In November 2020, PIC invested £65 million in Welsh housing association Pobl, following an initial £35 million investment in 2013, as part of a long-term partnership.



www.poblgroup.co.uk/our-developments/loftus-garden-village/



Purpose, culture and values

Our purpose

The purpose of PIC is to pay the pensions of our current and future policyholders.

Guaranteed pensions for our growing policyholder base are backed by a purposeful investment strategy. This strategy prioritises the management of key risks, including Environmental, Social and Governance ("ESG"), as integral to paying the pensions of our policyholders over the coming decades.

Investments with a lasting impact on current and future generations in areas including renewable energy, social housing and national infrastructure are socially beneficial outcomes of our focus on our purpose. Excellence in customer service and balanced stakeholder relationships are fundamental to our approach.



Our strategic objectives



Growth and focus

Grow the value of the business on a focused, secure and sustainable basis



Reputation and conduct

Ensure that our behaviours reflect our values through the delivery of market-leading customer service



Cost and capital efficiency

Maintain a scalable business model that optimises internal and external resources



Returns

Deliver attractive risk-adjusted total shareholder returns

Our culture

OUR CUSTOMERS ARE OUR PRIORITY

We value all our customers (policyholders, trustees and sponsors) and work hard to provide exceptional service. We listen to and are responsive to their requirements



Our values



Providing security

We are committed to managing risk and providing long-term stability and financial security for our customers. We protect customer data. Our strong conservatively managed balance sheet ensures resilience against difficult economic events



Embracing new ideas

We pride ourselves on doing things differently, being adaptable enough to operate successfully in any environment and match any challenge. We go beyond existing ways of thinking to come up with innovative personalised solutions



Being a team

We know the benefit of working together as a team. We respect, value and nurture our people in terms of both their development and engagement



Striving to be the best

We provide sector-leading expertise, operating at a level of excellence in everything we do. We listen carefully, are not afraid to learn and challenge ourselves and deliver a consistently high-quality offering



Doing the right thing

Our policyholders are our customers for life, which is why our strong ethos around doing the right thing is so important to us. Our policyholders must be able to trust us, so we live by a set of ethical principles and standards of behaviour and genuinely believe that fairness and honesty really count



Creating social value by delivering on our purpose



Pension risk transfer

OLD BRITISH STEEL PENSION SCHEME BUYOUT October 2020

PIC signed a £2 billion pension insurance buyout with the Trustee of the Old British Steel Pension Scheme (the “Scheme” or “OBSPS”), guaranteeing future pension payments for all of the more than 30,000 members at, or above, Pension Protection Fund (“PPF”) levels of compensation.

The Scheme entered PPF assessment in 2018 following the restructuring of Tata Steel UK Limited. The deal will enhance members’ benefits above those payable by the PPF for any members who lost out as a result of entering the PPF assessment.



This transaction will eventually see OBSPS members receive benefits either at the same PPF level as those currently provided or, for many members, an uplift above that amount.

OBSPS members can take comfort that their benefits will be looked after by an insurer which is authorised and regulated by the Prudential Regulation Authority and regulated by the Financial Conduct Authority, as well as being committed to the highest levels of customer service.”

Jonathan Hazlett
Managing Director of Open Trustees Ltd

£2bn
transaction size

Urban regeneration

PIC'S FIRST BUILD TO RENT PROJECT: NEW VICTORIA, MANCHESTER September 2020

PIC acquired a prime city-centre site in Manchester as the location for its first Build to Rent project, investing £130 million to fund the construction of 520 residential apartments, over 6,000 square feet of commercial space and 102 car parking spaces. Muse Developments, a part of the Morgan Sindall Group, is the developer.

The construction project, which has full planning consent, will deliver high-quality homes and help regenerate a key part of the city centre. It is expected to create 40 new jobs and employ 650 people during the construction phase, with completion due in 2024.



Reaching completion on the forward funding deal with PIC is a significant milestone for all partners, as we bring forward the first phase of this innovative gateway development."

David Burkinshaw
Development Director at
Muse Developments

650
jobs secured



Funding affordable homes across the UK

LONG-TERM PARTNERSHIPS **November 2020**

PIC signed new borrowing agreements with housing associations Livin and Pobl in 2020, following initial transactions in 2019 and 2013 respectively. This builds on a long history of working with the sector.

The funds are being used to refinance existing long-term debt, allowing for further growth and the development of more social housing stock.



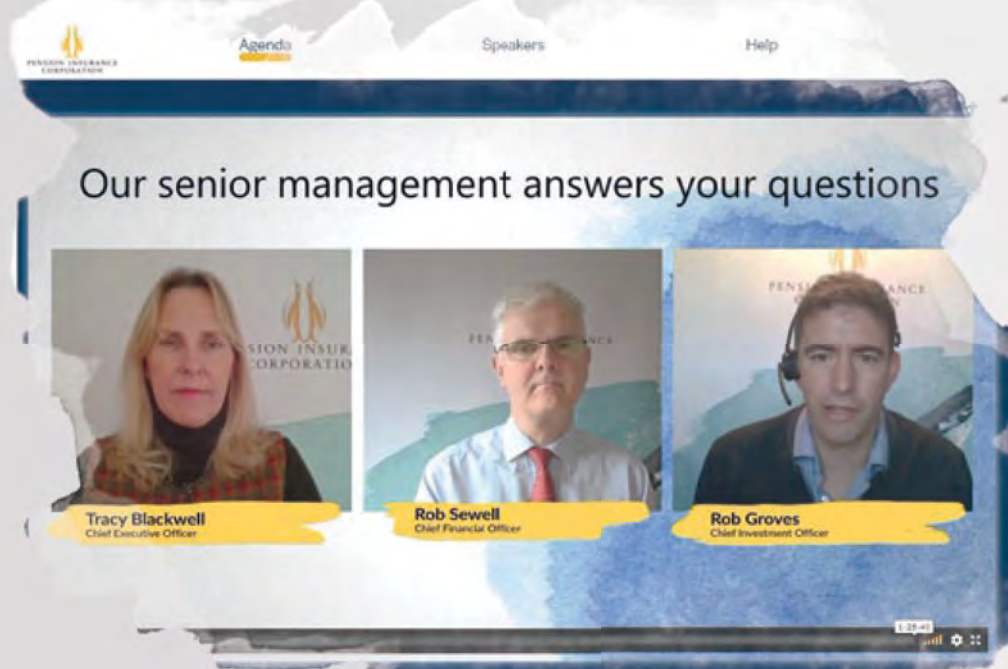
We are delighted to have secured this funding which will help us achieve our ambition of creating 10,000 new homes for Wales over the next ten years. PIC is a valued partner following our initial transaction in 2013 and having the opportunity to work again with a team that has such a strong understanding of the social housing sector makes for an efficient and successful process. We valued PIC's flexibility, including the ability to defer drawdown."

Wayne Fox
Director of Corporate Finance at Pobl

10,000

new homes planned in Wales
in the next ten years





Accountable and transparent customer service

PIC'S POLICYHOLDER HOUR December 2020

Speaking to and meeting with the people whose pensions we guarantee has always been a key part of our ethos.

In a typical year we arrange complimentary events so that our policyholders can learn more about the way we do business. We are proud to be the only financial services company to offer these types of events.

With the Covid-19 pandemic putting these kinds of large-scale events on hold, we wanted to ensure that policyholders continued to receive the level of information they have come to expect from us about PIC's performance.

We therefore moved the events to virtual policyholder engagement sessions, re-named "Policyholder Hour". Policyholders were invited to attend a live session featuring presentations by PIC's CEO and senior management about the Company, its strategy and customer service, and our approach to safeguarding the funds that back our policyholders' pensions. Policyholders also took part in a senior management question & answer session.



I thought it was brilliant! Already looking forward to the next one. Very useful information to help understand the Company's strategy."

Policyholder Hour attendee



I am very confident in your Corporation and expect that to continue as long as I am a policyholder. You are doing a fantastic job in all areas; long may you continue to flourish."

Policyholder Hour attendee



The policyholder journey



Our policyholders, all former members of UK defined benefit pension schemes or their dependants, are central to our business.

Everything we do is designed to provide guaranteed pensions for them. They become our policyholders following a buyout transaction agreed by the trustees of their pension scheme.



From pension scheme member...

The Trustee signs a buyout transaction, which transfers all risks, assets and policyholder obligations to PIC.

WHAT DIFFERENTIATES US

The quality of service PIC provides to transitioning pension fund members is a key focus for the PIC management team. The transition includes the development of a specific communication schedule so that members are kept fully informed about their impending transfer.



PIC provided us with a tailored risk transfer solution and I am grateful for their flexibility and dedication in achieving this outcome.”

Peter Docking

Trustee Chair of two WPP pension schemes (£250 million transaction covering two WPP schemes announced in March 2020)

2



...via a transition period...

Once the trustees have informed the members about the transaction, we introduce ourselves to them in a series of communications, giving an overview of the Company and explaining the process.

WHAT DIFFERENTIATES US

All our communications are in plain English: we hold the Platinum Crystal Mark from Plain English Campaign.



Unexpectedly pleasant, helpful staff who stand out from the crowd. I couldn't be more satisfied."

PIC policyholder 2020



3



...to PIC policyholder

We genuinely seek to do things better for our policyholders.

WHAT DIFFERENTIATES US

We hold events across the country and online where they can meet with, and question, senior management about the company which pays their pension.



All staff that I spoke to were competent, helpful and knowledgeable. Even in this current Covid-19 environment it was easy to get to speak to a real person."

PIC policyholder 2020





Investing in the business



£1,487m

Total pensions paid
in the year

95%

of employees believe
PIC will be successful in
the next 2-3 years



We remain strong and profitable, have supportive shareholders and continue to provide excellent customer service.”

The crisis wrought by the pandemic has, as we are all aware, had significant health and social costs, as well as major political and economic impacts. Our thoughts are with those policyholders who have lost their lives to Covid-19 or otherwise suffered from the impact of the pandemic.

The Group has been fortunate: our business has not been adversely affected in any significant way by the pandemic. We remain financially strong and profitable; have supportive shareholders; and continue to provide excellent customer service to our policyholders. So the underlying theme of 2020 for us has been to continue investing in our infrastructure as the business grows, and to ensure that we continue to provide a financially strong and resilient business over the medium term.

But first, I would like to pay tribute to our committed employees, who have worked so conscientiously for us and for our stakeholders during this very difficult period. Notwithstanding the disruption caused by lockdowns and disrupted work patterns, they were able to respond effectively to the crisis, ensuring that our policyholders continued to receive exceptional service; that our payments systems to policyholders received the necessary additional oversight the circumstances demanded, and that they operated as we expected, with no issues; that our portfolio was carefully managed; that our wider stakeholders, whether that be shareholders, debt investors or our regulators were constructively supported where required; and that everyone pulled together as a team, drawing on our culture and values as we focused on our purpose.

This cohesive, immensely professional response resulted in what I can only regard as an exceptional year for the business. PIC now guarantees the benefits of 273,500 pensioners, increasing by 48,400 during the year, backed by an investment portfolio of £49.6 billion, which has grown by £8.7 billion during the year. This growth follows transactions worth £5.6 billion, with clients including the Old British Steel Pension Scheme, the Co-op Pension Scheme and the Merchant Navy Officers Pension Fund. We now have 311 employees, having taken on, and seamlessly integrated into the business, an additional 82 during the year.

The Group's balance sheet has remained strong during the year, despite the volatility of the financial markets. In January, well before the crisis broke, we announced a capital raise of £750 million of new equity from existing shareholders, to support future growth.

We also took the opportunity to issue two tranches of debt capital, amounting to £700 million in total, in May and October. This new capital will also be used to support the business. The £400 million issuance, completed in October, achieved the lowest sterling coupon cost for Tier 2 hybrid debt issued by an insurer to date. This is a tremendous vote of confidence in our business by the financial markets.

The Board's focus has been split between managing the business in the context of the national crisis and long-term development plans for the business. Our immediate focus has been around ensuring that the business continues to deliver excellent customer service and that the financial performance of the business has remained satisfactory. On both counts the Board is more than satisfied with the results to date. Further information relating to how the Board has made decisions to promote the success of the Company can be found within the Section 172 statement of the Strategic Report on pages 22 to 24.

The Board has also kept a keen focus on the long term, ensuring that we continued to develop our operating model in response to the pandemic and the strong growth of the business. I am pleased to say that this work has progressed well, giving us confidence in the future development of the business.

We have seen a step change in growth over the past couple of years and our investment focus now reaches into areas of the economy that will be extremely important as the country seeks to recover from the pandemic. For example, the £130 million Build to Rent investment we made in Manchester, announced in September, is securing or creating 650 jobs for the next three years. Within this context, the issue of Environmental, Social and Governance (“ESG”) investing has remained a focus for the Board.

As the Government considers its reforms of Solvency II it is crucial for the country that our industry is incentivised to invest in these types of long-term, socially beneficial projects, whilst helping corporates de-risk and providing guaranteed pensions to our policyholders.

This is a long-term business. Our trustee clients rely on us to be able to pay the pensions of our policyholders for decades to come, the reason the business exists. This is an obligation we take extremely seriously and the Group's performance during a most difficult year should reassure our policyholders that their pensions really are guaranteed.

Jon Aisbitt
Chairman





A clear and focused strategy



£5.6bn
of new business in 2020

98.7%
Policyholder satisfaction



I am proud and delighted at how the business has responded to the crisis.”

It is at times of crisis when you can really see whether the long-term investments made in the business, and the priorities established over years, were worthwhile.

Over the last few years the Group has invested in the systems and processes which enabled us to efficiently and effectively work remotely. But perhaps more importantly, we have also focused the business around a very specific purpose, to pay the pensions of our current and future policyholders, whilst providing excellent customer service and balancing our stakeholder relationships. This has enabled us to motivate and empower existing employees during this challenging year, whilst seamlessly integrating an additional 82 new joiners as the business continues to grow. It is the cornerstone of our success.

Like many others, we started the year optimistically, even as we had one eye on the emerging Covid-19 news from China. In January, we announced that our existing long-term, supportive shareholders had agreed to invest £750 million of additional equity capital to support new business, and by mid-February we had already completed almost £3 billion of new business.

By the end of February we were actively implementing our business continuity plans, and nearly all employees were working from home by 16 March, ahead of the formal lockdown, because we felt that was best from an employee welfare perspective. It has been apparent since that first hectic period that this crisis is a marathon and not a sprint, and we have urged employees to take care of themselves both mentally and physically. How we help them do this has been a major challenge for our HR team and for our managers.

But I am proud and delighted at how the business has responded to the crisis. I want to thank our employees for their resilience, flexibility and sheer hard work in unfamiliar, and sometimes challenging, personal circumstances. Each team quickly focused on the new priorities and on providing high levels of service for, and engagement with, their stakeholders, including our policyholders, trustees in transition, regulators and new business prospects, allowing us to present an excellent set of results.

PIC operates in a structurally huge growth market of real importance to the economy, which saw its second biggest ever year in 2020, with about £30 billion of pension scheme liabilities being insured through pension risk transfer deals.

We completed £5.6 billion of new business this year (2019: £7.2 billion) despite the impact of the pandemic and produced a strong set of results. The overall value of the business as measured by Market Consistent Embedded Value is £4,964 million (2019: £3,874 million), with Adjusted Equity Own Funds of £5,915 million (2019: £4,504 million). The Group's IFRS profit before tax was £276 million (2019: £394 million), the fall in the year is as a result of market volatility and lower new business contributions offset by the benefit of management actions. The investment portfolio grew to £49.6 billion (2019: £40.9 billion), an increase of 21% in the year. This number is affected by the level of new business conducted, market movements, and policyholder payments. PIC's Solvency Ratio stood at 157% at year end, demonstrating a continued robust balance sheet, despite the economic and market turmoil.

Alongside the significant amount of new equity we raised, we also issued £700 million of debt capital, intended to supplement our overall financial strength.

In the normal course of business we take the view that longevity risk is not one we wish to hold, at least with the current make-up of the Solvency II Risk Margin, and our reinsurance programme has continued through 2020 with the reinsurance of £6.6 billion of longevity risk. This brings the total reinsured in aggregate by the Group to 84%. Following an asset-based reinsurance treaty with a global reinsurer in the first half, we have now extended our panel of global reinsurers to 14.

Whilst our systems and processes allowed us to respond decisively to the crisis, confident in the resilience of the business, we have continued to invest for the future. In particular, we have successfully completed the implementation of significant new financial and asset systems during the year as well as upgrading our core IT infrastructure, all whilst working remotely; a remarkable achievement.

Although at times this year we have seen significant volatility in financial markets, we have remained confident in our liquidity and solvency positions, as well as the resilience of the asset portfolio. As I have previously noted, we took risk out of the portfolio during the course of 2019, because of the uncertain economic and political environment. This move has been fully vindicated, even though we did not anticipate the Covid-related events of this year. This means that we entered the crisis with a secure portfolio, and have continued de-risking it during the year. We had zero defaults and limited downgrades to sub-investment grade, with only £110 million, or 0.4% of the credit portfolio (excluding gilts), moving into sub-investment grade.



CHIEF EXECUTIVE OFFICER'S REVIEW CONTINUED

As Environmental, Social and Governance ("ESG") investment metrics have risen up the political agenda, so we have evolved the integration of ESG in our investment process. These factors are linked firmly back to our purpose. The effect of this is that during 2020 we reduced our exposure to oil & gas by £600 million and committed to divest from thermal coal. At the same time we invested £587 million in renewable energy. Our portfolio of renewable energy assets is now larger than our fossil fuel asset portfolio.

We have continued to invest in privately-sourced debt. Many of these types of assets have socially beneficial outcomes, such as social housing, in which we have invested £463 million during the year, and the UK's universities. The flows of capital coming from PIC and our peers will help smooth the transition to a greener economy and provide a measure of intergenerational fairness.

One of the things I am most proud of this year is the way that we have continued to provide first-class service to our policyholders. Our relationship with Capita, our outsourcing provider, was critical in our response to the crisis, when we worked hand in glove with them to make our dedicated call centre virtual. This move actually saw our call-handling response times improve from an already impressive level. Our overall policyholder satisfaction score of 98.7% demonstrates the effectiveness of this relationship.

But perhaps better, the Institute of Customer Service conducted a survey of our policyholders as part of our re-application for ServiceMark with Distinction, following the natural conclusion of the previous time-limited award. The results showed that in the eyes of our policyholders we far outclass other UK insurance companies, and UK companies in general, in terms of customer service. We scored particularly well on overall experience, emotional connection, ethics and customer ethos. A remarkable achievement.

I was also delighted to take part in our first ever online Policyholder Hour in December, a replacement for our existing programme of in-person Policyholder Days, which we couldn't hold this year for obvious reasons.

Finally, I am pleased that we were able to take part in important public policy debates during the year, including on pension superfunds, which we continue to believe are a badly-conceived idea, and reform of Solvency II, which will enable capital to be deployed to create jobs, develop much needed infrastructure and provide greener energy.

I will just finish by reiterating my earlier point about the inherent strength of PIC's purpose, which has provided a focal point for the entire business during a year which none of us would choose to repeat. In summary, I am immensely proud that the Company has remained financially strong throughout a turbulent year, with an enhanced reputation for customer service, and with a motivated and energetic employee base. This is a strong foundation for continued success.

Tracy Blackwell
Chief Executive Officer



The results showed we scored particularly well on overall experience, emotional connection, ethics and customer ethos.”

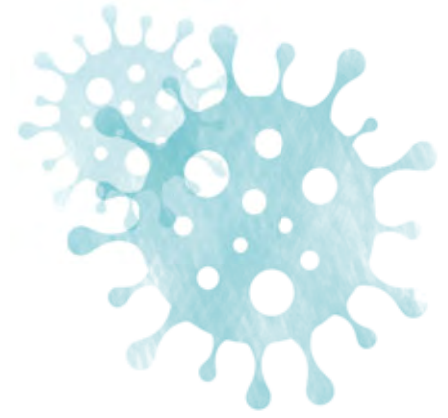


£587m

invested in renewable energy in 2020



Engaging through Covid-19



INTRODUCTION

The Group responded early and proactively to the emerging Covid-19 crisis. As the timeline demonstrates, the Crisis Management Team ("CMT") was convened on 29 January to discuss the Group's options and prepare for what might come. These preparations were facilitated because the Group had increased investment in its business resilience systems and capabilities after a 2015 fire shut the office for two weeks, and as a response to increased social risk, including cyber crime. This planning also included extensive preparations with our key outsourcing providers and suppliers, so we were confident in their resilience and therefore our ability to maintain high service levels for all our stakeholders.

As a result of this long-term, detailed business continuity planning, the Group had strong foundations to ensure that it was able to continue fulfilling PIC's purpose of paying the pensions of its current and future policyholders. For example, all employees had been issued with laptops suitable for home working from 2017 onwards, allowing the Group to bring in home working for all employees ahead of the national lockdown on 23 March. The Group had also invested in the necessary cyber security measures to protect the working from home environment.

In this section we provide some insight into how the business approached the challenges presented by the Covid-19 crisis, and how we maintained our partnerships with all our stakeholders.

POLICYHOLDERS

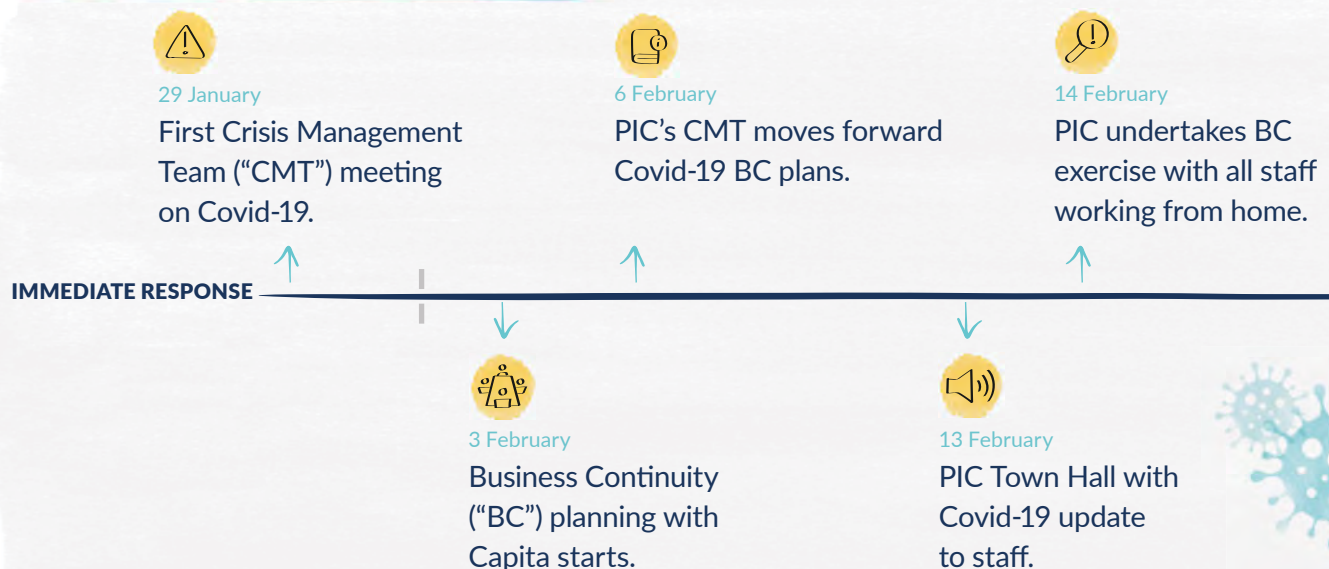
The existing governance framework for our relationship with the Group's administration partner, Capita, which includes a PIC-ringfenced call centre team, meant that our crisis management response was agile and effective. PIC worked extremely closely with Capita to ensure continuity and excellence of service for our policyholders, including daily calls with, and engagement from, Capita senior management. This ensured that the move to a fully remote call centre happened without interruption of service.

The Group's processes and systems for policyholder payments proved robust and Covid-19 did not impact policyholder payments. The funding for trustee accounts held by our buy-in clients continued as normal and was unaffected by the working from home arrangements.

We are proud that during the pandemic our policyholder service not only remained fully operational but also, in many areas, actually exceeded our usual high performance levels:

- PIC's policyholder helpline achieved an average response time of four seconds, with 99% of calls answered within 20 seconds.
- Policyholder payments made correctly and on time.
- Answered >98% of policyholder requests within three days.

Covid-19 response timeline





We are proud that during the pandemic our policyholder service not only remained fully operational but also, in many areas, actually exceeded our usual high performance levels.”

EMPLOYEES

Alongside the focus on our outsourcing partners and technology, employee welfare has been a key focus in our response to the pandemic. The Group was therefore able to be proactive in its approach to employee welfare from the start of the crisis, prioritising it and helping employees to continue to deliver over a sustained and challenging period. This has included providing access to counselling where needed.

During the first lockdown, the Group consulted extensively with employees about the re-opening of the office and the measures undertaken to protect them once that decision was taken. The office was subsequently opened, in line with Government and health service recommendations, for employees most in need during August, and remained open when lockdown regulations allowed.

The key findings of the annual employee survey, which PIC concluded in Q2 2020, show the effectiveness of management's approach. For more information on these key findings, please turn to page 42.

PIC'S SOLVENCY AND LIQUIDITY POSITIONS

During 2019 the Group had taken an increasingly conservative, risk-averse position within the credit portfolio due to concerns about the overall economic and political outlook. So, going into the crisis, PIC held considerable positions in government securities (mainly gilts), investment grade corporate bonds, and had very low exposures to individual counterparties. In fact, no single counterparty, other than the UK Government, represented more than 2.3% of the Group's portfolio at year-end 2019. Whilst we saw significant market volatility in March and April 2020, we had ample liquid resources to fund our liabilities, as well as strong solvency. As a consequence, we experienced zero defaults and saw only approximately 0.4% of the credit portfolio (excluding gilts) moving from investment grade to non-investment grade during 2020.

At year-end 2019, PIC had a solvency ratio of 164%, which was bolstered over 2020 with a capital raise from our existing shareholders of £750 million, to support expected new business growth during the year. PIC subsequently raised a further £700 million in the debt markets during 2020, further bolstering the balance sheet.



9 March

Employees affected by school closures allowed to work from home.



16 March

All staff advised to work from home, with daily check-in.



25 March

Capita PIC team 100% working from home.



2 March

Daily Covid-19 BC plan calls between PIC and Capita senior management.



16 March

Prime Minister advises against all non-essential travel and social contact.



23 March

Lockdown announced by the Prime Minister.



25 March

Implemented enhanced policyholder quality assurance checks.



Promoting the long-term success of the Company

This section of the Strategic Report describes how the Directors have had regard to the matters set out in section 172(1)(a) to (f) of the Companies Act 2006 (the “2006 Act”) and also forms the directors’ statement required under section 414CZA of the 2006 Act. The Directors are required to act in a way they consider, in good faith, would be most likely to promote the success of the Company for the benefit of its members as a whole, and in doing so have regard, amongst other matters, to the following:

- (a) the likely consequences of a decision in the long term;
- (b) the interests of the company’s employees;
- (c) the need to foster the company’s business relationships with suppliers, customers and others;
- (d) the impact of the company’s operations on the community and the environment;
- (e) the desirability of the company maintaining a reputation for high standards of business conduct; and
- (f) the need to act fairly as between members of the company.

OUR STAKEHOLDERS AND OUR ENGAGEMENT

PIC has identified its key stakeholders as being its policyholders, pension fund trustees, privately-sourced debt counterparties, employees, shareholders, debtholders, regulators and key suppliers.

Understanding and engaging with our stakeholders enables the Board to take proper account of stakeholder impacts and interests in decision making, and will promote the longevity of the Company.

Further information on why and how we engage with our stakeholders and examples of principal decisions taken by the Board during the year can be found on pages 23 to 27 and within the Corporate Governance Report on page 99.

DECISION-MAKING PROCESS

The factors set out in s.172 of the 2006 Act are not only considered at Board level, they are embedded throughout the culture at PIC (see more on pages 6 to 7 and 42). Taking into consideration the Company’s stakeholders is a fundamental aspect of the Board’s decision making and the Board recognises that considering the impact of decisions on each stakeholder group will help the Directors to deliver the Company’s strategy in line with the wider PIC Group, and will promote the success of the Company.

In making its decisions, the Board discusses relevant information and makes enquiries of relevant executive management and control functions, including in relation to the factors set out in s.172 of the 2006 Act. Our Board interacts with stakeholders through direct engagement and an open dialogue, as well as through information provided by senior management.

The Board focuses on the Company’s purpose, of paying the pensions of our current and future policyholders, as it considers generating long-term value. With the increasing focus on the relationship between stakeholder interests and governance, we take increased care to ensure such considerations are documented, and that the Board receives adequate and appropriate training on its responsibilities. See page 94 on Directors’ training and induction.

Key engagement activities are detailed on pages 99 of the Corporate Governance Report.

Further information on our approach to stakeholder engagement and s.172(1) matters can be found here:

Consequences of key decisions in the long term	Our business	See page 6
	Business model	See page 28
	Chairman’s statement	See page 15
Employees	Our culture and values	See page 42
Fostering the Company’s business relationships with suppliers, customers and others	Customer care	See page 38
	Engaging with our stakeholders	See page 26 and 99
Community	Engaging with our stakeholders	See page 26 and 99
Environment	Our Environmental, Social and Governance (“ESG”) approach	See page 56
High standards of business conduct	Chairman’s introduction	See page 83
	Whistleblowing	See page 95
	Modern Slavery Act	See page 95
	Anti-bribery and corruption	See page 95
Investors	Engaging with our stakeholders	See page 26 and 99

In 2020, the Board made decisions in respect of a wide variety of topics. The following are some examples of how the Board considers the s.172 principles in its deliberations.

Principal Decision 1: Capita

The Board took the decision to migrate PIC's administration services to Capita in 2018 to ensure that PIC's policyholders continued to receive first-class service as the business expanded. As part of that process, detailed due diligence was carried out on Capita, including a briefing by Capita's CEO to PIC's Board.

In 2020, the Board decided to extend the contract with Capita. The Board continued its close oversight of the services provided by Capita by receiving regular updates from PIC's Chief Operating Officer ("COO"), the executive responsible for managing the relationship. The COO's updates included direct, high-level feedback from Capita, which was recognised by the Board as an important part of their efforts to hear PIC stakeholders' voices.

Suppliers and other stakeholders

PIC works in close partnership with Capita (see page 38 for more detail). The Capita team servicing PIC's policyholders is treated as an extension of PIC. Executives at Capita and PIC discuss initiatives based on feedback from the front-line staff, and how Capita's scale can bolster PIC's policyholder services. The Board and executives at PIC believe that close collaboration with suppliers and stakeholders helps to maintain and improve PIC's customer service.

Consequence of any decision in the long term

The Board acknowledged Capita's efforts and overall investment in delivering a high-standard of service to PIC's policyholders. The Board understands that PIC's relationship with Capita is critical to ensure continued excellence of service for our policyholders, and agreed that a renewed relationship with Capita would be in the best interests of our policyholders for the long term.

Policyholders

Our policyholders see good customer service as an important aspect of our business. Services provided by Capita and our relationship with them enable our policyholders to receive the highest level of customer service.

Outcomes and actions

The Board reached the decision that it was in the Company's best interests to extend the contract with Capita, as it would ensure a consistent delivery of high-standard of administration services to PIC's policyholders who are at the heart of PIC's business.

Principal Decision 2: Appointment of Wellington Management

The Board considered and approved the appointment of Wellington Management ("Wellington") to manage PIC's US Municipal Bond portfolio. PIC has approximately £700 million invested in taxable US Municipal Bonds, out of the total portfolio of £49.6 billion.

Maintaining a reputation for high standards of business conduct

In early 2020, the public credit team initiated a search process to recruit a best-in-class municipal bond manager to manage assets within this sector on a standalone basis. The public credit team ran an extensive process including request for proposal and two rounds of interviews, and made recommendations to PIC's Investment and Executive Committees, who in turn reported to the Board recommending the appointment of Wellington.

In considering this appointment the Board satisfied itself that a thorough due diligence process had been followed and completed in line with the requirements for a 'critical supplier' as set out in PIC's Procurement and Outsourcing Policy. The Board discussed PIC's key requirements to ensure that Wellington has the ability to provide bespoke solutions and understands PIC's needs, has deep investment team resources with a strong performance record, and that they can provide good access to the market. The Board also ensured that Wellington is aligned with PIC's own culture and values whilst providing value for money.

Environment and community

The Board was mindful of the impact this appointment has on PIC's investments. Municipal Bonds provide a valuable complement to PIC's corporate credit holdings and it is expected that the allocation to this sector will continue to grow over time. The size and potential growth in this mandate drove the decision to appoint a specialist to manage this sector on a standalone basis. The Board considered Wellington's strong track record in integration of Environmental, Social and Governance ("ESG") considerations and good risk management throughout all their decision-making process. It satisfied itself that PIC's policyholders will benefit from Wellington's differentiated work on climate risk, where they use climate research to mitigate the impact of physical climate risk on long-dated assets held in the portfolio.

Outcomes and actions

Having gone through a thorough review process, the Board decided to approve the appointment of Wellington and concluded that given its strong track record and focus on ESG, it will be able to provide services to PIC which are in the best interests of PIC's current and future policyholders, and to the Company.

Principal Decision 3: Investment in Welsh housing association

The Board carefully considered PIC's investment strategy and its impact on local communities. As a result of that strategy, PIC made an investment of £65 million in debt issued by Pobl, a housing association based in Newport, Wales, to support Pobl's affordable housing development programme. This is the second Pobl funding agreement considered by the Board and follows a £35 million investment made in 2013.

Promote the long-term success of the Company

The purpose of PIC is to pay the pensions of our current and future policyholders and this dictates the decisions the Board takes on risk management to secure the pensions of our policyholders. The Board placed high emphasis on the need for secure cash flows to match liabilities in years where it is difficult to source cash flows in the public bond markets. The Board therefore considered the maturity profile, as well as the overall security, of the funding agreement in relation to PIC's pension liabilities.

Environment and community

It is important to PIC that our investments, where possible, have a social benefit, because this means they are more likely to be sustainable and secure over the long term. Pobl's affordable housing development programme will create 10,000 new homes which will be up to 40% more energy efficient than the Welsh average. One of the key considerations in PIC's investment strategy for the Board was whether the funding agreement was in accordance with PIC's Environment, Social and Governance ("ESG") investing strategy.

Suppliers, customers and other stakeholders (including regulators)

Pobl's affordable housing development programme will foster positive relationships between suppliers, customers and other stakeholders and will benefit the 2,000 people currently employed by Pobl.

Outcomes and actions

It was in the Company's best interests to make the further £65 million investment in the Pobl Welsh housing association and the funding will be split into two tranches and this was announced in November 2020.

Principal Decision 4: Investment in renewable energy

The Board has continued to increase its focus on integrating Environmental, Social and Governance ("ESG") investment factors into PIC's investment process. It reviewed PIC's activities in relation to sustainable opportunities. As part of that approach, at the beginning of the year PIC made a debt investment of £190 million into 21 solar parks, and during the year made a further debt investment of £277 million into eight solar parks.

Promote the long-term success of the Company and the interests of PIC's policyholders

The Board placed high importance on the key steps in securing pensions for policyholders and generating long-term shareholder returns through reinvesting assets. The Board acknowledged that investing in renewable energy, such as the solar bonds, did promote the long-term success of the Company. The cash flows over the full term are well matched to PIC's long-term liabilities, providing cash flows in years where it is difficult to source public bonds. The funds will also be used to refinance existing debt.

Environment and community

The 29 solar parks will have the capacity to provide enough energy to supply thousands of homes and come with a ten-year track record of operational experience.

Outcomes and actions

The decision to invest £467 million in solar bonds was in the Company's best interest as the investment was in accordance with PIC's investment strategy and benefitted PIC's policyholders.



Our stakeholders

A key part of fulfilling PIC's purpose is balancing the needs and requirements of all of the Company's stakeholders. We explain what this means in practice.



PRIVATELY-SOURCED DEBT COUNTERPARTIES

Why we engage

- We work with counterparties, such as social housing providers and the developers of renewable energy projects, because we can source cash flows which are tailored to match our liabilities in years where income is difficult to source in the public bond markets
- The investments provide us with a competitive edge when pricing for new business, as well as increasing the overall security of the portfolio
- These investments are socially beneficial, creating jobs, helping the transition to a greener economy and balancing intergenerational equity

How we engage

- Our in-house, dedicated debt origination team enables PIC to be responsive and deliver solutions in a timely manner, working collaboratively with borrowers whilst ensuring suitability to support our liabilities
- Once a transaction is agreed, our in-house research team continues to work closely with our borrowers through ongoing monitoring and reporting
- We engage proactively with stakeholders, ensuring focused execution
- In many cases we can offer increased flexibility around the terms of any deal. This can include the ability to defer the drawdown of funds to suit the lender

2020 update

- We completed 27 transactions with a variety of high-quality partners. PIC now manages 150 ongoing private placements
- PIC became a founder member of the Good Economy's "Building a Sector Standard Approach for ESG Reporting" for social housing
- Two existing counterparties extended the scope of their debt agreement, resulting in the planned development of hundreds of new homes for social rent
- PIC announced its first Build to Rent project, involving a £130 million regeneration of part of Manchester city centre, creating or securing 650 jobs for the next three years



POLICYHOLDERS

Why we engage

- PIC's purpose is to pay the pensions of our current and future policyholders
- Our policyholders are our customers for life, although it is the trustee of their defined benefit pension scheme which signs the contract entrusting their benefits to us
- We engage with our policyholders because:
 - we want to be open, transparent, and build trust in the company which pays their guaranteed pensions
 - we want to provide good customer outcomes through market-leading customer service

How we engage

- We interact with our policyholders in writing, by telephone, online and via email, and face-to-face at our policyholder events
- All relevant communications are Crystal Marked by the Plain English Campaign, to ensure ease of understanding for our policyholders
- Uniquely, our policyholders are invited to complimentary events where they can meet and question management in a relaxed and enjoyable setting

2020 update

- The Institute of Customer Service ("ICS") polled our customers as part of its scheduled review of PIC's ServiceMark with Distinction award. The findings show that PIC far outclasses other UK insurance companies, and UK companies in general, in the opinion of our policyholders, especially for overall experience, emotional connection, ethics and customer ethos
- PIC held an online Policyholder Hour in place of the Covid-19 disrupted in-person events we have held for almost ten years



DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION SCHEME TRUSTEES

Why we engage

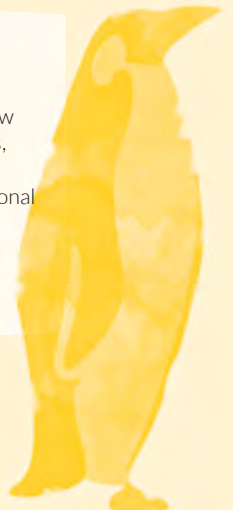
- Defined benefit trustees are the stakeholder group that entrust PIC with responsibility for paying the pensions of their members for life
- Transactions with trustees are how the business grows, by increasing numbers of policyholders and clients

How we engage

- Each pension risk transfer transaction is managed by a dedicated team at PIC
- We pride ourselves on our flexibility and innovation in structuring transactions that meet their needs
- Once the transaction is signed, close work and proactive communication with the trustees is vital, as we transition the members from the scheme to be our policyholders
- Trustees of schemes with buy-in policies receive regular updates on the Company

2020 update

- PIC won three industry awards based on the transactions we have structured and completed





SHAREHOLDERS AND DEBT HOLDERS

Why we engage

- Our equity and debt investors provide the capital to enable us to continue to write new business and grow on a focused, secure and sustainable basis

How we engage

- We provide clear, transparent and timely communications that help investors understand our purpose, strategy and business model
- Business updates are communicated regularly to providers of capital, including via the Regulatory News Service ("RNS") and on our website
- We meet and speak regularly with debt holders and have an annual debt holder conference call

2020 update

- PIC raised £1.45 billion of new capital in 2020: £750 million of new equity, with £700 million of new debt issued
- The coupon on the £400 million of debt we raised in October 2020 is, at 3.625%, the lowest we have achieved to date, demonstrating faith in PIC's management and overall business



REGULATORS AND POLICYMAKERS

Why we engage

- Demonstrating our understanding and management of our risks to the regulators is key to fulfilling PIC's purpose and strategy
- Strong relationships with policymakers help them understand the importance of a purposeful finance sector and allow effective representations to be made on areas with socially beneficial outcomes, such as reform of Solvency II
- Engaging with regulators and policymakers helps to reinforce PIC's positive reputation and generate goodwill with an influential group of stakeholders

How we engage

- PIC maintains an open, ongoing dialogue with regulators and policymakers
- PIC is active in public debates affecting the sector, including on ESG and investment in social infrastructure, reform of Solvency II, and pension superfunds

2020 update

- Engaged on key public policy issues, including pension superfunds, and the Government's consultation on Solvency II



EMPLOYEES

Why we engage

- PIC recognises that our people are critical to the success of the Company in fulfilling its purpose. We therefore seek to recruit, retain and motivate the very best people through active employee engagement

How we engage

- PIC conducts an annual employee survey, managed by a specialist third party organisation, as well as surveying employees as part of the ICS ServiceMark with Distinction process
- Our Diversity and Inclusion Forum supports management's efforts to make PIC a place where our employees are proud to work, alongside PIC's commitments to LGBT Great, #1000blackinterns, and continuing our sponsorship of the Actuarial Mentoring Programme, with the Institute and Faculty of Actuaries, for the third year

2020 update

- In this challenging year, PIC has placed considerable emphasis on the mental and physical wellbeing of employees, as well as focusing management communications on our unifying purpose, reinforced by a strong culture and values
- We have grown significantly – adding 82 new employees in the year
- 95% of employees have confidence in PIC's leadership; 95% believe the Company has respect and recognition for employees
- Our volunteering included providing 'talking support' that builds a trusting relationship with isolated and vulnerable elderly people, in association with Independent Age



KEY SUPPLIERS

Why we engage

- Our business model is built on finding exceptional partners to help us deliver business critical services, including policyholder administration
- Our key suppliers are our partners in helping us fulfil our purpose over the long term

How we engage

- We invest time and effort to build close and collaborative relationships with our suppliers
- Our policy is to pay our suppliers within the payment terms on invoice rather than within 30 business days

2020 update

- As part of the move to virtual working, PIC and Capita collaborated closely to ensure effective home working for all of PIC's customer care staff. This included the provision of necessary physical equipment and software
- As part of a deep-rooted investment in systems and processes, PIC implemented a new purchase order system, enabling speedy payment of supplier invoices



Long-term returns

PIC consolidates UK defined benefit pension schemes through either a pension buy-in or buyout, operating exclusively in the pension risk transfer market.

The key steps in securing pensions and generating long-term shareholder returns are below.

WHAT WE DO

Pension risk transfer

PIC's financial strategy is to manage the assets associated with the defined benefit pension scheme liabilities and to make a consistent margin on these assets over the very long term. The liabilities that we take on are in respect of the obligations to pay the pensions of members or former members of pension schemes. As these obligations can be made highly predictable (by hedging the interest rate, inflation and longevity risk) and the majority are non-callable, we are able to invest in assets with a very long time horizon.

This process:

- Secures pension benefits to the highest level, within the insurance regulatory framework
- Removes risk from those companies responsible for defined benefit pension funds, increasing shareholder value
- Recycles investment back into the economy

Visit the 'What we do' section of the PIC website for descriptions of a buy-in and buyout.

HOW WE DO IT

Pension scheme

1. MANAGE OUR LIABILITIES

As pension scheme liabilities (or projected pension scheme payments) are usually uncertain in both timing and amount, where possible, we hedge the scheme liabilities for inflation and interest rates by using either derivatives or other assets.

2. MANAGE OUR RISKS

Longevity risk is also reinsured to transfer the risk to a third party, create certain liability cash flows and optimise PIC's capital deployment.

3. REINVEST OUR ASSETS

Pension scheme assets received are reinvested to optimise returns on a cash flow matched and risk-adjusted basis, taking into account a variety of risk factors including ESG considerations.

4. MANAGE OUR CAPITAL RESOURCES

We ensure capital is committed for the full term of the liabilities.

5. DELIVER EXCELLENT CUSTOMER SERVICE

We ensure that we pay our policyholders and trustees accurately and on time. Please also refer to pages 38 to 41 for further information on the customer service we provide.



PIC'S OUTCOME FOR POLICYHOLDERS AND CAPITAL PROVIDERS

Liabilities – best estimate liability net of reinsurance and prudent margins

2020

£38.6bn

2019

£32.4bn

Assets are financial investments, current net assets and net derivative positions

2020

£47.5bn

2019

£39.0bn

Excess assets are allocated to cover solvency risk and prudent margins that will generate future cash flows for reinvestment as well as returns for capital providers (debt and equity)

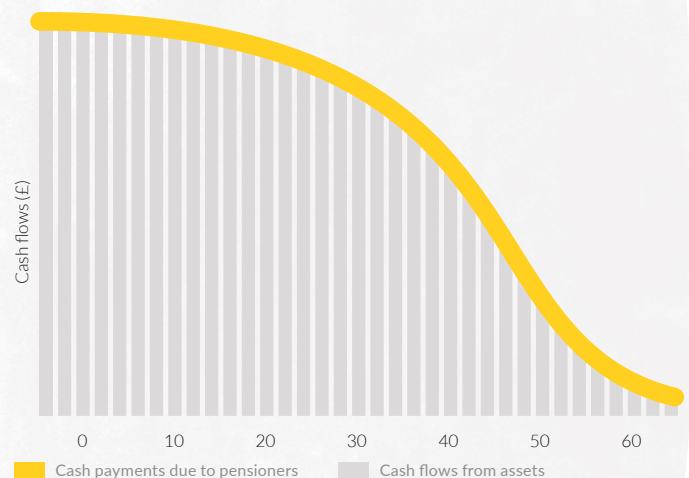
2020

£8.9bn

2019

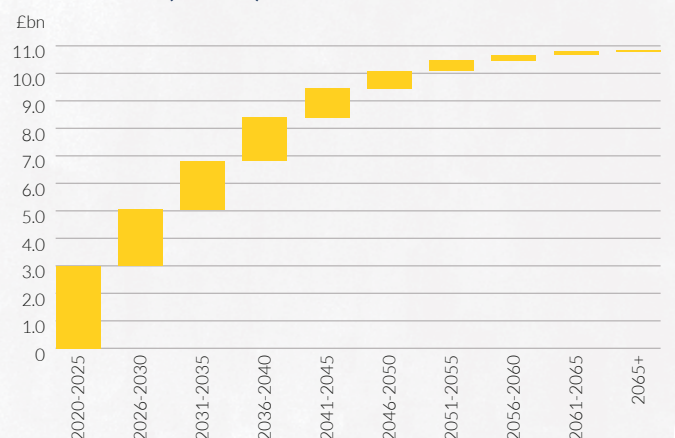
£6.6bn

Best estimate liabilities are made more certain with reinsurance and liabilities are cash flow matched with high-quality assets to back future pension payments



Returns for our capital providers are generated by PIC on the assets held in excess of those needed to pay future pension payments. They are returned, or reinvested, as policyholder liabilities (including the prudent margins held within policyholder liabilities) run off.

Illustrative profile of future cash generation from the current in-force business (FY 2020)



Measuring our progress

Our strategic objectives are designed to fulfil our purpose to pay the pensions of our current and future policyholders, resulting in a purposeful investment strategy, and value creation for our capital providers.

Eight key performance indicators ("KPIs") are used to measure the performance of PIC across four strategic objectives: growth and focus, reputation and conduct, cost and capital efficiency, and returns. These metrics are reviewed annually to ensure they continue to reflect our strategic objectives.



Growth and focus

STRATEGIC OBJECTIVE

Grow the value of the business on a focused, secure and sustainable basis

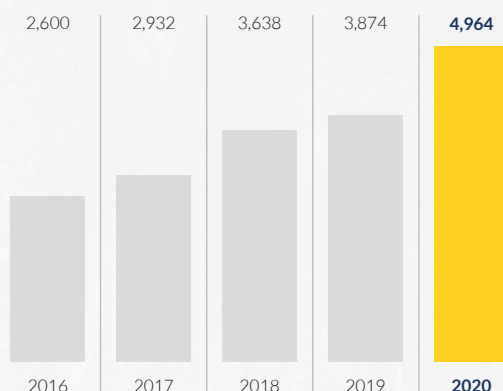
ACHIEVEMENTS IN 2020

- PIC continues to be a leader in the UK pension risk transfer ("PRT") market, with a long-term market share of 24%.
- £5.6 billion of new business premiums written in 2020 with seven pension schemes.
- At FY 2020 financial investments were £49.6 billion, growing from £1.9 billion in 2008, a compound annual growth rate of 31%.
- At year-end PIC had reinsured over 84% of its total longevity exposure expanding its reinsurance panel to 14 highly rated reinsurance counterparties.

KPI TO MEASURE PROGRESS

Embedded value ("EV") (£m)

This measure is one of the metrics used by the Board to measure the value of the business. It is the present value of future after-tax profits plus adjusted net asset value less an allowance for the cost of capital.

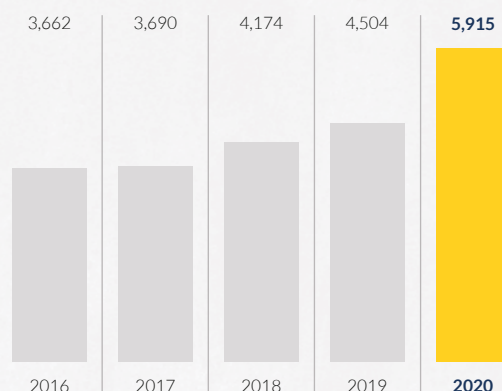


Comments

The Group's EV increased by 28% to £4,964 million (2019: £3,874 million) driven by the equity raise and market movements during the year.

PIC Adjusted Equity Own Funds ("AEOF") (£m)

This is a shareholder view of Solvency II own funds after deducting hybrid debt and removing the impact of transitional measures on technical provisions and risk margin.



Comments

PIC's AEOF rose by 31% to £5,915 million (2019: £4,504 million) mainly due to the equity raise and market conditions during the year.



Reputation and conduct

STRATEGIC OBJECTIVE

Ensure that our behaviours reflect our values through market-leading customer service

ACHIEVEMENTS IN 2020

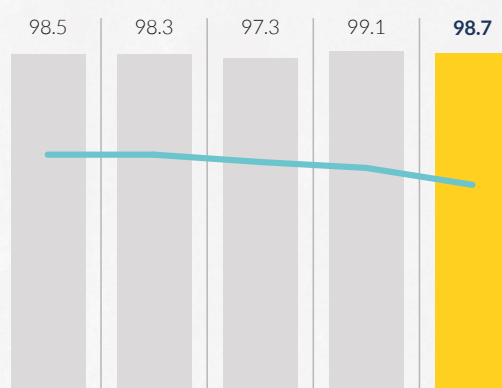
- Continued commitment to provide excellent customer service to our policyholders. 98.7% of policyholders expressed overall satisfaction with our service levels.
- Awarded Risk Reduction Provider of the Year at the UK Pension Awards 2020, Risk Management Provider of the Year at the Pension Age Awards 2020 and Pensions Insurance Firm of the Year at the European Pension Awards 2020.
- Successfully completed third year of mentoring programme for female actuaries, in conjunction with the Institute and Faculty of Actuaries ("IFoA").



KPI TO MEASURE PROGRESS

Policyholder satisfaction (%)

Policyholders are asked to provide a satisfaction rating for PIC's customer service through telephone and paper surveys. We monitor this metric to ensure we continue to focus on the purpose of the business.



Comments

These numbers show the percentage of customers surveyed who gave PIC a satisfied or very satisfied rating, evidencing the quality of service we have provided.

Customer focus (%)

As PIC continues to expand, one of our key internal measures is our customer focus. Employees are asked as part of survey whether they believe PIC is always seeking to understand and meet customer needs, ensuring our customers continue to remain our priority.

2020

92.0%

2019

98.0%

Comments

These figures show the percentage of employees who believe PIC is customer focused. Refer to page 42 for more details.





Cost and capital efficiency

STRATEGIC OBJECTIVE

Maintain a scalable business model that optimises internal and external resources

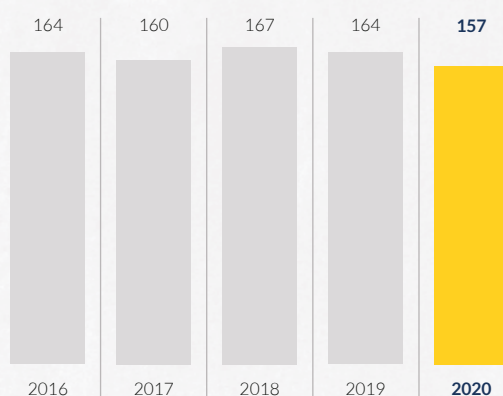
ACHIEVEMENTS IN 2020

- PIC maintained a robust solvency ratio of 157%.
- Fitch affirmed PIC's Insurer Financial Strength rating at 'A+' (strong) and long-term Insurer Default Rating at 'A'.
- Raised £750 million of new equity from our shareholders and £700 million of hybrid capital from the debt markets.
- Operating expense ratio reduced from 0.42% in 2015 to 0.37% in 2020.

KPI TO MEASURE PROGRESS

PIC solvency ratio (%)

The Solvency II ratio is a regulatory capital measure that demonstrates the Company's financial strength.

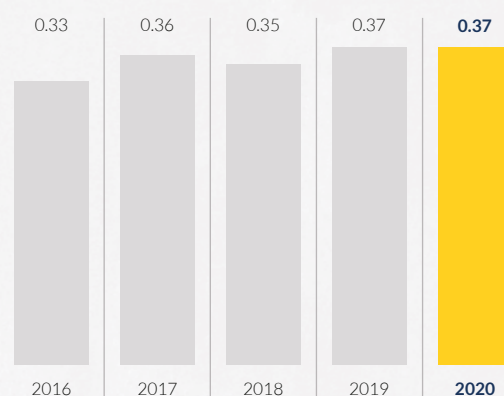


Comments

PIC's solvency ratio remained strong at 157% with significant new business volumes and adverse market movements being offset with the capital raised in the period.

Expense ratio (%)

The expense ratio is a measure of the operating efficiency of PICG and reflects operating expenses* as a percentage of closing financial investments.



Comments

Expense ratio has remained in line with 2019 with increased spending being offset with an increase in financial investments.

*Operating expenses include investment management fees but exclude ERM origination fees



Returns

STRATEGIC OBJECTIVE

Deliver attractive risk-adjusted total shareholder returns

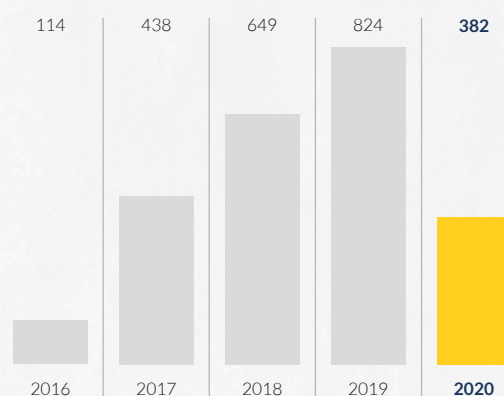
ACHIEVEMENTS IN 2020

- Focused, disciplined pricing, consistent with long-term Internal Rate of Return targets.
- £8.9 billion of assets (2019: £6.6 billion) held in excess of best estimate of liabilities ("BEL").
- Return on equity was 6.8%.

KPI TO MEASURE PROGRESS

Adjusted operating profit before tax ("AOPBT") (£m)

AOPBT is the IFRS profit assessed on a long-term basis excluding investment variances.

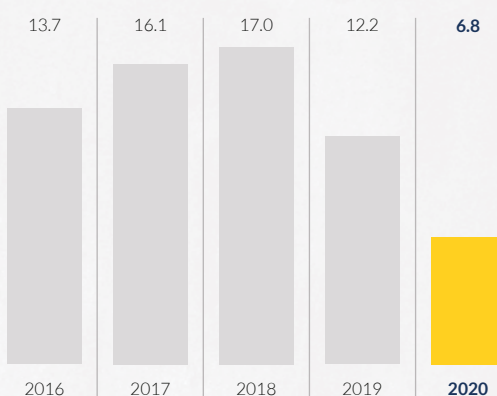


Comments

AOPBT decreased by 54% due to lower impacts for new business, reinsurance and assumption changes.

Return on equity (%)

Return on equity is a measure of the after tax profits in relation to average equity (excluding RT1).



Comments

The return on equity decreased to 6.8% in 2020 from 12.2% in 2019 due to lower after tax profits and an increase in equity due to the £750 million equity raise.



The pension risk transfer market

Assets held within UK defined benefit pension schemes¹

2020

£1.7tn

2019

£1.6tn

Gilts and fixed income assets to match liabilities¹

2020

£1.2tn

2019

£1tn

Life expectancy age 65²

2020

22.0 male

24.4 female

2019

21.9 male

24.2 female

Total defined benefit pension liabilities insured through buyouts and buy-ins since 2008³

2020

£175bn

2019

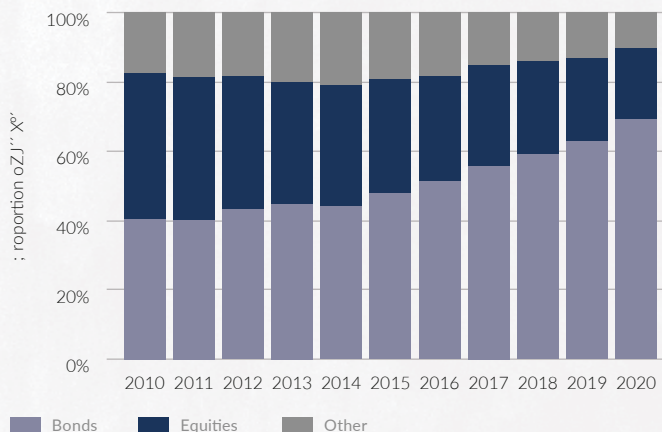
£145bn

1 PPF Purple Book 2020.

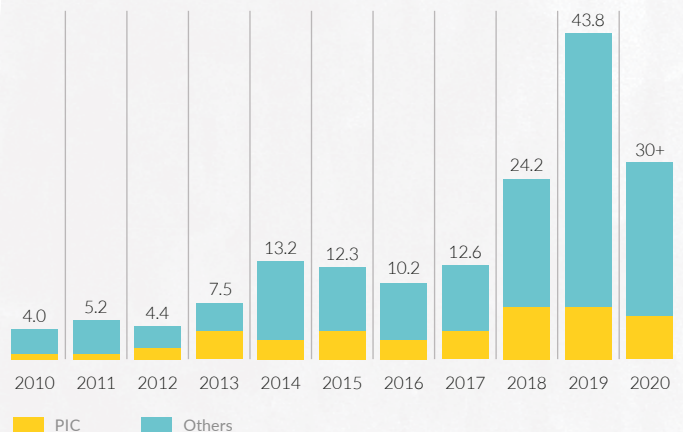
2 CMI working paper 119.

3 PPF Purple Book 2020 and Company estimate.

Asset allocation of defined benefit pension schemes (%)



Buy-in and buyout volumes since 2010 Premiums (£bn)



Market drivers



SCHEME FUNDING

2020 was a year of uncertainty for many, as trustees dealt with the market volatility resulting from the Covid-19 pandemic. While a few processes were somewhat delayed in the first half of the year, this did not impact on the overall appetite for derisking with transaction volumes remaining robust. The steps taken by trustees in previous years, including a shift in asset allocation towards bonds and increasingly hedged asset portfolios, helped to mitigate some of the downside of the Covid-19 crisis and maintain the pace of de-risking transactions.

PIC has worked closely with trustees and sponsors to help them achieve their de-risking goals in the unprecedented climate of 2020. As a result we have continued to write new business, demonstrating flexibility and agility in fast-moving and challenging markets, with a strong pipeline of business as we look ahead to 2021.



MORTALITY ASSUMPTIONS

Mortality assumptions refers to assumptions on how long scheme members are expected to live for. Mortality assumptions have not been overly impacted during the year, despite the deaths resulting from the Covid-19 pandemic. The long-term effects of Covid-19 on mortality trends will not be visible for a number of years.

During the year PIC concluded £6.6 billion of longevity reinsurance transactions working with 14 reinsurance counterparties.

This included reinsuring £1.5 billion of longevity risk relating to deferred members, a growing area of interest for the reinsurers.



INSURANCE PRICING

The risk transfer market has remained competitive, with many schemes taking advantage of insurer pricing.

Insurers and schemes worked together to secure deals across the whole market, with average deal sizes of just under £400 million covering full and partial buyouts and buy-ins. Improved planning, preparation and data cleansing allowed trustees to secure strong pricing with confidence in completing deals efficiently. At PIC we remain focused on our core areas of expertise:

- Hedging liabilities
- Tailoring transactions
- Customer service for trustees and policyholders
- Investing assets
- Raising capital
- Reinsuring longevity risk

Working with pension scheme trustees

PIC's approach to pension risk transfer includes close collaboration with pension scheme trustees and the corporate sponsors of the schemes. Every defined benefit pension scheme is unique. PIC creates bespoke proposals, taking into consideration the multiple factors that go into providing pensions for individual members of the scheme. This includes consideration of the assets held by the scheme, the nature of the liabilities that fall due, and the demographic profile of the scheme members as well as other factors.

At PIC, there is no one-size-fits-all transaction and we have a track record of providing flexible and innovative risk transfer structures for unusual features. Our tailored and customer focused approach has led to us winning three industry awards during 2020: The UK Pension Awards "Risk Reduction Provider of the Year"; the Pensions Age "Risk Management Provider of the Year" award; and the European Pensions "Insurance Firm of the Year" award.



Working with trustee boards

Transition management is a critical part of the post-buyout or buy-in process.

WHAT IS TRANSITION MANAGEMENT?

The team works closely with trustee boards and their advisers after signing to help define a shared plan to achieve the trustees' goals and ensure an excellent member experience.

The Transition Management team's formal involvement starts at the point of contract and runs until the members transition to become our policyholders. Once the plan is agreed, the PIC team will establish the required governance to monitor and report on progress to the trustees, bringing to bear the experience of a long-established team that have transitioned over 200 pension schemes to PIC. The team's focus is on working collaboratively with the trustees and their advisers, as well as coordinating all PIC workstreams, with one point of contact.

The transition process can take anywhere from a few weeks to several years, depending on the client's specific circumstances, complexity of the pension scheme, and the requirements of our clients. However, throughout this time the PIC Transition team will continue to work closely with trustees to deliver their plans and most importantly that all the pensions continue to be funded.

Once the transition process is complete, and the scheme members have received their individual annuity policies, responsibility for them passes to the Administration team (see page 38 for further details). The Transition Management team also manage the relationship with trustees for long-term buy-ins.

WHAT ARE THE KEY ASPECTS OF THE TRANSITION MANAGEMENT TEAM'S WORK?

- Manage the transition of schemes to PIC, including building relationships with PIC's clients, their advisers and internal departments.
- Ensure that PIC and its clients meet their objectives as set out in the buyout contract.
- Ensure PIC adapts the funding of members' pensions following any benefit changes made by the trustee.
- Guide trustees, company representatives, consultants and administrators through the post-contract transition process.
- Manage relationships with all stakeholders and PIC's third-party suppliers to ensure a successful scheme transition, within agreed timescales and budget.
- Work with the scheme's trustees to ensure that the scheme's members (and PIC's future policyholders) receive an excellent experience throughout the transition, based on clear, timely communications, management of deadlines, and proactive, high-quality customer service.
- Ensure that data transitioned into PIC's operating model is accurate and complete.

HOW MUCH OF A PRIORITY IS TRANSITION MANAGEMENT FOR PIC?

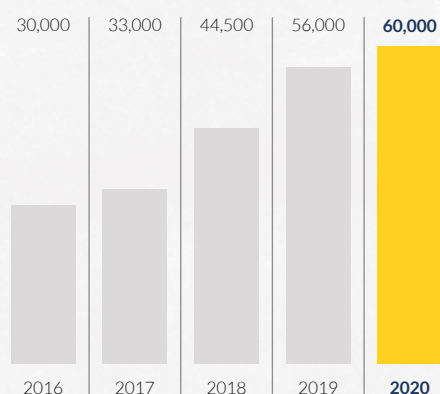
The quality of service PIC provides to transitioning pension fund members and our long-term buy-in trustee policyholders is a key focus for the PIC management team, and is formally reported on at every PIC Board meeting.



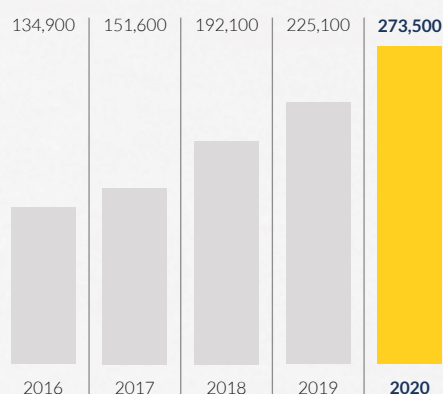
Transition management at PIC

IN NUMBERS

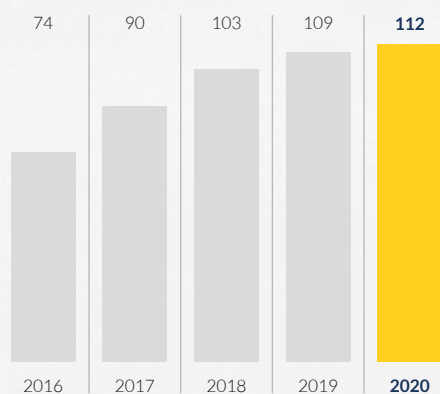
Number of members transitioned to become PIC policyholders



Total number of policyholders



Number of schemes that have transitioned to full buyout



IN THE WORDS OF OUR CLIENTS



It has been an absolute pleasure working with the PIC transition team. At all times they have been highly professional, pragmatic, understanding and appropriately challenging. They understand both the Trustee and Company needs and have worked hard to ensure delivery of a very challenging project in these particularly unique times. Our scheme is complex and we have had some scheme specific issues to resolve. At all times PIC have worked well with us to resolve these issues. All parties, including incumbent administrators, actuaries, trustees and PIC have worked together as one team and that is because PIC have ensured we work collaboratively and transparently. PIC exceeded my expectations!"

Rentokil Trustee 2020



Co-op Pensions Department have partnered with Pension Insurance Corporation (PIC) on a number of significant buy-in transactions in the last couple of years. During this period we have built strong relationships with the team at PIC, and have found the PIC team to be professional, collaborative and culturally a good fit with the Co-op. PIC have provided valuable insight and expertise at each stage of the projects, with a flexible operating model, robust governance and regular engagement throughout."

Co-op Trustee 2020

3,000

members: Largest scheme transitioned

125

members: Smallest scheme transitioned

three

weeks: Fastest transition process



Delivering good customer outcomes

PIC's purpose is to pay the pensions of our current and future policyholders. This is the heart of everything we do. This is especially true throughout the Covid-19 pandemic.

Our culture and values flow from our purpose, and are central to the Group's efforts to be market leaders in customer service.

OUR SERVICE PRINCIPLES

- Respond to each customer's individual needs including where they are vulnerable and need additional support
- We make it quick and easy for our customers to deal with us
- We focus on the quality of the outcome

We continue to be ambitious and innovative in finding solutions that provide good outcomes for our policyholders. This is evidenced by our Institute of Customer Service ("ICS") ServiceMark with Distinction accreditation, which we were re-awarded in December 2020, with the work on this award being done at the height of the first lockdown.

The ServiceMark is the UK's largest cross-sector customer service benchmarking study and Distinction is the highest level attainable. PIC was the first financial services company to achieve this and is one of only 16 companies to hold it. As part of the reassessment, the ICS spoke to our policyholders about their experience of PIC. It also included an employee survey, which looked at, amongst other things PIC's leadership, and the behaviours and values of its employees. The findings show that PIC far outclasses other UK insurance companies, and UK companies in general, in the opinion of our policyholders, especially for overall experience, emotional connection, ethics and customer ethos.

HOW WE WORK WITH OUR ADMINISTRATION PARTNER – CAPITA EMPLOYEE BENEFITS

Capita Employee Benefits (Capita) are the Group's appointed administration partner.

PIC and Capita have invested considerable time and resource into developing a working relationship that fits with our aim of delivering the best customer service. The resulting model is best-in-class with many service and contract aspects unique to us.

At Capita, PIC has a specific team of advisers that are solely dedicated to working with our 273,500 individual policyholders. Normally based at the Darlington centre of excellence, they work as an extension of the PIC Operations team, although the call centre was run on a remote basis for most of the year. PIC has input and oversight into the recruitment of all team members, who are assessed on their compatibility with PIC's values and purpose above and beyond the technical requirements of the roles. The PIC operations team has comprehensive controls in place in order to monitor and maintain the excellent levels of service the Company expects. These include full access to all systems and full file and call checks and reviews.

PIC continued, and expanded our close relationship with Capita during the crisis phase of the first lockdown, to ensure continuity and excellence of service for our policyholders. This included daily calls with, and engagement from, Capita senior management, ensuring that the move to a fully remote call centre happened without interruption of service.

98%

of policyholders' requests answered within three days



For PIC, it is vital that our policyholders have an opportunity to get to know the company that looks after their pension.”

ENGAGING WITH OUR POLICYHOLDERS

PIC holds annual policyholder events, where policyholders meet staff and PIC's executive team face-to-face.

These events provide our customers with an opportunity to find out more about the company that looks after their pensions and help to engender a feeling of community with fellow policyholders. PIC's first event was held in 2011 and the Policyholder Days continue to be an important aspect of our customer service promise. For PIC, it is vital that our policyholders have an opportunity to get to know the company that looks after their pension. For many policyholders the move from the sponsoring company pension scheme, to an insurance company, can seem daunting and for PIC it is vital that they can be comfortable and secure in their knowledge of the Company.

During 2020, PIC responded to the Covid-19 pandemic by moving its usual in-person events into virtual Policyholder Hours. The sessions were accessible by all of PIC's policyholders, either by joining the virtual event, or by watching it in their own time through the member website. The events included presentations from management on the Company's performance during the year and the steps that were taken to ensure their pensions remained safe. PIC management also took part in a Q&A session, giving policyholders the opportunity to raise any questions they had about the Company.

Communication during Covid-19 was not limited to the virtual events.

We are proud that during the pandemic our policyholder service not only remained fully operational but also, in many areas, actually exceeded our usual high-performance levels.

- PIC's policyholder helpline achieved an average response time of four seconds, with 99% of calls answered within 20 seconds
- Policyholder payments continued without interruption and on time



The virtual Policyholder Hour is the most positive outcome of Covid-19.”

Policyholder Hour attendee



I really like PIC, who are the best provider out of several pensions that I am now drawing.”

Policyholder Hour attendee



The Policyholder Hour gave me a level of confidence in the business.”

Policyholder Hour attendee



I was most impressed with the set-up. Every person involved is no doubt really committed to the job.”

Policyholder Hour attendee



I thought the online meeting was great and very reassuring in these uncertain times.”

Policyholder Hour attendee



Serving our customers

I came to be a policyholder as a consequence of having my pension with NCR Ltd. I had worked for them for several years. My existing pension remained with the company until it was transferred seamlessly to PIC, I believe in around 2015. With so many changes occurring to my pension over the years, it was nice to have security. PIC is doing an excellent job in paying my pension. The capital they have backing the Company offers a great deal of security.

From the start, their customer service has been commendable, but particularly so during the current pandemic. I believe PIC's customer service is different from other financial services because of their friendliness and ease of communication. They seem to have my interests at heart rather than those of the company as a whole and alleviate any concerns by taking issues on board and finding a solution.

I find PIC very easy to interact with by phone, web or email although I have not had need to interact regularly because the documentation and updates I receive are comprehensive and easy to understand. If I have any queries or concerns I can telephone them or email as appropriate.

The policyholder events were new to me and I have attended whenever I've had the opportunity. They are fantastic events that I enjoy, something that is not offered by other financial services companies.

I would describe PIC as responsible, caring and helpful, ensuring that your pension is protected with no need for concerns. I would like to say thank you to the Company for all that you have done for me, making me feel confident in the way my pension is handled and paid, and for the regular information I receive in how the Company is performing. I would have no hesitation in recommending PIC to anyone whose scheme is moving to them.

Mike Sanford

Former member of the NCR Ltd Pension Scheme and proud PIC policyholder



My experience with PIC has given me full confidence in them... I would have no hesitation in recommending them."

82%

of attendees at the virtual Policyholder Hour were likely to attend again



POLICYHOLDER SATISFACTION

We want to understand our policyholders' views of PIC and therefore we regularly assess policyholder satisfaction levels through the course of the year. We believe this is an important part of improving our performance and staying abreast of our policyholders' requirements. We do this by:

- Monitoring satisfaction levels via telephone and paper surveys;

- Comprehensive monitoring of numbers of complaints, and root cause analysis;

- Stringent oversight of our administrator, Capita, including:

- monthly file and call review;
- regular site visits;
- weekly operational catch-ups; and
- formal monthly service reviews;

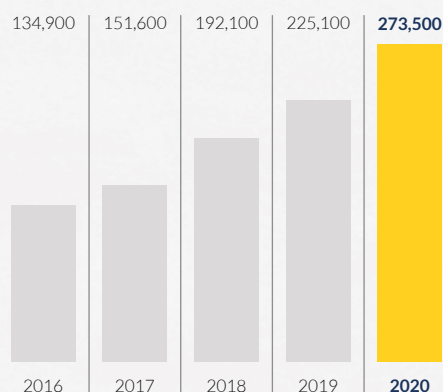
- Personal feedback at our policyholder events, both virtual and face-to-face (although these have been run virtually during 2020 see page 39);
- ICS ServiceMark accreditation; and
- Complaints reviewed by senior management and the Board.



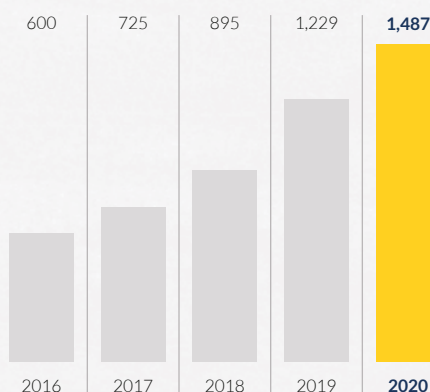
Customer service in figures

Number of pensioners insured (000)

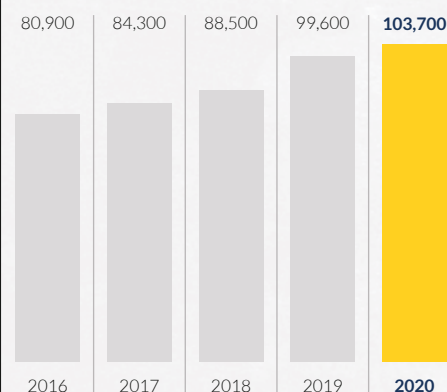
The number of pensioners insured increased by 22% in 2020.

**Pensions paid (£m)**

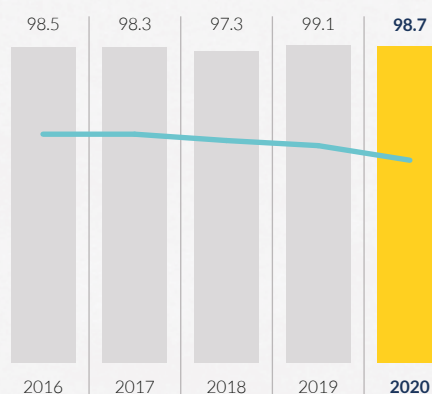
Payment of annuities increased by 21% in 2020.

**Individual policies in issue**

At the end of 2020, PIC had 103,700 current individual policies in issue in respect of 112 pension schemes. This compared with 99,600 in respect of 109 schemes in 2019.

**Policyholder satisfaction**

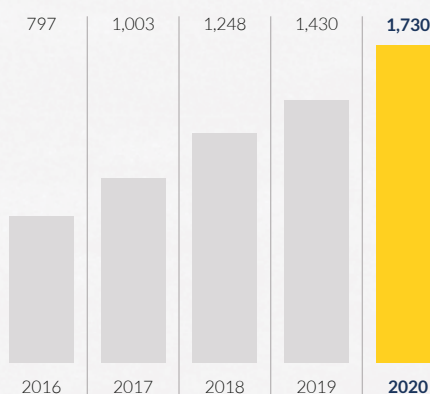
We have extremely high levels of customer satisfaction. We have maintained over 97% overall satisfaction in the last nine years.



— Percentage of policyholders who awarded maximum score

Total pensions, lump sum and other payments

Total pensions, lump sum and other payments to policyholders were £1,730 million (2019: £1,430 million) an increase of 21% due to an increased number of policyholders.



Stimulating, fair and rewarding workplace

OVERVIEW

PIC's workforce is made up of highly skilled people centred around the Company's purpose, reinforced by PIC's values and culture. We recognise that the Company can only be as successful as the individuals we employ, and we therefore invest in making PIC an attractive and rewarding place to work.

We have been proactive in creating a purposeful and stimulating working environment, where individual contributions are recognised within a collaborative, team-based effort. Despite the unprecedented working environment, PIC has continued to grow, with 82 new employees joining the Company during 2020. We are proud to have welcomed them to PIC, ensuring they were still able to experience the collegiate, flexible and entrepreneurial culture PIC is known for.

The switch to working from home, just before formal lockdown in March, was seamless. We were proactive in our approach to our people's welfare, prioritising it as an integral part of fulfilling our purpose. This has included providing access to counselling where needed and a newly created wellbeing section on the intranet.

Communications from management have helped bring transparency to the Group's strategy during the crisis and have helped employees to deliver strong business performance over a sustained and challenging period.

All of this is evidenced by our consistently high employee engagement scores, measured through internal and external surveys, by the high retention rate, and the common belief in our leadership.

Employee survey results (May 2020)

PIC conducts an annual employee engagement survey to help us understand how deeply our values and culture are embedded throughout the organisation. The survey is run by Korn Ferry, a leading, international management consulting firm. In 2020, PIC had a record 80% of employees respond to the invitation to share their views.

These scores relate to areas including: providing a high-quality customer experience; having the right strategic priorities and goals; showing care and concern for employees; motivating people to go above and beyond; and evidence of the improvements in communication of our strategy and purpose.

92%

of employees believe that PIC is customer focused (always seeking to understand and meet customer needs)

95%

of employees believe PIC will be successful in the next 2-3 years

94%

of employees believe the Company has a clear and promising direction

88%

of employees feel proud to work for PIC

In the words of our employees



I think our senior leadership's response to the Covid-19 crisis has been everything you could have wished for. Communications are frequent, clear and well timed."

**PIC employee
2020**



The people, the challenges and the opportunities to be part of a purposeful journey."

**PIC employee
2020**



The whole structure and strategy of the Company is based on paying our policyholders and ensuring they are well looked after. Makes me proud to work for PIC, this is key to everything we do."

**PIC employee
2020**



I'm very proud to be part of a growing, customer-centric organisation."

**PIC employee
2020**



The culture and values at PIC are like no other that I have known."

**PIC employee
2020**



OUR PEOPLE AND CULTURE CONTINUED

A RESILIENT AND ADAPTABLE CULTURE

The Covid-19 pandemic imposed an entirely new way of working for companies.

Many of the initiatives that contribute to our open and friendly culture were adapted to fit into a remote working environment. Sessions for staff to have informal group conversations with senior management were moved to online events and a regular, comprehensive programme of video updates from the executive team and the CEO was implemented, with twice weekly updates for all staff on business developments. Importantly the messages in these videos were focused on providing access to support and retaining the sense of community within PIC, at a difficult time for many individuals and families. Throughout this time, our strong purpose provided staff with a common cause, with a tangible and meaningful outcome to their work. We were also able to move all our learning and development programmes to a virtual format, including PIC's Management Development Programme, Aspiring Managers Programme and Mentoring Programme.

During the period we performed a display screen equipment ("DSE") assessment on all of our employees to try and make sure their home environment was as comfortable as possible to work in. We sent out as much office equipment as was needed to support our staff during this period.

We were cognisant that for many, working from home allowed them to better balance work and home life, whereas for others it was a solitary and lonely experience. We invested in making the office at Cornhill Covid-safe and available for anyone struggling to work from home when permitted.

This was evidenced by the strong results of our employee surveys, which took place during April and May, with a subsequent survey conducted by the Institute of Customer Service during September and October.

REWARDING OUR EMPLOYEES

We want our employees to be appropriately rewarded for their outstanding work and PIC offers competitive remuneration packages and a generous range of benefits. These include the following:

- Competitive pension contributions
- Private medical cover
- Travel insurance
- Season ticket loans
- Access to 24/7 mental health support through an employee assistance programme

In order to build a sense of ownership in the business and incentivise individuals to grow the business in the right way, we operate a Save as You Earn scheme. The scheme has been in place since 2013 and allows employees to build up blocks of shares in the Company. The scheme is open to all employees on an annual basis. This is unusual for a private company, but we believe it lays the foundations for a sustainable and successful Company with employees enabled to share in the growth of the business over the long term.



Joining PIC during the pandemic

During the year PIC has had 82 new employees. The majority of new joiners joined in a working from home capacity, which is a very different experience from a normal joiner

Adam Sawyer – Compliance Monitoring Manager

I joined PIC in May 2020 as Compliance Monitoring Manager within the Legal and Compliance function. I was fortunate to have attended the office and met my management group in person during the pre-lockdown interview process. However, circumstances had since changed, and I started as a 100% 'home-worker'.

On my first day, I had a call from IT and we ran through logging in to my (recently couriered) laptop and some key systems and all worked straight away. For me, this was a good omen and testament to PIC's business continuity setup as, in my experience elsewhere, this level of preparation is unusual enough even when not in lockdown.

Next up was my HR induction, all via videocall which worked very well. I was then allocated to a group of new starter colleagues and we were all given introductory talks from different areas of the business. This was really useful and provided a valuable opportunity both to get to know some of the people I would soon be working with and to ask some early questions and improve my understanding of how things are done here at PIC. I also found the weekly CEO and senior management videos to be a real advantage to me in my understanding of the culture and approach here at PIC.

To feel isolated at this time would have been easy. However, my team made me feel very welcome from day one and I am thankful for that. Every day I have a catch-up with my line manager and a team meeting where we are all encouraged to discuss not just work events but also how we are and what we are up to. For me, all of this has been invaluable and, in my opinion, showed great insight from my manager, and PIC as an organisation, to maintain a healthy working environment.

In summary, whilst being a new starter in any role has its challenges, lockdown has brought a whole new dimension to this. The great efforts made by everyone at PIC has reinforced my belief that it is a great place to work and I have been made to feel truly welcome, valued and proud to be 'part of the team'.



The great efforts made by everyone at PIC has reinforced my belief that it is a great place to work and I have been made to feel truly welcome, valued and proud to be part of the team."

Adam Sawyer
Compliance Monitoring Manager

82

new joiners in 2020



OUR PEOPLE AND CULTURE CONTINUED

DIVERSITY AND INCLUSION (“D&I”) AT PIC

Diversity of thought is critical to PIC’s success, helping us to deliver our purpose in an innovative and entrepreneurial way. PIC demonstrably values individuals regardless of background or experience. It is important for us that our people can discuss cultural and other issues that are important to them in a respectful and engaging way.

PIC has a Diversity and Inclusion Forum that meets regularly to discuss and implement activities including internal events, guest speakers and sponsorship of key diversity initiatives. The Forum has three aims, which are to:

- **Engage** – Demonstrate that PIC is a good corporate citizen by supporting worthwhile initiatives which align with our values and role model best practice
- **Educate** – Educate, inform and inspire at all levels on how D&I contributes to a successful business, and promote PIC’s D&I approach externally to attract talent
- **Enable** – Enable our current and future people to reach their full potential by providing opportunities and removing barriers

In July 2020, PIC became one of the first 20 founding members of LGBT Great, a global membership organisation that specialises in developing LGBT+ diversity and inclusion within the savings and investment industry. As part of this, PIC’s CEO, Tracy Blackwell has been recognised as one of the Top 100 Executive Allies within the industry.

PIC is also continuing its sponsorship of the cross-industry Actuarial Mentoring Programme for the fourth year, which is designed to help recruit and retain females within the actuarial profession. This scheme, of which PIC is the founding sponsor, in partnership with the Institute and Faculty of Actuaries, complements our internal mentoring programme available to all staff.

As well as organisational memberships, PIC is part of other initiatives such as #1000blackinterns, a programme initially aimed at recruiting 1,000 black students or recent graduates into paid internships within the asset management industry. This initiative has since expanded to 10,000 interns over the next five years and will cover other sectors. We have also sponsored the Social Capital Network, another mentoring and networking scheme for young BAME professionals. Both of these initiatives are aimed at improving levels of BAME employees in senior front-office roles.

Aspiring Managers Programme

In 2020, PIC launched an Aspiring Managers Programme which uses a blended learning approach of formal training, mirroring PIC’s existing Management Development Programme, and 1-2-1 coaching. For our first cohort, we had a 50/50 gender split, which supports our wider aims for diversity and inclusion of enabling people to reach their full potential through PIC’s development programmes.



The programme gave me structure to learn the various elements of being a manager – emotional intelligence, providing feedback, coaching and managing different personality styles. The additional 1-2-1 coaching sessions also made the programme feel personalised to me.”

Neha Arora

Risk Manager – Strategy and ERM Lead, who was a participant in the first cohort



Working with our charity partners

PIC is committed to supporting our charity partners and to help raise the funds that really make a difference to the critical work that they do.

In 2020, with the Covid-19 pandemic placing unprecedented strain on the charitable sector, PIC made significant donations to both of our chosen charities – Independent Age and Rethink Mental Illness, together with a contribution to the Association of British Insurers (“ABI”) Coronavirus Support Fund. PIC and its employees donated more than £2 million during the year comprising:

- £1.5 million to the ABI Covid Support Fund;
- £250,000 to Independent Age; and
- £250,000 to Rethink Mental Illness.

In addition to the financial contributions, our employees were invited to actively volunteer their time to provide support work to our charity partners. This included providing ‘talking support’ that builds a trusting relationship with isolated and vulnerable elderly people in association with Independent Age. The spaces available were filled within 24 hours of inviting our employees to participate.

PIC ran a variety of fundraising efforts over the course of the year, including taking part in challenges, (individual) marathons and events.

We also support our employees in taking two days a year paid leave to work on volunteering projects of their choosing.

£2 million+

donated by PIC and its employees during the year

Our charity partners



RETHINK MENTAL ILLNESS

Rethink Mental Illness is a charity with over 40 years' experience of supporting people severely affected by mental illness.

Tens of thousands of people rely on their support every year to help them get through crises, live independently and realise they are not alone. The Rethink Advice and Information Service offers practical information and support about any aspect of mental health and has produced a whole range of factsheets, which are downloadable for free via the link below.

www.rethink.org/advice-and-information



INDEPENDENT AGE UK

Independent Age UK is a charity founded over 150 years ago offering advice and support for people in old age.

They operate throughout the UK and provide advice and support across a range of areas including money, housing, health, personal life, support and care and future planning. Their guides and factsheets are downloadable for free via the link below.

www.independentage.org/information/advice-guides-factsheets-leaflets

Gender pay gap reporting

The gender pay gap is a measure of the difference between the average pay of men and women across the Company. It does not take into account the ratio of men and women, different levels of seniority or those working part-time.

Since 5 April 2018, UK businesses with more than 250 employees have been required to report their gender pay gap. This is the first year Pensions Services Corporation ("PSC"), the Group subsidiary that employs all staff, have been required to publish, but we have done so previously as part of our commitment to equality, diversity and transparency.

Our gender pay gap* was driven by three primary factors:

- Only 36% of our 266 employees were women.
- Only 25% of employees in the upper pay quartile were women.
- 22% of female employees joined PSC from 1 October 2019 so were not eligible for a bonus.

* Figures from 5 April 2020

2020 HIGHLIGHTS

12.1%

PSC's gender pay gap for 2020, down 5.1% on the prior year, and down by 16.9% in the last two years

5%

The percentage of women in the upper quartile has increased by 5%

→|←

Pay gap figures are narrower than competitors across all measures

↑

High percentage of women engaging in development opportunities

Mean salary pay gap (2020)

The Government suspended mandatory reporting of the gender pay gap for 2020 due to the pandemic, so industry figures are indicative. PSC's figure of 12.1% is below the indicative national average (13.7%) and far below the financial services indicative average (23.1%).

*As gender pay gap reporting was not mandatory for the 2019 reporting year, industry figures are indicative, as not all companies reported.

Financial services

23.1%*

All UK companies

13.7%*

PSC (2020)

12.1%

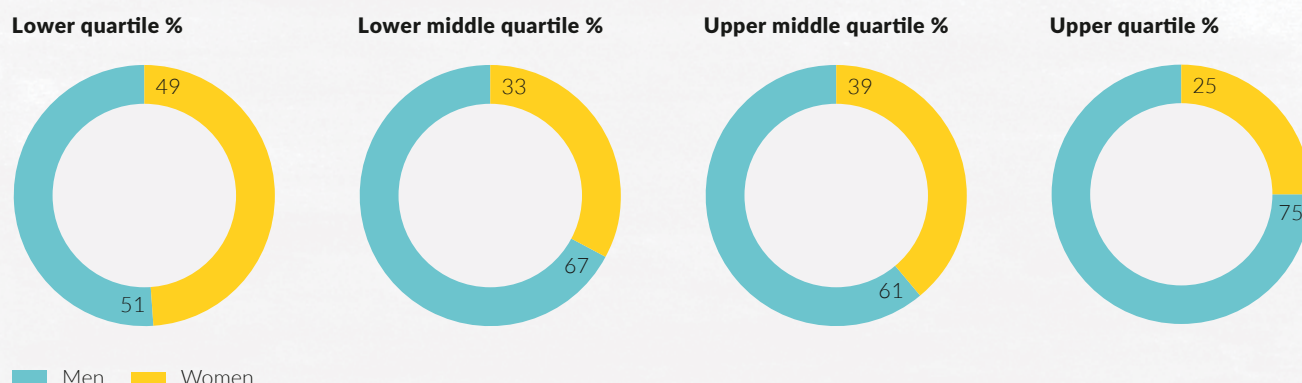
PSC (2019)

17.2%

	2018	2019	2020	Changes in last 12 months
Mean salary	29.0%	17.2%	12.1%	5.1%↓
Median salary	15.5%	15.6%	11.8%	3.8%↓
Mean bonus	25.7%	19.8%	10.7%	9.1%↓
Median bonus	39.8%	25.0%	42.9%	17.9%↑

Percentage of women at each quartile

An increase of women in the upper quartile (5%) has had a positive impact on our gender pay gap. All other quartiles have seen an increase in women of between 3 and 5%. Overall, women make up 36% of PSC employees (up 3%).



WHY IS DIVERSITY IMPORTANT?

- Diverse businesses create better outcomes for customers
- Diverse businesses create better business returns
- Diverse teams are more innovative and create more value
- Diverse firms are more attractive to potential and existing employees
- Companies which genuinely have diversity and inclusion as a business priority are more highly regarded

MEDIAN BONUS PAY GAP

The mean bonus pay gap is 10.7% (down 9.1%), but the median bonus pay gap is 42.9% (up 17.9%).

The reporting for the bonus pay gap must include all one-off payments which are subject to PAYE. This includes cash bonuses and shares at the point of exercise, rather than award.

	Official figure	Cash bonus	Cash bonus and share award
Mean bonus gap	10.7%	23.4%	18.2%
Median bonus gap	42.9%	42.5%	43.4%

Employees in the upper quartiles tend to have a higher target bonus percentage and share awards as part of their compensation package and, unusually for a private company, PIC runs a share scheme for all employees. As share exercise is a personal decision, this contributes to the variability of PSC's bonus pay gap each year.

These figures represent the actual bonus and shares awarded within the reporting period, so we are better able to track progress in closing our bonus pay gap.

ACTIONS WE ARE TAKING TO ADDRESS THE GENDER PAY GAP

	Current approach	Future developments
Recruiting talent	We require at least 30% of CVs from recruitment agencies to be from women	Track recruitment stages to ensure the 30% target is met throughout
Developing talent	A wide range of development opportunities available to all employees, including mentoring programmes	Develop career pathways for the different professions across PIC and offer wider mentoring opportunities
Developing managers and leaders	Our Management Development Programme is for all people managers. Our Aspiring Managers Programme has a 50/50 split	Leadership Development Programme to continue to have gender split which represent PIC population

PIC is the founding sponsor of the Actuarial Mentoring Programme ("AMP"), the highly successful mentoring scheme for female actuaries, run in conjunction with the Institute and Faculty of Actuaries ("IFoA"). Now in its fourth year, the AMP has provided mentoring for hundreds of female actuaries, with the aim of retaining them longer in the profession, improving diversity at senior levels of the profession, and helping to naturally close the gender pay gap within companies which have large numbers of actuaries, like PSC.





Weatherproof portfolio



£11.4bn

Total value of socially
beneficial investments

£1.3bn

Total invested in
renewable energy

£951m

Total invested in the
UK's education system



The portfolio is a high-quality, low-risk pool of assets built for the long term.”

The year has been dominated by the Covid-19 pandemic and the political and monetary responses to it. Despite this extraordinary background, the portfolio was resilient, with no defaults and only 0.4% of the credit portfolio (excluding gilts) being downgraded to sub-investment grade.

This sound performance reflects the cautious approach the team has taken, proactively reducing our exposure to high-risk sectors over the last few years.

PORTFOLIO HIGHLIGHTS OF THE YEAR

Our total portfolio increased by 21% to £49.6 billion, reflecting strong demand for pension risk transfer transactions. We continue to take a cautious approach to public credit markets and directly source high-quality direct debt investments that provide the cash flows to match our long-term pension payments.

— £1.8 billion of direct debt investments in the year, including:

- £463 million in social housing; and
- £587 million in renewable energy.

MARKET OVERVIEW

The pandemic and subsequent lockdowns have caused extreme market volatility, affecting the price and availability of secure, long-term assets across the globe, but this has been offset by the supportive measures from policymakers on an unprecedented scale.

The route to Brexit played a role in the volatility, as well as the heavily-contested US election.

PIC has continued its low-risk approach to managing the portfolio and the team had, in the last few years, been proactively reducing our exposure to high-risk sectors. The impact of Covid-19 created challenges during the first half of the year, however, the de-risking actions taken prior to 2020, including selling out of expensive, high-risk assets such as investments in more cyclical credit assets, resulted in a robust performance with no significant detrimental overall effect.

This approach meant we were well prepared for the challenges and market volatility and the portfolio has performed in line with its key purpose, which is to generate the long-term stable cash flows to pay our policyholders.

We have a strategic approach to the portfolio designed to deliver cash flows over the long term and withstand short-term macro-economic turbulence regardless of any specific external events or micro-economic factors including fluctuating interest rates, supply and demand. We call this approach “weatherproofing”. The portfolio is therefore a high-quality, low-risk pool of assets built for the long term.

RISK MANAGEMENT – CASH FLOW MATCHING

Our purpose means that we have liabilities that stretch out over the next 30, 40 and even 50 years. These are the guaranteed pension payments we make to our policyholders, so the assets we hold need to be secure, reliable, and matched to pay these pensions as they fall due. PIC’s portfolio is therefore selectively and carefully built to closely match these liabilities, whilst minimising risk.

As an insurer we operate within the Solvency II regulatory framework, which means that we are almost exclusively a fixed income investor, predominantly invested in government and investment grade corporate securities. Our short-term liabilities are backed by the small proportion of cash and liquidity funds we hold in the portfolio.

Our need for secure, predictable cash flows means that we are a risk-averse investor – we need to ensure that we are going to get a certain cash flow, rather than looking for growth. Our investments can be held for a long time – decades – so certainty and security are fundamental to the portfolio. While we have experienced considerable daily fluctuations in the price of our underlying assets during the year, these have little bearing on our overall performance because we have invested in instruments with stable cash flows, matched to our liabilities.

DEFAULTS AND DOWNGRADES

Our prudent portfolio selection has meant we have experienced no defaults and only 0.4% of the credit portfolio (excluding gilts) being downgraded to sub-investment grade. Our downgrade experience has been favourable compared to the overall market in 2020, as we have shielded the portfolio from high-risk cyclical sectors impacted by lockdown.



ASSET AND LIABILITY MANAGEMENT CONTINUED

The credit portfolio is composed of 99% in investment grade credit, with 63% within the A and triple A range of rated securities (2019: 61%) and only 36% within the B to triple B rated securities (2019: 38%).

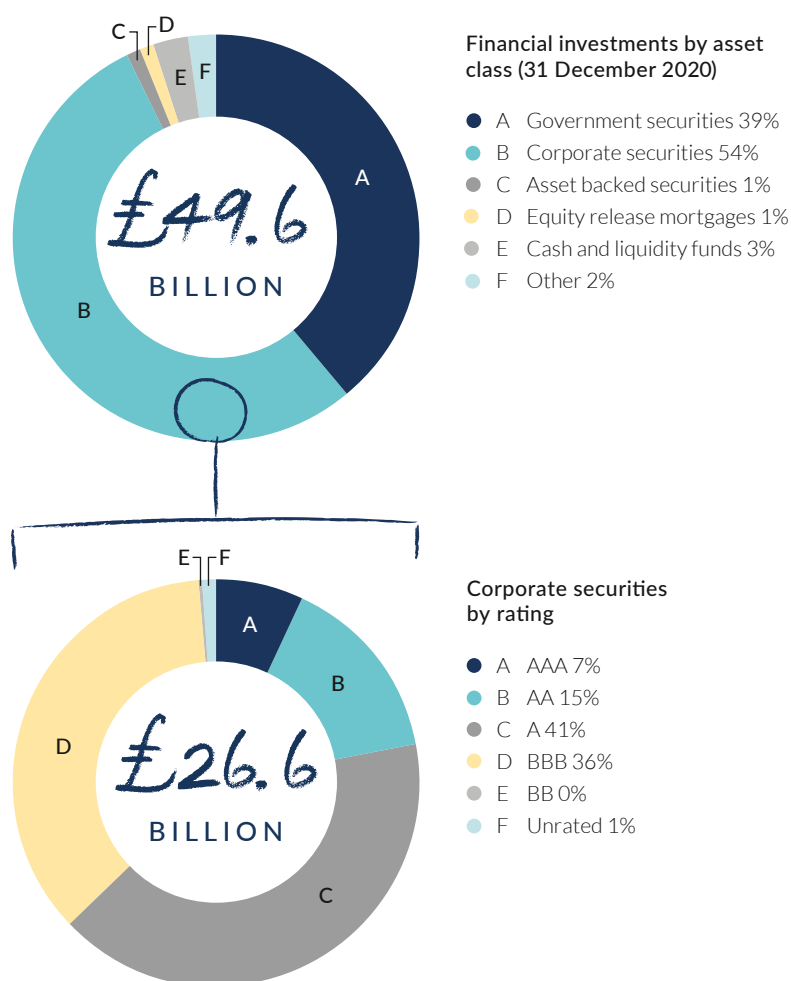
PIC AS A RESPONSIBLE INVESTOR

We continued to increase our focus on integrating Environmental, Social and Governance ("ESG") investment factors into our investment process. ESG risks have always been an inherent part of the credit investment process when assessing the suitability of long-term investments, and are a natural consequence of a focus on our purpose. In 2020, the Group invested a further £587 million in renewable energy and has committed to divesting from coal producers. We now have more invested in renewable energy than in oil & gas. See section on ESG on page 56.

PORTFOLIO BY SECTOR

The pie charts show the composition of our portfolio at year-end 2020. There has been little change in the overall weighting to each asset class, with 93% in government and corporate bonds. No single counterparty represents more than 1.7% (2019: 2.3%) of our total investments, except for the UK Government, which accounts for 18%. Within our directly-sourced, private placements, we hold 4% in UK social housing, and 3% in renewable energy. Around 2% is invested in the higher education sector.

We continue to manage most of our assets in-house, including gilts, supranational bonds and private debt. During the year we appointed an additional external asset manager, Wellington Management, with a £700 million US Municipal bond mandate. Wellington Management joins Schroders Investment Management, Janus Henderson Investors and JPMorgan Asset Management in looking after the portfolio backing our annuity liabilities across US, UK and emerging market debt.



Corporate securities by country/region of issuance

Country	Market value 2020 (£m)	Market value 2019 (£m)	2020 %	2019 %
UK	12,979	10,990	49	50
US	9,034	6,884	34	32
Europe (ex UK)	3,057	2,349	11	11
Rest of world	1,569	1,445	6	7
Total	26,639	21,668	100	100

Corporate securities by currency

Currency	Market value 2020 (£m)	Market value 2019 (£m)	2020 %	2019 %
GBP (£)	15,473	12,733	58	59
USD (\$)	10,436	8,741	39	40
EUR (€)	730	194	3	1
Total	26,639	21,668	100	100

Corporate securities split by industry sector

Sector	Market value 2020 (£m)	Market value 2019 (£m)	2020 %	2019 %
Financial	6,743	5,606	25.3	25.8
Utilities	3,676	2,878	13.8	13.2
Consumer, non-cyclical	3,102	2,430	11.6	11.2
Communications	2,714	1,877	10.2	8.7
Energy	791	1,441	3	6.7
Consumer, cyclical	631	645	2.4	3.0
Industrial	918	775	3.4	3.6
Basic materials	512	493	1.9	2.3
Technology	1,722	1,227	6.5	5.7
Diversified	67	62	0.3	0.3
Quasi-Government	35	34	0.1	0.2
Other	5,728	4,200	21.5	19.3
Total	26,639	21,668	100	100

PIC'S PRIVATE INVESTMENTS

Overview

PIC has a long and successful track record of investing in secure, long-term, privately-sourced debt that matches our liabilities in years when publicly available debt is scarce. Our dedicated in-house team of sector specialists works with borrowers to tailor financing arrangements that suit the long-term requirements of those seeking credit, and most importantly match the pension payments due to our policyholders.

To date, PIC has made £9.4 billion of these types of investments in areas covering renewable energy, social housing, education and the not-for-profit sector, helping green the economy, regenerate our cities and provide low-cost housing. These investments have a lasting impact on current and future generations.

The quality of our investments is extremely important, and PIC takes a thorough approach to assessing the credit-worthiness of each deal, giving due consideration to the risk profile, including ESG factors (see section on page 56), and how these are likely to play out during the decades-long period that the lending agreements typically cover. Our ongoing relationships are supported by a dedicated credit research team that manages the relationships once the initial investment is agreed.

As always, we are focused on the quality of the cash flows, rather than the relative performance of the investment.

Helping green the economy

The ability to source private investments has a crucial role to play in pricing pension risk transfer transactions. During 2020, we made £1.8 billion high-quality, secure direct debt investments. These investments will underpin the generation and our Build to Rent development in Manchester (see page 9 for details) is preserving, or creating, 650 jobs for the next three years, as a key part of the city centre undergoes regeneration. Our investments in privately-sourced debt make up 19% of our total portfolio.

2020 investments:

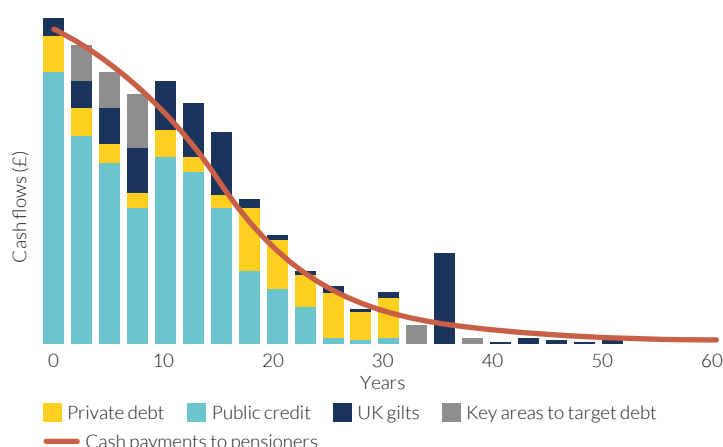
- £587 million in renewable energy debt.
- £40 million investment in the Royal College of Surgeons of England (see case study on page 55).
- £65 million in Trident Housing Association, and further loans to Pobl and Livin as part of long-term partnerships (see case study on page 10).
- In total, we completed 27 transactions.

PIC's experience and flexibility in structuring these transactions make us the lender of choice for many counterparties, some of whom are embarking on their first non-bank lending arrangement, and increasing numbers of whom are coming back to market for further funding tranches following an initial transaction. To date PIC has secured multiple lending deals with over 25 of our borrowers.

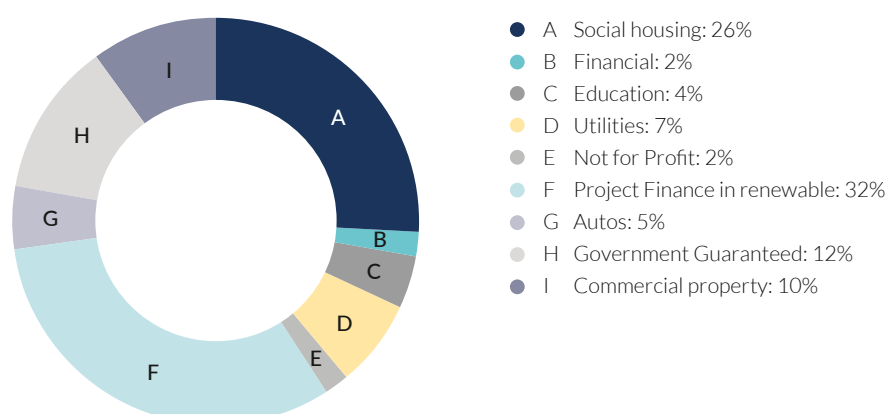
Borrowers enjoy the increased flexibility PIC can offer, including deferred drawdowns and bespoke terms. PIC has the advantage of being able to precisely match the maturity to our liabilities in years where cash flows are not readily available in the public bond markets. This helps to increase the security of the overall portfolio.

PRIVATE INVESTMENTS

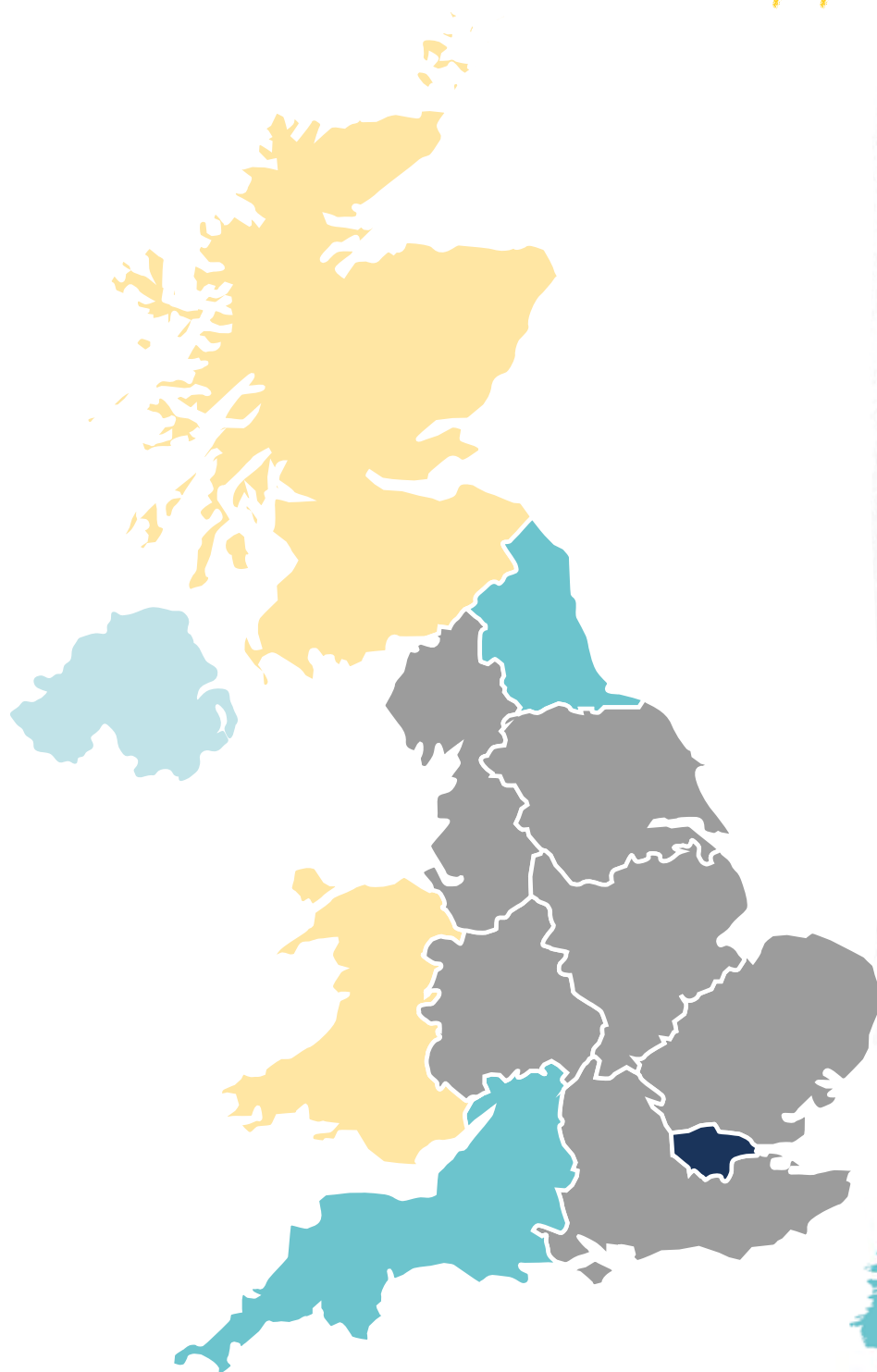
Finding cash flows for years with low levels of listed bonds in issuance



Breakdown by sector of private investments (2020)



UK private investments mapped



PIC is a long-term investor in UK infrastructure. This map shows the total value of PIC's direct debt investments across the UK*.

INVESTMENT PER REGION

- £0–250m
- £250m–500m
- £500m–750m
- £750m–1bn
- £1bn+

SECTORS INVESTED IN INCLUDE

Education
Not for profit
Project finance
Renewable energy
Social housing
Student accommodation
Utilities
Other

* This map includes our UK direct investments in core sectors where we can clearly identify the contribution to the UK.

£9.4bn

total investment to date

£1.8bn

total investment in 2020

Royal College of Surgeons of England debt investment

In November 2020 PIC invested £40 million in debt issued by the Royal College of Surgeons of England, to finance the final stages of the redevelopment of its flagship headquarters in Lincoln's Inn Fields, London.

The Grade II listed Barry Building is being redeveloped to create a fit-for-purpose building which reflects its function as a centre for surgical excellence. This investment, which benefits from a solid social purpose with activities undertaken by the College being of national importance and providing considerable public benefit, will transform the building into a state-of-the-art headquarters for training the next generation of surgeons, and help them to achieve and maintain the highest standards of surgical practice and patient care.



We are pleased to have secured this funding from PIC. The redevelopment will see the building transform from a sprawling warren of corridors, built in the aftermath of WWII, to a state-of-the-art training centre for future generations of surgeons, whilst retaining its historical significance.

It is the first time we have worked with an institutional investor and the PIC team showed great understanding and knowledge in structuring this investment to meet our needs."

Professor Neil Mortensen

President at the Royal College of Surgeons of England

30-year
investment term



Purposeful investments

What drives investments at PIC

- Focusing on our purpose, to pay the pensions of our current and future policyholders, means the consideration of Environmental, Social and Governance ("ESG") risk is integral to the investment process.
- The greater the socially beneficial outcomes of an investment, the higher likelihood of long-term stability, needed to back future pension payments.
- PIC now has more invested in renewable energy than in oil & gas.
- At a corporate level climate change risk has been incorporated into PIC's risk taxonomy covering physical, transition and liability risks.

Who is responsible for oversight of ESG risks at PIC?

PIC's Chief Investment Officer ("CIO") is the senior manager responsible for our ESG portfolio considerations.

To ensure that the risks and opportunities arising from climate change are adequately managed, PIC has appointed its Chief Risk Officer ("CRO") as the senior manager with responsibility for climate change.

Both the CIO and the CRO report to the CEO.

The Head of Fixed Income, who has overall responsibility for PIC's investments in investment grade corporate bonds, is responsible for the implementation of ESG by ensuring that these considerations are included in the overall investment process. At individual transaction level, responsibility for ESG considerations is owned by the Head of Credit Research and the external portfolio managers.

£1.3bn

total invested in renewables
(2012-2020)

As PIC's portfolio continues to grow, the Company has an increasingly visible and important role to play within the economy and society. The investments we make to secure the pensions of our policyholders for decades to come help green the economy, provide social housing, regenerate our cities, support our universities and benefit younger, and future, generations.

These are socially beneficial outcomes of an investment strategy tied closely to our purpose, which is to pay the pensions of our current and future policyholders. This means we need long-term, secure cash flows: the starting point for addressing all opportunities and risks within our asset portfolio, including those associated with Environmental, Social and Governance ("ESG") factors.

PIC's portfolio consists of £37.1 billion invested in listed debt, with £9.4 billion of the portfolio invested in private debt, which we have sourced directly. PIC only invests in debt, in order to match its pension liabilities, a function of the insurance regulatory framework, Solvency II, and we consequently do not hold any equities.

This is a significant differentiating factor when reviewing the investment and ESG strategies of life insurers, like PIC, compared to other asset owners, such as pension schemes.

All of PIC's key external asset managers are signatories to the United Nations' Principles for Responsible Investment ("UNPRI"). PIC is also a signatory in its own right. Figure 1 on page 58 shows the UNPRI's introduction to responsible investment. Using this table as a guide, and as resolved by PIC's Board, PIC's ESG strategy is to "integrate" ESG risks into investment decisions and "engage" with our investments in the bilateral debt portfolio.

Our approach has always been to have our expert credit analysts do the detailed risk analysis for credit-investment decisions, because they have the most knowledge of specific issuers. These analysts consequently have responsibility for considering ESG risks alongside other risks. However, every member of the Investments team is expected to consider ESG factors when reviewing an investment opportunity. This means our analysis process is forward looking, and takes into consideration the risks to potential investments over many decades.

PIC also retains a leading independent consultant, Sustainalytics, to provide a risk-based methodology with which to assess investments on ESG criteria.

It is worth noting that there are variations in ESG methodologies, frameworks and reporting, which lead to inconsistencies and difficulties in measuring and comparing non-financial performance and this is something we are seeking to resolve within the portfolio.



OUR ENVIRONMENTAL, SOCIAL AND GOVERNANCE APPROACH CONTINUED



FIGURE 1

CONSIDERING ESG ISSUES WHEN BUILDING A PORTFOLIO (known as: ESG incorporation)			IMPROVING INVESTEEES' ESG PERFORMANCE (known as: active ownership or stewardship)	
ESG issues can be incorporated into existing investment practices using a combination of three approaches: integration, screening and thematic			Investors can encourage the companies they are already invested in to improve their ESG risk management or develop more sustainable business practices	
Integration	Screening	Thematic	Engagement	Proxy voting
Explicitly and systematically including ESG issues in investment analysis and decisions, to better manage risks and improve returns	Applying filters to lists of potential investments to rule companies in or out of contention for investment, based on an investor's preferences, values or ethics	Seeking to combine attractive risk return profiles with an intention to contribute to a specific environmental or social outcome. Includes impact investing	Discussing ESG issues with companies to improve their handling, including disclosure, of such issues. Can be done individually, or in collaboration with other investors	Formally expressing approval or disapproval through voting on resolutions and proposing shareholder resolutions on specific ESG issues

<https://www.unpri.org/an-introduction-to-responsible-investment/an-introduction-to-responsible-investment-screening/5834.article>

HOW INTEGRATION AFFECTS PORTFOLIO DECISIONS

PIC's integration approach, anchored in our purpose, has meant an increasingly risk-averse stance to certain sectors within the portfolio over the past couple of years, and a consequent evolution of the portfolio away from certain carbon intensive industries, including automotive, oil & gas and thermal coal. Indeed, we committed to divest from thermal coal during the year (see case study on page 61), and this will have reduced the portfolio's carbon footprint.

At the same time, the integration approach has also led to a more positive approach to other carbon-friendly sectors, such as renewable energy. For example, PIC invested £467 million in solar in 2020, building on a number of previous transactions, including the first ever UK publicly listed solar finance bond, in 2012.

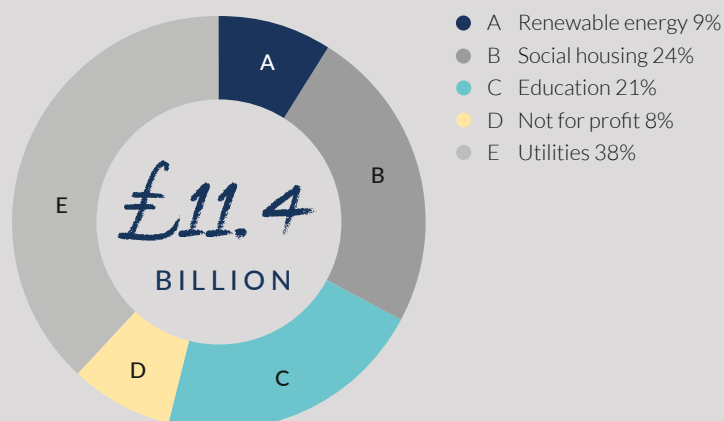
PIC has increased its investment in renewable energy in 2020, not because we have specific allocations to any sectors, but as an outcome of focusing on our long-term liabilities and integrating ESG risks into the investment process.

This strategy helps us navigate the challenges faced by long-term investors with fixed liabilities:

- The cost of exiting specific positions matched to future liabilities (transition risk) is a factor that needs careful consideration as part of a dynamic strategy.
- The global energy transition will be disruptive and costly. If the UK is to reduce all greenhouse gas emissions to net zero by 2050, then a significant, proactive response is required from asset owners and regulators.

Overlying these factors will be considerations of market dynamics and relative market value, specifically the cost of exiting these positions and the risk of maintaining the same positions, and the regulatory factors that make it hard for us to invest in new, emerging technologies. For example, it is difficult to access direct exposure to new technologies via investment grade bonds.

Breakdown of socially beneficial investments



INTERNALLY MANAGED PORTFOLIO

We manage two parts of our portfolio internally: risk free assets and bilateral, or privately-sourced, debt investments. ESG factors are fundamental considerations for our privately-sourced debt investments, because they are very long term in nature.

The Head of Credit Research is responsible for the implementation of ESG integration for these assets.

We engage with the management of these investments to understand their ESG risks and help them manage a variety of potential long-term disruptions, as well as encouraging better governance and transparency in reporting. There are specific initiatives in which we are involved on this front, such as the Good Economy's "Building a Sector Standard Approach for ESG Reporting" for social housing. PIC is a founding member (see case study on page 63).

Engagement can also include considerations of how the borrower balances the needs of all stakeholders, including employees; the composition of the borrower's board and senior management team; its ability to develop and execute short-and long-range plans; their approach to enterprise risk management and oversight based on business complexity; how it approaches issues related to climate change; and the borrower's ability and willingness to measure performance and implement change based on internal objectives or shifts in the competitive landscape.

Considerations about the viability of the borrower over the coming decades also require us to consider the impact of climate change on their ability to repay the debt. For example, exposure to flood risk and the carbon emissions of their housing stock are key considerations for social housing providers.

Our bilateral, long-term relationships with these borrowers allow us to engage with them extremely closely to understand their ESG awareness.



This is another significant investment in renewable energy by PIC and it signals their confidence in us and in the strength of the underlying asset. We continue to be impressed by PIC's flexibility and thorough understanding of the market."

Manuel Espinosa

from Q-Energy, a leading European investor and asset manager in the renewable energy sector, following a £277 million investment in eight solar parks located in Spain, June 2020



Purposeful investments

PIC NOW HAS INVESTED MORE IN RENEWABLE ENERGY THAN IN OIL & GAS

The changing shape of the portfolio demonstrates that the integration of ESG considerations into the selection and management of assets, as a consequence of a focus on a wider purpose, can evolve a portfolio in line with the changing needs of society.

In practice this means that we have taken an increasingly risk-averse stance to certain carbon-intensive sectors over the past couple of years, such as automotive and oil & gas, as well as an increasingly positive stance to greener investments, like renewable energy in response to developing policy and market signals:

- During 2020 we reduced our exposure in the portfolio to oil & gas by £500 million.
- During 2020 we increased our investments in renewable energy by £587 million.
- PIC also put a plan in place to divest from thermal coal (see next case study).

This is partly being driven by the potential economic impact: the desire for a rapid transition away from carbon fuels is now driving government policy in the UK and around the world. In anticipation of this shift, investors are selling down positions, so tipping the relative market balance towards investments in greener sectors and technologies. Sourcing investment grade bonds in new technologies remains a challenge.

Long-term investors face challenges:

- The cost of exiting specific positions matched to future liabilities (transition risk) is a factor that needs careful consideration as part of an overall integration strategy.
- What is clear is that the global energy transition will be disruptive and costly. If the Paris Agreement goal of limiting global temperatures to a two degree rise relative to the pre-industrial average is to be met, then significant action is required.

£587m

increase in investments
in renewable energy

Environment

DIVESTMENT FROM THERMAL COAL

During 2020 we informed our investment managers that they should divest our remaining holdings in companies which rely on either the extraction or the burning of coal for more than 10% of turnover, by the end of 2025.

This policy is rooted in PIC's purpose: we believe that coal is not viable in the long term as a source of energy due to its high pollution levels, and therefore there is a real risk that cash flows generated from coal extraction or burning will not be sustainable over the long term, and as a consequence bonds issued by the sector might perform poorly.

The factors that we considered as part of this decision were as follows:

- 1) Potential carbon taxes on coal-burning companies.
This is a growing possibility as the cost of climate change is increasingly factored into energy production.
- 2) The potential for legal action taken against companies by activists and others. For example, the New York City Pension Funds filed a lawsuit in 2018 against the five largest investor-owned fossil fuel companies as measured by their contributions to global warming, for the "billions of dollars the city will spend to protect New Yorkers from the effects of climate change".
- 3) The likelihood of other investors selling down positions.
As ESG considerations become more urgent there will be changes to the supply and demand dynamic, causing downgrades or defaults in corporate debt linked to the sector.

Taken together, these considerations mean that these cash flows cannot be guaranteed and are therefore not able to help us meet our purpose. We are also delighted that this action has a positive impact on climate change.



Social

SUPPORTING OUR DIRECT BORROWERS THROUGH THE CRISIS

In June 2020, at the height of the crisis over university admissions and questions about the viability of university business models as a result of the pandemic, PIC wrote to those universities to which we have lent money on a long-term basis, to reassure them that: “In line with our wider stakeholder responsibilities, we will do everything we can to help where a high-quality borrower is willing and able to pay its debt...in the interests of students, the wider university sector, our policyholders and our wider stakeholders.”

PIC’s rationale for this approach is based on the following key points:

- We are a long-term investor with a buy and hold approach and a desire to foster and maintain strong relationships, so are keen to invest time and effort working with partners in the sector to ensure long-term stability, which is in the interests of students, the university sector, our policyholders and other stakeholders, and society more generally.
- We remain satisfied that the institutions to which we have lent money remain high-quality, and that long-term demand for their offering will remain strong.
- We are a growing business, keen to deploy more capital in the higher education space to highly rated universities. We have invested about £2 billion in the sector to date, financing the development of better teaching facilities and student accommodation.



Governance

DEVELOPING STANDARDS OF GOVERNANCE ACROSS THE SOCIAL HOUSING SECTOR

PIC has invested in social housing debt since 2012, and has worked with more than 40 housing associations, lending more than £2 billion in aggregate, managed as part of our internal portfolio. In 2020, PIC was a sponsor of the Good Economy's "Building a Sector Standard Approach for ESG Reporting" for social housing and was a member of the working group that developed this report.

ESG risk factors have been fundamental considerations for us, and other debt investors, when considering privately-sourced debt investments, such as social housing, especially because they are long-dated and illiquid. So, as more long-term investors have worked with the sector, housing associations have been encouraged through the due diligence process to develop their strategies and business models, looking in detail in particular at areas like governance.

In both 2019 and 2020, PIC surveyed all the housing associations to which we have lent money on a bilateral basis. The results of these surveys show that these housing associations have been working to strengthen their corporate governance, not least because they are increasingly aware of the risks presented by climate change, and are starting to set out their long-term objectives and plans.

This increased due diligence is beneficial for the sector as a whole, although it is not uniform across all housing associations. Improved levels of governance make the sector more focused on tenant outcomes and the needs of stakeholders, and therefore better equipped to attract future funds.

Typical areas of focus when reviewing a housing association's ESG arrangements are:

- the composition of an obligor's board and senior management team;
- the challenges faced in ensuring the Group achieves its objectives while maintaining its social responsibility;
- how it assesses climate risk in its decision making; and
- the obligor's ability and willingness to measure performance (both financial and non-financial) and implement change based on internal objectives or shifts in the competitive landscape.

PIC was delighted therefore to be a sponsor of the Good Economy's initiative and to be part of the working group which brought together a range of banks, investors and housing associations to build a consensus over ESG reporting in the sector. Standardisation of ESG reporting allows housing associations to bring transparency, consistency and comparability to their ESG credentials. The Good Economy's aim for the sector "has been to unlock a new wave of investment to enable the sector to deliver high-quality, affordable social housing", an aim we fully support.





A resilient financial performance



£49.6bn

Financial investments

157%

Solvency II ratio

	2020 £m	2019 £m
Gross premiums written	5,649	7,186
Adjusted operating profit before tax	382	824
Profit before tax	276	394
Solvency II ratio (%)	157%	164%
Embedded value	4,964	3,874
Financial investments	49,648	40,886

I am pleased to present the financial results of the Group for what has been an extraordinary and challenging year, both financially and non-financially. Despite turbulent market conditions and the uncertainty caused by both the Covid-19 pandemic and Brexit, the Group has shown resilience and remains financially strong and profitable with a solvency ratio of 157% and profit before tax of £276 million in the year, whilst increasing the prudent margins contained in the IFRS reserves to £3.2 billion.

The main financial consequences of the on-going Covid-19 pandemic were in respect of market volatility in the early part of 2020, and the financial impacts of government and central bank support across the globe. These interventions led to significant falls in interest rates and significant volatility of credit spreads following the disruption seen in March 2020.

Against this volatile backdrop, our credit portfolio was resilient, with no defaults. Whilst there were a relatively small number of downgrades within the Investment Grade bandings, there were virtually no downgrades to sub-investment grade, with the entire sub-investment grade credit portfolio accounting for only 1% of the portfolio (2019: 2%). This outcome reflects the actions taken to proactively reduce our exposure to high risk assets and sectors over the last few years, resulting in an average credit rating of A.

The Group wrote £5.6 billion of new business premiums which, while lower than 2019 (£7.2 billion), was in line with our historic market share.

Profit before tax of £276 million was lower than 2019 (£394 million) primarily due to a lower contribution from new business and a lower positive impact from changes in valuation assumptions compared to the prior year. The results were negatively impacted by downgrades of a small proportion of the asset portfolio over the year, as well as a number of management actions which were taken to improve the resilience of the balance sheet and protect against further market volatility but which incurred a short term cost.

CORPORATE ACTIVITY

On 27 January 2020, the Group announced its intention to raise £750 million of new equity capital from its existing shareholders. This was successfully completed in the year with two drawdowns of £450 million in February and £300 million in September. This demonstrated a strong belief in the Group's vision, purpose and business model with our policyholders at the forefront of what we do.

The Group further strengthened its regulatory capital position by issuing two Tier 2 subordinated notes in the year; for £300 million with a coupon of 4.625% in May and for £400 million with a coupon of 3.625% in October, taking advantage of very strong market conditions to issue debt at historically low spreads.

On 23 October 2020, Fitch Ratings affirmed the Group's regulated subsidiary, Pension Insurance Corporation PLC's ("PIC"), Insurer Financial Strength Rating at 'A+' (Strong) and Long-Term Issuer Default Rating at 'A'. Both outlooks were affirmed at 'Stable'.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

Statement of comprehensive income highlights

	2020 £m	2019 £m
Gross premiums written	5,649	7,186
Net premium revenue earned	5,132	7,136
Investment return (including commissions earned)	4,091	3,063
Total revenue	9,223	10,199
Net claims paid	(1,683)	(1,388)
Change in net insurance liabilities	(6,997)	(8,199)
Operating expenses	(194)	(157)
Finance costs	(73)	(61)
Total claims and expenses	(8,947)	(9,805)
Profit before taxation	276	394
Tax charge	(54)	(75)
Profit after tax	222	319

CHIEF FINANCIAL OFFICER'S REVIEW CONTINUED

Premiums

Gross premiums written have decreased from £7,186 million in 2019 to £5,649 million in 2020 as a result of reduced market activity in the pension risk transfer market when compared to 2019 and our continued pricing discipline. The Group completed seven new business transactions during the year (2019: fifteen). We continue to be selective in underwriting those risks where we expect to generate an adequate return within our risk appetite.

Net premiums earned represent the gross premiums written less premiums ceded to reinsurers. Premiums ceded to reinsurers increased due to the completion of a quota share reinsurance agreement covering approximately £450 million of liabilities. Eight (2019: ten) new reinsurance transactions concluded in 2020.

Investment return

Investment return comprises interest received on fixed income securities, and the realised and unrealised gains or losses on financial investments.

Interest income increased from £923 million in 2019 to £1,027 million in 2020, reflecting the growth in the investment portfolio during the year.

The net movement in the fair value of assets, including realised and unrealised items, was a gain of £3,110 million compared with a gain of £2,126 million in 2019. This comprises realised gains of £634 million (2019: £290 million) and unrealised gains of £2,476 million (2019: £1,836 million). The unrealised gains recognised in 2020 are primarily due to lower risk free rates.

It is important to note that changes in the fair value of assets are largely offset by changes in the insurance liabilities, such that the difference in investment return between 2019 and 2020 does not then flow through to profit before tax.

Claims paid

Net claims paid comprises of gross claims paid, which are pension payments to our policyholders, less any payments received from reinsurers. Net claims paid increased from £1,388 million in 2019 to £1,683 million in 2020, reflecting the increase in the size of the insurance book during the year.

Statement of financial position review

Statement of financial position extract	2020 £m	2019 £m
Financial investments	49,648	40,886
Derivative assets	21,936	14,626
Reinsurance assets	2,773	2,598
Gross insurance liabilities	(44,835)	(37,663)
Derivative liabilities	(24,340)	(16,731)
Total equity	4,167	3,215

Change in net insurance liabilities

Change in net insurance liabilities represents the change in the gross insurance liabilities less the movement in reinsurance assets.

Change in net insurance liabilities mainly reflects the increase in the number of pensioners by 48,400 to 273,500 and market movements, principally the fall in risk free rates seen in the year, partially offset by the impact of actuarial assumptions changes.

Operating expenses

Total operating expenses were £194 million in 2020 compared to £157 million in 2019. This includes project spend of £45 million (2019: £31 million) to support the forthcoming introduction of the new IFRS 17 accounting standard, as well as spend on new asset and policy data systems. Excluding these project costs, the remaining increase is broadly in line with the growth of the business.

Finance costs

Finance costs represent the interest payable on borrowings. The £72 million expense in 2020 (2019: £61 million) represents the interest payable on the five (2019: three) subordinated debt securities issued by PIC, the Group's main trading entity. The Restricted Tier 1 ("RT1") debt issued in July 2019 has been accounted as equity under IFRS and as such interest on these notes is not included in finance costs and instead is recognised as dividends when paid. The increase in finance costs during the year reflects the two new debt issues in 2020.

Tax charge

The Group's tax strategy is to ensure compliance with applicable tax laws, regulations and disclosure requirements and to pay the correct amount of tax.

The Group aims to be transparent in its tax disclosures and seeks to build and maintain a constructive relationship with the relevant tax authorities at all times. The Group had an effective corporation tax rate of 19% during 2020 (2019: 19%). During the year, the Group paid a total of £118 million (2019: £92 million) in respect of corporation, payroll related and value added taxes.

At the end of 2020, the Group had total financial investments of £49.6 billion, compared with £40.9 billion at the end of 2019. The increase of £8.7 billion during 2020 was largely due to new business written of £5.6 billion, the equity and debt raised in the year of £1.45 billion and market movements, with the fall in risk free rates increasing investment values, as well as those of our insurance liabilities. The assets in which the Group invests are carefully chosen in order to match the policyholder obligations that they are designed to pay. Our investment strategy is to select assets that generate cash flows to match our future claims payments in both timing and amount. This means that the value of our assets and liabilities should move broadly in tandem as factors such as interest and inflation rates change.

During the year, we continued to carefully manage the credit quality of our investment portfolio. This helped to ensure that the Group did not experience any defaults in 2020 and that downgrades to sub-investment grade credit were kept to a minimum at 0.4% of the credit portfolio (excluding gilts).

Such de-risking does incur a short term cost but the Group's view is that this cost is worth bearing given the uncertain market environment and the expectation of better investment opportunities in due course.

The increase in the reinsurance assets during the year reflects primarily our new quota share reinsurance arrangement completed during the year and the impact of falling interest rates. In 2020, the Group reinsured longevity exposure on £6.6 billion of reserves, and at 31 December 2020, 84% of the Group's gross longevity related reserves had been reinsured (2019: 81%). The Group has 14 reinsurance counterparties, all of which have a credit rating of A or above.

Whilst our overall investment return (which comprises both investment income received and changes in the market value of assets) in 2020 was positive, this was offset by corresponding increases in our liability valuations.

The increase in insurance liabilities in 2020 reflects the addition of new business liabilities and movements in economic factors during the year, notably lower interest rates, offset by claims paid and the impact of changes in actuarial assumptions for longevity and expenses.

Gross derivative assets and derivative liabilities have both increased significantly during the year, by £7.3 billion and £7.6 billion respectively. The net increase in the year across all derivative assets and liabilities was £299 million. The Group uses derivatives to hedge out certain market risks, in particular inflation, interest rates and currency risks associated with both new and existing business. The increase in the gross derivative asset and liability balances is as a result of new business written in the year and market movements. It should be noted that all derivative contracts are fully collateralised through the use of a custodian, and as such present little market risk in the event of a derivative counterparty default.

Total equity has increased by £952 million mainly due to the £750 million equity raise completed in the year and after-tax profits during the year.

Alternative profit measures

In addition to the statutory results presentation outlined on page 65, the Group also chooses to analyse its IFRS results on an alternative performance metric, 'Adjusted Operating Profit', which is a non-GAAP measure of performance intended to provide an appropriate assessment of the long term nature of the business. This basis better reflects the long-term trading activities of the Group than the IFRS reported profit before taxation.

Adjusted operating profit has been defined to reflect the activities which are core to the Group's business, and to reflect the management choices and decisions around those activities. These encompass the writing and management of pension insurance contracts, the management of risk through reinsurance, and the day-to-day investment and management of the insurance assets and liabilities.

The following table takes all the items in the IFRS income statement and apportions them between various categories which the Group believes gives a better alignment with the activities of the business.

The Group's adjusted operating profit before tax was £382 million, a decrease of £442 million from 2019. This was primarily due to a lower contribution from new business written in 2020 compared with 2019, updates to historic policy data and lower one-off reserve releases from changes to valuation assumptions compared with 2019.

More detail on the main components of Adjusted operating profit are set out below.

	2020 £m	2019 £m
Return from operations	274	301
New business and reinsurance surplus	31	245
Net release from operations	305	546
Changes in valuation assumptions	292	358
Experience and other variances	(97)	12
Finance costs	(73)	(61)
Project costs	(45)	(31)
Adjusted operating profit before tax	382	824
Investment related variances	(106)	(430)
Profit before taxation	276	394



CHIEF FINANCIAL OFFICER'S REVIEW CONTINUED

Net release from operations

This item comprises the returns arising from the management of the Group's assets and liabilities. This is derived by using assumptions about long term returns on the underlying investment portfolio backing liabilities, and on the surplus assets of the Group.

It also includes the impact on profit of writing new pension risk transfer contracts based on target asset mix assumptions and the impact of entering into new contracts of reinsurance.

Net release from operations of £305 million in 2020 was £241 million lower than 2019. Within this figure, Return from operations of £274 million was lower than 2019 (£301 million) mainly reflecting a lower assumed longer term rate of return due to the fall in interest rates seen in the year.

New business and Reinsurance surplus of £31 million was also lower than 2019 (£245 million). This fall was caused by lower new business volumes, a different mix of business and less profitable, on an IFRS basis, reinsurance contracts. A higher initial expense strain incurred within new business was offset in the year by a reserve release in Changes in Valuation Assumptions, reflecting a significant number of new policies added during the year. Reinsurance transactions in 2020 covered £6.6 billion of liabilities compared to £8.3 billion of liabilities reinsured in 2019.

Changes in valuation assumptions

The Group focuses on long-term profitability, which is achieved by setting prudent assumptions in respect of the in-force liabilities and new business acquired during the year. These assumptions are regularly reviewed to ensure that they reflect the characteristics of our book and wider market practice.

As part of the 2020 routine review of assumptions, the Group updated its assumptions in respect of longevity and expenses resulting in a total reserve release of £292 million. In 2019, total reserve releases of £358 million were in respect to changes in assumptions for expenses and defaults on bonds.

Following a review of mortality experience, the Group has chosen to adopt the S3 series mortality tables published by the Continuous Mortality Investigation ("CMI") for the base mortality assumption. In addition, following a review of the appropriateness of continuing to use the CMI 2016 mortality improvement tables, it has been decided that it would be more appropriate to use the CMI 2019 mortality improvement tables which reflect mortality related improvement trends to the end of 2019. The changes in mortality related assumptions gave rise to a release of reserves of £217 million. It is unclear as to whether Covid-19 will materially impact our longevity assumptions and it is too early to know what the long term impact might be. As a result, we have not made any changes as a result of the ongoing Covid-19 pandemic.

The expense assumption for maintaining all policies until their expected end date was updated to take account of efficiency savings, reflecting the increased policy count in the year and management actions to control costs. Expense related assumption changes contributed £73 million.

There were a number of smaller assumption and model refinements made during the course of the year, which in total provided a net £2 million benefit to pre-tax profits.

Prudent margins

There exist significant prudent margins within the IFRS basis in respect of key underlying assumptions such as longevity, asset defaults and expenses and the discount rate applied to liabilities. These prudent margins represent the difference between the policy liabilities as measured under IFRS and those as measured under the Solvency II regulations. Notwithstanding the changes to assumptions made in 2020 resulting in a release of reserves, there remains total prudent margins of £3.2 billion at 31 December 2020 (31 December 2019: £2.5 billion).

These prudent margins are expected to be released over the long term and recognised as profits. They are essentially a future store of value that will emerge should our best estimate assumptions turn out to be correct.

Experience and other variances

Experience variances, which reflect both the actual claims experience in the period compared to the expected amounts and the impacts of data updates on underlying policyholder information, gave rise to a loss of £97 million in 2020 (2019: gain of £12 million). The data updates variance (£46 million) primarily relates to the automation of data extracts from source systems for one particularly large and complex scheme. This is expected to be a one-off impact in 2020.

Finance costs and other costs

Finance costs of £73 million in 2020 were £12 million higher than 2019. This was due to the two new Tier 2 debt issues in 2020 of £300 million in May and £400 million in October by the Group's subsidiary, PIC.

Project costs in 2020 totalled £45 million (2019: £31 million). This increase reflects the increased spend in the period on IFRS 17 and other business-wide projects.

Investment related variances

Investment related losses were £106 million in the year compared to a loss of £430 million in 2019.

Adjusted operating profit before tax is based on the expected long term investment returns which are calculated using management assumptions of the returns on the assets backing policyholder and shareholder funds with an allowance for the corresponding expected movements in liabilities. The long-term rates of return earned on excess assets are derived with reference to the expected longer term yield of the underlying assets. Profit before tax includes the actual investment returns earned in the period on assets backing insurance liabilities and surplus assets. Actual investment returns in the year, on a mark to market basis, will be expected to differ from the expected longer term returns due to short term impacts from market movements. The difference between the actual and the expected long-term rates of return, coupled with the impact of changes in economic assumptions on liabilities and the difference between the short-term actual asset mix and the expected long-term asset mix on new business transactions during the year are included within investment related variances, outside of adjusted operating profit before tax.

The Group carefully manages its risk to market and other economic factors and enters into derivative hedging contracts to manage these exposures in accordance to its risk appetite. The Group's hedging strategy is primarily designed to manage risk in the solvency balance sheet, and there exists a mismatch between this hedging strategy and the IFRS balance sheet. This mismatch, and the resulting volatility, is included within the investment related variance line. The impact of downgrades and management actions which were taken to improve the resilience of the balance sheet are also both included here.

Expense ratio

The expense ratio is a measure of the operating efficiency of the Group and reflects operating expenses as a percentage of closing financial investments. This metric is a key performance indicator (KPI) which aligns to one of the strategic objectives of the Group, to maintain a scalable business model that optimises internal and external resources.

The expense ratio at 31 December 2020 was in line with the ratio at the end of 2019 at 0.37% (2019: 0.37%). Higher project spend reflecting the continued investment in the business and an increase in operating expenses reflecting business growth were broadly in line with the growth in financial investments in the year.

Return on equity

Return on equity is a measure of the after tax profits on a 12 month rolling basis in relation to average equity (excluding Restricted Tier 1 capital). This metric is another one of the Group's KPI's which aligns to the strategic objective of delivering attractive risk-adjusted total shareholder returns.

Return on equity at 31 December 2020 decreased to 6.8% (2019: 12.2%) reflecting the lower profit in 2020 compared to 2019 coupled with the increase in equity over the period.

CAPITAL AND SOLVENCY

As mentioned above the Group successfully completed a £750 million equity raise from existing shareholders in the year, along with two additional Tier 2 subordinated debt issues totalling £700 million. This brings the total nominal value of Tier 2 subordinated notes to £1.6 billion and the nominal value of the total debt including Restricted Tier 1 (RT1) notes to £2.05 billion.

Following the issue of the equity and debt during the year, the Group's leverage remained within external ratings and internal risk management limits.

PIC, the regulated subsidiary of the Group, is required to comply with the Solvency II regulatory framework. Solvency II requires firms to follow either a prescribed approach to calculating required regulatory capital (the standard formula approach), or to apply to the PRA to use an "internal model" developed by the company but subject to comprehensive review and approval by the regulator.

PIC has PRA approval to apply an internal model, which is a better reflection of the risk profile of the Company's business than the standard formula approach.

The Company has complied with the Solvency Capital Requirements under Solvency II as set out in the relevant PRA rules throughout the year (see Note 21 to the financial statements). At 31 December 2020, PIC's unaudited Solvency II ratio was 157% (2019: 164%) and it had surplus funds of £2,449 million (31 December 2019: £1,890 million) in excess of its Solvency Capital Requirements (SCR) as calculated by the internal model. Despite the impact of adverse market conditions and significant new business volumes written in 2020, a combination of additional debt and equity capital and effective underwriting, reinsurance and capital management ensured that our Solvency II ratio remained robust.



CHIEF FINANCIAL OFFICER'S REVIEW CONTINUED

	Dec 2020 unaudited £m	Dec 2019 £m
PIC Solvency		
Own Funds	6,710	4,844
Solvency II capital requirements	(4,261)	(2,954)
Solvency II surplus	2,449	1,890
Solvency ratio (%)	157%	164%
Matching adjustment (%)	1.062%	1.156%
	Dec 2020 unaudited £m	Dec 2019 £m
PIC Adjusted equity own funds		
Own Funds	6,710	4,844
Deduct RT1 and Tier 2 own funds	(2,148)	(1,447)
Shareholder equity own funds	4,562	3,397
Add net Risk Margin	1,353	1,107
Adjusted equity own funds	5,915	4,504

Adjusted equity own funds ("AEOF") is another KPI of the Group. This metric is a measure of the strategic objective to grow the value of the business on a focused, secure and sustainable basis. AEOF increased to £5,915 million at 31 December 2020 from £4,504 million at 31 December 2019. This increase was primarily due to additional equity capital, market movements and surplus emerging in the year.

The risk margin is a regulatory component of the Solvency II balance sheet that is intended to reflect the potential cost of transferring unhedged or unhedgeable insurance obligations to a third party. The Transitional Measures on the introduction of Solvency II, allowed insurers to smooth the impact of the introduction of Solvency II rules over a 16 year period from 1 January 2016, subject to periodic recalculation.

The net Risk Margin comprises a Risk Margin of £2.4 billion (31 December 2019 £2.0 billion) less the impact of Transitional Measures of £1.1 billion (31 December 2019 £0.9 billion).

The Matching Adjustment ("MA") is the benefit obtained from having a portfolio of assets backing policyholder liabilities that is yielding greater than the risk-free curve specified within the Solvency II regulations. For 2020 the MA was 1.062% (2019: 1.156%). The decrease in the year is primarily driven by de-risking in the asset portfolio and spread narrowing.

Key solvency sensitivities

PIC uses various management tools to mitigate the impact of market fluctuations and manage its financial position:

- New business is only transacted provided it meets the Group's financial return targets.
- New Business is only written if the Group has sufficient capital resources to ensure on-going financial security for its existing policyholders

The group uses hedging to partially mitigate risk to the business:

- Interest rate, inflation and foreign exchange risks are hedged using market instruments.
- Longevity risk is managed through reinsurance. The key sensitivities to which PIC's regulatory solvency balance sheet are exposed, and their impact on the reported solvency ratio, are shown below:

	31 December 2020	31 December 2019
As Reported	157%	164%
100 bps increase in interest rates ¹	3.9%	21.3%
100 bps reduction in interest rates ¹	(12.6)%	(25.5)%
100 bps increase in credit spreads ¹	(1.0)%	9.4%
100 bps reduction in credit spreads ¹	(14.8)%	(22.7)%
20% credit downgrade ²	(11.1)%	(7.7)%
5% reduction in base mortality ³	(6.7)%	(7.4)%

All sensitivities allow for a transitional measure for technical provisions recalculation ("TMTP").

Notes:

- 1 For the interest rate and credit spread sensitivities, due to the nature and size of the impact, the recalculation of the TMTP results in a different test biting and causes asymmetry of the results.
- 2 Shows an immediate full letter downgrade on 20% of all assets where the capital treatment depends on a credit rating. Downgraded assets are assumed to be traded to the original credit rating, so the impact is primarily a reduction in Own Funds from the loss of value on downgrade. The impact of the sensitivity will depend upon the market levels of spreads at the balance sheet date.
- 3 Equivalent to a 0.4-year increase in life expectancy from 22.8 years to 23.2 years for a typical male aged 65.

EMBEDDED VALUE (EV) RESULTS

The Group prepares an embedded value analysis under the European Insurance CFO Forum Market Consistent Embedded Value Principles issued in April 2016. The starting point is the Solvency II balance sheet to which is added an estimate of the after-tax value that is expected to emerge in the future from the release of the prudent margins built into the actuarial valuation of the in-force business. Further adjustments to the regulatory balance sheet are made in respect of the subordinated loan notes, frictional cost of capital and cost of residual non-hedgeable risks to arrive at a more appropriate quantification of the Group's value.

At 31 December 2020, the Group's EV increased to £4,964 million from £3,874 million at the end of 2019. The increase is primarily due to the issue of £750 million of equity capital in year, the impact of writing £5.6 billion of profitable new business in 2020, and modelling adjustments. The fair value of PIC's issued debt increased by £198 million in the year, over and above the nominal amount issued in the period. This £198 million increase in fair value is treated as a cost in the EV balance sheet. At 31 December 2020 the fair value of PIC's debt was £455 million higher than the nominal value of the issued debt. This represents a deduction to the closing EV.

	Dec 2020 £m	Dec 2019 £m
Adjusted net worth	6,737	4,866
Value of in-force business after tax	1,812	1,487
EV fair value of Tier 1 and Tier 2 debt instruments	(2,505)	(1,603)
EV before cost of capital	6,044	4,750
Frictional cost of capital	(243)	(208)
Cost of residual non-hedgeable risks	(837)	(668)
EV net of cost of capital	4,964	3,874



CHIEF FINANCIAL OFFICER'S REVIEW CONTINUED

RECONCILIATION OF IFRS, SOLVENCY II AND EV BALANCE SHEETS

Group IFRS reconciliation to Solvency II

31 December 2020 (£m)	IFRS balance sheet	Add amortised cost value of Tier 2 subordinated debt	Add accrued interest on Tier 2 subordinated debt	Deduct accrued interest on RT1 notes	Add risk margin net of transitionals	Reduction in technical provisions	Reduction in reinsurance assets	Differences in deferred tax	Differences in other asset values	Unaudited Solvency II (£m)
Total assets less other liabilities	46,229	1,589	29	(11)				(225)	4	47,615
Insurance liabilities / Best estimate liabilities (BEL) net of reinsurance assets	(42,062)					3,295	(769)			(39,536)
Risk margin net of transitionals					(1,353)					(1,353)
IFRS net assets / Solvency II own funds	4,167	1,589	29	(11)	(1,353)	3,295	(769)	(225)	4	6,726

Solvency II to EV reconciliation

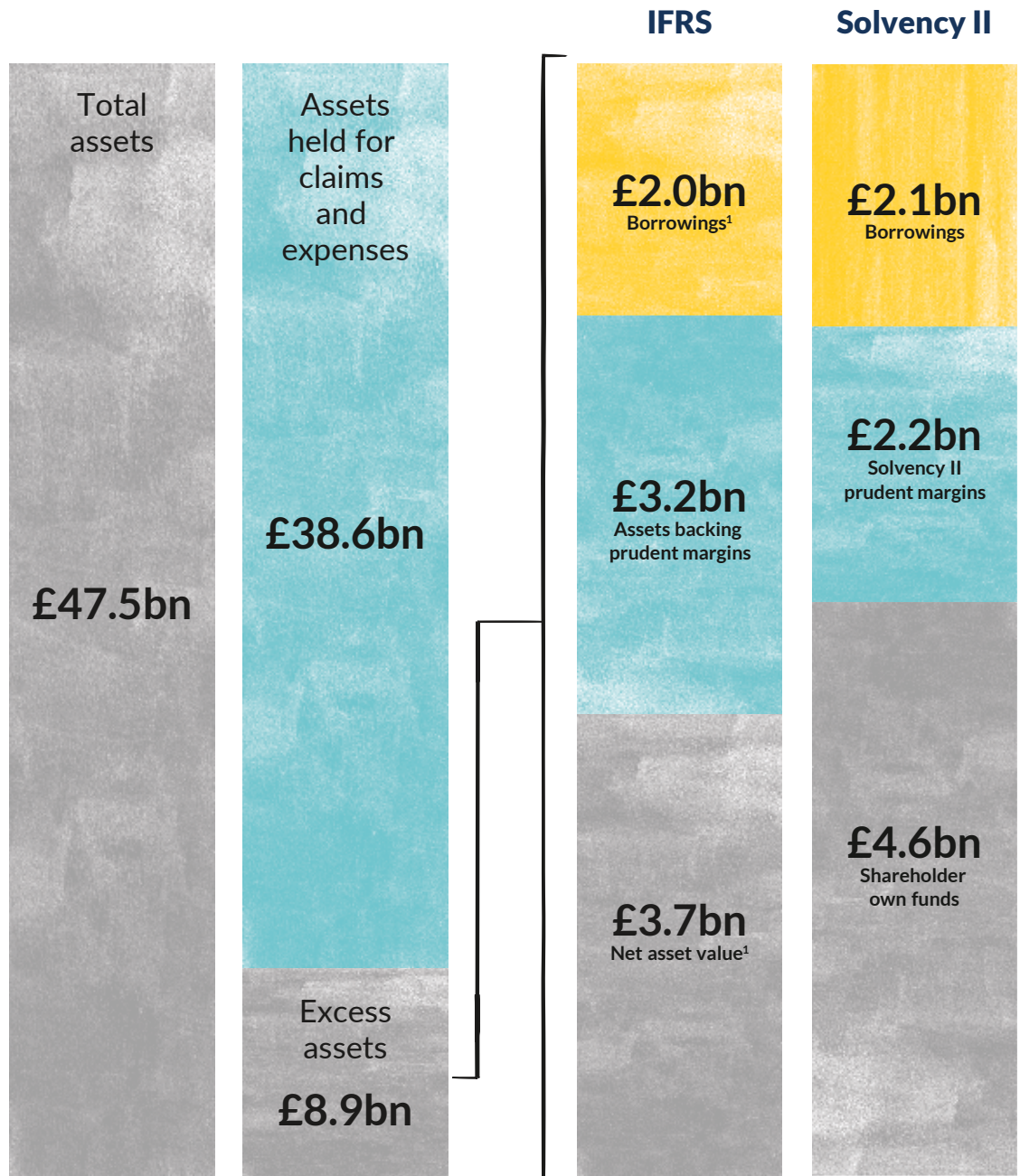
31 December 2020 (£m)	Unaudited Solvency II balance sheet	Allow for differences between Solvency II and EV	Allow for subordinated debt	Recognise the frictional cost of required capital	Release (RM minus transitionals), recognise CRNHR	Release MA margins	Tax on PVFP	EV (£m)
Total assets less other liabilities	47,615	11						
BEL net of reinsurance assets	(39,536)							
Risk margin net of transitionals	(1,353)							
Solvency II Own Funds/ Adjusted net worth	6,726	11						6,737
Present value of future profits (PVFP)					1,353	884	(425)	1,812
Cost of residual non-hedgeable risks (CRNHR)					(837)			(837)
Frictional cost of required capital (FCoC)				(243)				(243)
Subordinated debt			(2,505)					(2,505)
EV								4,964

OUTLOOK

2020 was undoubtedly a challenging year, both operationally and financially, with a number of issues, amongst them Brexit, the US election and the on-going Covid-19 pandemic, creating market volatility throughout the year. Despite these challenges, we demonstrated our resilience by writing £5.6 billion of new business, maintaining market share, remaining profitable and maintaining financial strength through careful management of our financial investments and the continued belief in our business model from shareholders and debt investors.

Whilst there continues to be uncertainty in the financial markets, we will continue to monitor and safeguard our portfolio and remain disciplined in our pricing and deployment of capital when making new business decisions. The Pension Risk Transfer market remains a strong growth market and we continue to be a leading player and are confident in our ability to achieve attractive returns within our risk appetite. We end 2020 in a strong position with a robust balance sheet which we believe is well positioned to withstand future risks. We have a solid pipeline of new business and we consider that we are ideally placed to take advantages of the opportunities ahead whilst also providing excellent financial security for our existing policyholders.

PIC SOLVENCY II AND IFRS



1. Restricted tier 1 debt is excluded from the Net asset value and included in the borrowings number.





Our approach to risk management



84%

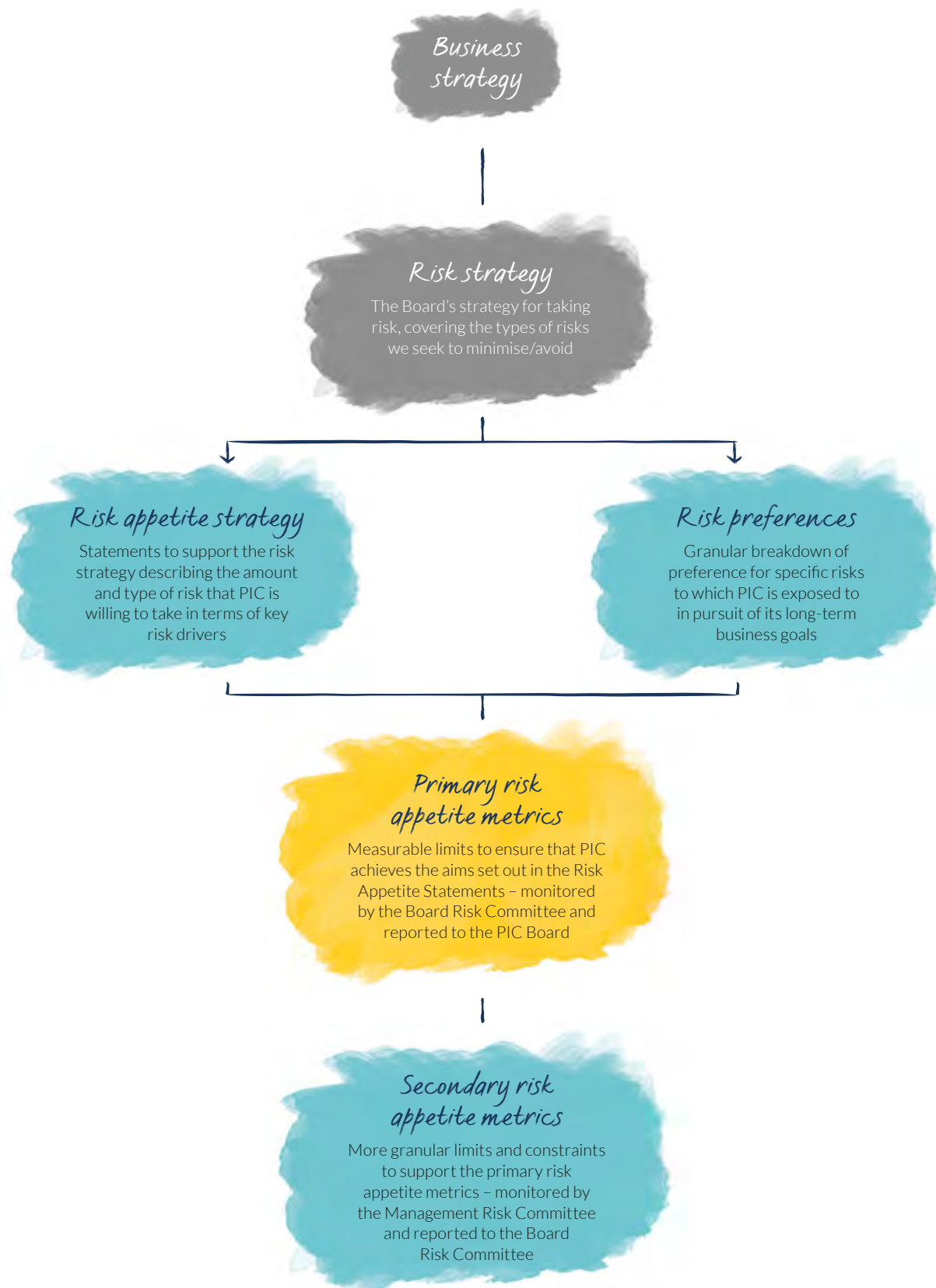
total longevity exposure reinsured

14

reinsurance counterparties

RISK APPETITE FRAMEWORK

The Risk Appetite Framework is a key aspect of managing the material risks to the business operations, its strategy and to PIC's reputation with key stakeholders (including policyholders, trustees, regulators and investors). It is approved by the Board and includes risk metrics and limits within which the business must operate and it outlines the roles and responsibilities of those who implement and monitor the Company's risk appetite.



RISK MANAGEMENT CONTINUED

Sound risk management is key to PIC's business strategy. PIC's Risk Management Framework ensures that the risks we take on in the pursuit of our strategic objectives are consistent with the Board's risk preferences and are managed in an appropriate way.

ENTERPRISE RISK MANAGEMENT FRAMEWORK

Risk management is integrated into the business via the Enterprise Risk Management Framework, comprising our systems of governance, our policies, our Risk Appetite Framework and the application of the Risk Management System:

- the Governance Framework within which risk management responsibilities are delegated and governed, including the Three Lines of Defence model;
- the Policy Framework through which risk management expectations and requirements are embedded and consistently monitored across the business;
- the Risk Appetite Framework within which the Company's risk exposures are controlled and monitored in line with the Board's risk preferences and risk appetite; and
- the Risk Management System by which risks are identified, assessed, mitigated, monitored and reported throughout the Company.



Risk spotlight – Covid-19

2020 proved to be a very unusual and challenging year for many people and organisations. Successfully transitioning PIC's operations to a remote working environment in response to Covid-19 restrictions introduced new operational risks with an increased reliance on IT systems and processes and a need to ensure PIC's control environment continued to function effectively when operated remotely. Overall, PIC was well positioned to manage these risks through prior contingency planning and work carried out to strengthen controls including streamlining and automating processes and reducing reliance on manual controls.

Going forward, while it is clear that business continuity and operational resilience is less dependent on being able to physically access offices and workspaces, the changes made over the year to facilitate remote working have the potential to increase our exposure to cyber risks and increase the materiality of IT-based controls around data protection and systems access.

A key risk focus over the year has been in relation to culture and conduct risks. These apply both to policyholders and to

our staff. For policyholders, our demographic is particularly vulnerable to the impact of Covid-19 due to their age and stage of life, increasing both loneliness and susceptibility to the virus. Additionally, deferred policyholders experiencing redundancy or furlough can experience temporary financial vulnerability and may look to transfer out of their PIC pension to access cash due to redundancy or be more susceptible to pension transfer scams.

The impact of remote working on staff has been mixed, with varied personal experience of the impact of the virus. Working environments and family circumstances vary significantly which have a knock-on impact on the level of loneliness, isolation and subsequent mental health risks. The risks to the culture of remote working include a drop in cross-team collaboration, idea generation and creative problem solving. While reduced commutes may have been very welcome, the extra workload arising from the pandemic has increased the risk of staff spending excessive amounts of their time at a screen leading to risk of burnout and subsequent mental health issues.

RISK STRATEGY AND PREFERENCES

PIC's risk preferences define the Board's appetite towards taking different types of risks which the Company may be exposed to in pursuit of its strategic objectives. Risks are categorised as those the Company actively seeks, those the Company accepts and those the Company seeks to minimise.

Risk preferences are set for each Level 1 and Level 2 risk category by referring to the Risk Preference Principles articulated by the Board as part of the Company's risk strategy.

These principles are:

We should actively seek risks that:

- are aligned with our business strategy and with stakeholder expectations;
- we believe are adequately rewarded; and
- are within the capabilities and capacity of our people, processes and technology to manage.

We should accept and take measured amounts of risks that:

- are an acceptable consequence of pursuing our business strategy; and
- are within the capabilities and capacity of our people, processes and technology to manage.

We should minimise risks which:

- are not aligned with our business strategy or to stakeholder expectations; and
- are beyond the capabilities and capacity of our people, processes and technology to manage.

Risk Management System



RISK MANAGEMENT SYSTEM

PIC's Risk Management System outlines how risks are identified, assessed, controlled and managed. Risk assessment is a continuous process, incorporating regular monitoring, stress and scenario testing and deep dive reviews.

Quantifiable and material risks over the coming year which are mitigated through holding capital are measured using PIC's internal model, which is used to determine the appropriate Solvency Capital Requirement ("SCR") for the business to manage the impact of these risks. Those quantifiable and material risks for which capital is not held as part of their risk mitigation treatment or which are expected to occur at a future date over the planning horizon, beyond the 12-month horizon of the SCR calculation, are not included within PIC's internal model. Instead, these are measured by considering their impact as part of the stress and scenario testing programme and discussed in risk and solvency reports such as the Own Risk and Solvency Assessment ("ORSA"). PIC also tracks and monitors a range of emerging and developing risks that may impact its business model and strategy in order to assess whether any new risks need to be more extensively assessed and formally managed, including additional controls and monitoring.

RISK APPETITE

PIC's Risk Appetite Framework is closely aligned with its business strategy. This is defined for the medium term (typically three to five years) and reviewed annually. The Company has developed primary and secondary risk appetite metrics which are designed to align with supporting the safe delivery of the business strategy objectives. A target, threshold trigger and limit are set for each of the risk appetite metrics. If one of the risk appetite metrics passes through a trigger or limit, it necessitates escalation and appropriate action.

OWN RISK AND SOLVENCY ASSESSMENT

The ORSA assessment provides an ongoing process to identify, assess, monitor and manage the risks to PIC's business plan and solvency over both the near term and the five-year business planning horizon. The ORSA activities include:

- assessment of the Company's current and projected risks;
- assessment of risk mitigation, including capital and liquidity buffers;
- stress and scenario testing, including reverse stress testing; and
- strategic planning and financial projections.

The ORSA documents are reviewed and approved throughout the year by the Board. These are summarised in the annual ORSA report.

MANAGEMENT INFORMATION

A consolidated pack of management information is regularly presented to executive management and the Risk Committee detailing the position of the business against the risk appetite metrics and expected evolution of these positions.



PRINCIPAL RISKS AND UNCERTAINTIES

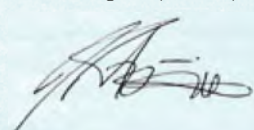
MITIGATING OUR KEY RISKS

The principal risks to the business and its strategy for managing those risks, are set out below. More details are also included in Note 16 to the financial statements.

	POLITICAL RISK	MARKET RISK	DEFAULT RISK	COUNTERPARTY RISK
Risk and uncertainty	Political and/or regulatory intervention.	Impact of market and/or economic volatility on PIC's capital position.	On credit/debt assets in the portfolio.	The possibility of failure by our reinsurance and swap counterparties, who are contracted to honour their obligations in a timely manner.
Trend and outlook	Whilst defined benefit pensions remained on the political and regulatory agenda during 2020 with the pensions bill being passed, it remains the medium to longer term outcomes from Brexit which are likely to be more material to PIC. The UK's exit from the EU at the end of 2020 did not present a significant risk to the business. However, expected changes to the Insurance regulatory approach post Brexit could be more significant. Work on 'superfunds' regulation continues which is important in the context of PIC's business model.	The trend of financial markets appears to be one of continuing uncertainty and volatility going into 2021. Uncertainty around the near-term UK economic growth outlook remains heightened – tightening of lockdown measures in the UK, uncertainty around vaccine production and distribution and geopolitical risks from UK-EU Brexit negotiations weigh down on UK's economic outlook and have the potential to create further market volatility. A similar picture exists at a global level where a range of risk drivers continue to sow uncertainty including further Covid related restrictions, geopolitical risks from protectionist measures, social unrest, and advanced economies' Governments' inability to deliver a significant fiscal stimulus to revive economic growth.	While PIC has historically experienced very low levels of default in the portfolio (see page 51-52 for historical experience), this risk continues to be significant given the credit market uncertainty from Covid-induced economic deceleration globally, and the increased volatility of financial markets.	PIC's reinsurance and swap counterparties have felt the adverse impact from the Covid-19 shock, however the impact on the credit quality of these counterparties has been manageable. While there exist risks to these counterparties from the future path of the pandemic, the strong liquidity and capital positions of these counterparties along with support from fiscal and monetary policy to the markets is likely to limit any adverse impact.
Mitigation	PIC maintains an open dialogue with regulators and policymakers closely monitoring discussions and scanning the horizon for potential political risks to the business. Where changes which pose a risk to the business are identified, such as the regulation of pension superfunds and the changes to the Insurance regulatory framework post Brexit, then resource is committed to focus on a more detailed dialogue with relevant stakeholders to influence change and closely monitor likely outcomes. This allows us to identify key issues early and to actively manage the risk on an ongoing basis.	During 2020, we have been cautious in our credit portfolio, focused on consolidating the portfolio into even more secure assets should markets become more volatile. The situation remains under careful review. In addition, PIC carries out close management of its balance sheet, and actively hedges its balance sheet against adverse movements in financial markets. PIC monitors areas of potential pricing bubbles that may see market corrections in order to limit exposures where appropriate. Regular stress and scenario analysis is carried out to assess the impact of different possibilities. The business holds a significant amount of risk-based capital to protect against market movements.	PIC selects and monitors its investment holdings very closely, either directly or through high-quality external managers. Provisions are held for defaults and downgrades in addition to the risk-based capital requirements.	PIC only transacts with highly rated reinsurance counterparties, and includes collateral provisions to improve overall security. Interest rate swaps are fully collateralised on a daily basis. PIC carries out continuous monitoring of its counterparties to ensure issues can be identified earlier, allowing actions to be taken to reduce the risk.

LONGEVITY RISK	CYBER RISK	CONDUCT RISK	OPERATIONAL RISK
PIC's insured policyholders may live longer than was originally assumed when pricing new business.	The financial services sector continues to be a target for cyber crime. This includes the risks that third parties seek to disrupt PIC's operations, steal personal data or perpetrate acts of fraud.	The risk that PIC policyholders receive a poor outcome, and that vulnerable customers do not receive as good an outcome as all other customers.	The risk of loss resulting from inadequate or failed internal processes, people and systems or from external events.
<p>PIC is exposed to factors that may lead to increases in life expectancy, such as improvements in medical science beyond those anticipated. The UK has generally experienced heavier than expected pensioner mortality in the past seven to eight years, with the slowdown in mortality improvements considered to be a change in trend as opposed to a one-off event. The drivers of the slowdown are believed to include the increased strain on the NHS and social care budgets, a tailing off of the mortality improvements seen for conditions such as cardiovascular disease, a change in morbidity prevalences including influenza and dementia, offset by changes in lifestyle and health monitoring as technology continues to provide new opportunities.</p> <p>During 2019, i.e. prior to the Covid-19 outbreak, low mortality had been observed in the England & Wales population, raising the possibility that the trend might be beginning to reverse.</p> <p>Mortality experience during April to May was higher than usual as a result of the pandemic, but then reverted to levels more in line with previous trends over the summer period. The outlook for Q4 is that we are likely to see mortality being higher than previous years, but this may not be as significant as the increase in Q2.</p> <p>Increased deaths caused by Covid-19 and seasonal flu's are expected for the UK in the short to medium term. This does not pose a risk to PIC. Whilst increase mortality has an operational impact this does not present a material issue to us, and the financial consequences are limited.</p>	<p>The drivers of this risk continue to evolve rapidly as technology is changing the way firms do business and society operates. Covid-19 and the swift move to remote working has increased the reliance on IT systems and controls and with it PIC's exposure to cyber risks. The financial services sector has seen a significant increase in the number of attempts by third parties to seek and exploit vulnerabilities in IT systems.</p> <p>This has included increased phishing attempts looking to take advantage of the reduced level of face-to-face interactions and ransomware attacks which are on the increase across the globe both in terms of number and value.</p>	<p>PIC successfully migrated to a remote working environment and has maintained high levels of customer service throughout the pandemic which should continue into 2021. We expect to see an increase in the number of vulnerable customers given the negative impact of Covid-19. Our policyholders are likely to be impacted by higher levels of sickness, loneliness and isolation. This area will continue to be a major focus for us and our regulators. Staff culture risks arising from prolonged remote working include loss of cross-team collaboration, increased time to complete tasks and impacts on staff mental health and wellbeing, which could have an indirect impact on customer outcomes.</p>	<p>Given the continued growth in PIC's balance sheet it is important to ensure that the process and control environment keeps pace. If the controls and process do not keep pace then PIC's exposure to operational risks will increase as the organisation grows in size and complexity. Additional risks also need to be managed given the changes in working environment resulting from the Covid-19 pandemic; in particular, an increased reliance on remote working placing heightened reliance on remote and automated systems and processes. This trend looks set to continue into 2021 and beyond. While the initial transition to a remote environment could have increasing operational risks through the introduction of new processes, reduced inter-personal contact and the potential for reduction in the effectiveness of manually operated controls, the enhancements put in place to address these risks are viewed to have strengthened PIC's overall control framework. Our ongoing risk and control work now has a permanent focus on reviewing all controls to assess their effectiveness in both an on-site and remote environment.</p>
PIC regularly reviews its longevity experience to ensure its assumptions remain appropriate, and continually seeks to enhance its understanding of the evolution of annuitant mortality. PIC holds a significant amount of risk-based capital to protect the business against potential increases in longevity. This is calculated using our approved Internal Model. PIC aims to reinsure more than 60% of its longevity risk exposure. As at 31 December 2020, PIC had reinsured 84% of its total longevity exposure.	PIC maintains a robust IT environment to ensure protection of its data and security of its systems and those of outsourced or third parties that we work with. PIC works with its business partners to maintain controls and carries out regular monitoring to proactively address emerging threats. The IT environment is regularly tested internally and externally to maintain awareness of the latest threats and how these might impact PIC.	A robust conduct risk framework has enabled PIC to monitor and mitigate the risk of poor outcomes throughout the pandemic. PIC's approach to vulnerable customers is well developed but will have a specific focus on the consequences of the pandemic, led by the Vulnerable Customer working group. Management continue to focus on staff wellbeing and mental health with a "Ways of Working" project underway to manage the risks associated with remote working in the future.	PIC maintains a robust control environment across its operations in order to reduce the likelihood and impact of operational risks. Operational risks are monitored and assessed through an ongoing process with the business in order to identify areas where the control environment needs further enhancement. Where areas of weaknesses are identified remediation work is completed.

The Strategic Report on pages 1 to 79 was approved by the Board and signed on its behalf by:



John Aisbitt
Chairman
14 Cornhill, London, EC3V 3ND
16 March 2021





Corporate Governance

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THE ROYAL COLLEGE OF SURGEONS OF ENGLAND HEADQUARTERS IN LINCOLN'S INN FIELDS, HOLBORN, LONDON

In November 2020, PIC invested £40 million in debt issued by the Royal College of Surgeons of England, to finance the final stages of the redevelopment of its flagship headquarters in Lincoln's Inn Fields, London.





*High standards
of behaviour
start with
the Board*





Our strong governance framework has been key in maintaining the Board's effective oversight of the Group's operations during the pandemic."

It is my pleasure to present our Corporate Governance Report which explains our current governance framework, how we have applied the provisions of the UK Corporate Governance Code 2018 (the "Code") and discharged our duties under s.172 of the Companies Act 2006, and includes Committee reports from the Audit, Risk, Investment and Origination, and Nomination and Remuneration Committees.

A strong governance framework combined with a commitment to the highest standards of corporate governance in line with the main principles of the Code, and backed with effective Board oversight, is essential in order that we fulfil our purpose. First, it ensures that the long-term success of the Group is based on the prudent and effective identification and management of risk. It also reflects the responsibilities we have to our policyholders and all our stakeholders. The Company's purpose and strategy, supported by an open culture and strong values, are therefore discussed regularly by the Board.

Our strong governance framework has been key in maintaining the Board's effective oversight of the Group's operations during the pandemic. During the first lockdown, the Board increased our communications with management, including weekly meetings at the peak of the crisis. This allowed effective challenge and support, as well as helping ensure balance between our stakeholders' interests, which is always front of mind for the Board, and our business. More detail on how the Board took into account the views of our stakeholders, the impact of our decisions on them and the actions taken as a consequence can be found on pages 96 to 99 of this section which complements our s.172 statement in the Strategic Report on pages 22 to 27.

Our more frequent interactions with management also allowed oversight of the Group's considerable investment in the long-term success of the Company, which is discussed on page 22 in this Annual Report.

The Board has continued to focus on sustainability and the increasing contribution that the Group makes to the economy and to society. This included time spent on Environmental, Social and Governance ("ESG") considerations within the portfolio, as well as more specific discussions on the impact of climate change. The Board also ensured the Group remained appropriately resourced and secured additional capital through shareholder capital and debt raises during 2020.

The Board completed an external Board effectiveness review during 2020 to ensure it also evaluates its own performance. More information on the process, the conclusions and the recommendations can be found on page 94 of this Annual Report.

THE BOARD

The Board of Directors of PICG consists of 11 Directors and the Board of PIC consists of 13 Directors, of whom seven are independent, four are shareholder nominations, and two are executive management. This is an appropriate balance that ensures independent decision making, but allows active involvement by committed, long-term shareholders. Directors have the appropriate balance of skills, experience, independence and knowledge of the Company to oversee the strategy of the Group, review management performance and set the Company's values and standards to ensure that its obligations to its shareholders and other stakeholders are met. Further information about our Directors and the experience they bring to the Company is set out on pages 84 to 87 of this Annual Report.

Jon Aisbitt

16 March 2021



BOARD OF DIRECTORS

N O R

JON AISBITT
PICG & PIC Director
Chairman of the Board

Date of appointment

Jon was appointed to the Board as a Non-Executive Chairman in October 2016.

Background and career

From 2007 until May 2016, Jon was Chairman of Man Group plc, the FTSE250 provider of alternative investment products with over \$70 billion under management. Prior to joining Man Group plc, Jon was a Partner and Managing Director in the Investment Banking division of Goldman Sachs based in New York, London and Sydney. He was previously Deputy Chairman of Ocean Rig plc and Honorary Treasurer of the NSPCC. He is a member of the Institute of Chartered Accountants in England and Wales ("ICAEW").

Areas of expertise

Jon has over 20 years' experience in international corporate finance. He has significant technical knowledge of capital markets and the complex regulatory backdrop in which they operate. While Chairman of Man Group, Jon navigated the company and the board through significant change through the introduction of new and diversified investment styles.

Current and external roles

Jon is Chairman of New Forests Company Holdings (East African sustainable forestry and timber processing), Bailey Caravans Ltd. (Bristol-based manufacturer of caravans) and Ascension Healthcare plc (biotechnology).



TRACY BLACKWELL
PICG & PIC Director
Chief Executive Officer

Date of appointment

Tracy was appointed to the Board as an Executive Director in July 2011 and appointed as Chief Executive Officer in July 2015.

Background and career

Tracy joined PIC as Chief Investment Officer at the Company's inception in 2006, with responsibility for managing PIC's asset and liability management strategy. Prior to joining PIC, Tracy held a variety of roles at Goldman Sachs. She served as a Non-Executive Director at United Trust Bank from 2013 to 2019.

Areas of expertise

Tracy has 30 years' experience in insurance and asset management, including a deep knowledge and understanding of the regulatory landscape. Areas of particular interest include: "The Purpose of Finance", a project seeking to redefine the social contract with financial services; and diversity of thought in financial services.

Current and external roles

Tracy is a member of Wellcome Trust's Investment Committee; Trustee and Honourable Treasurer of the Elton John Aids Foundation; a Board member of the Association of British Insurers; and an Advisory Council member on the Diversity Project.



ROB SEWELL
PIC Director
Chief Financial Officer

Date of appointment

Rob was appointed to the Board as an Executive Director in July 2008.

Background and career

Rob has spent over 30 years working in financial services, primarily in life assurance. Prior to joining PIC he spent six years as Finance Director for Legal & General Group's UK businesses, and before that was Chief Executive of National Westminster Life Assurance. Rob is a Fellow of the ICAEW.

Areas of expertise

Rob has significant knowledge of insurance financial and capital management and regulatory affairs, and has extensive Board level experience of regulated businesses.

Current and external roles

Rob serves as a Non-Executive Director of HCT Group and Chair of its Audit Committee.



| Ri A
SALLY BRIDGELAND
PIC Director
Independent Non-Executive Director

Date of appointment

Sally was appointed to the Board in January 2021.

Background and career

Sally's previous roles include Chief Executive Officer of BP Pension Fund where she had responsibility for the strategic, regulatory and operational matters of the £19 billion UK pension fund. Sally spent seven years in this executive role and stepped down in 2014. She has extensive investment consulting experience and has also served as a Trustee Director of Lloyds Banking Group Pension Trustee Limited, where she stepped down in 2020, and has also held Ministerial appointments for the Nuclear Liabilities Fund and NEST Corporation. Sally is a Fellow of the Institute of Actuaries and in 2020 she received the Award of Honour from the Worshipful Company of Actuaries.







Areas of expertise

Sally is an actuary and has over 30 years' experience in the UK pensions industry gained from executive and non-executive roles.

Current and external roles

Sally is Chair of Local Pensions Partnership Investments Limited and Impax Asset Management plc as well as a Non-Executive Director of Local Pensions Partnership Limited and Royal London Mutual Insurance Society Ltd. She also holds a number of advisory, trustee and voluntary roles.

KEY

 Chair	 Investment and Origination Committee
 Audit Committee	 Remuneration Committee
 Nomination Committee	 Risk Committee



R N Ri

JUDITH EDEN**PICG & PIC Director****Independent Non-Executive Director****Date of appointment**

Judith was appointed to the Board in August 2019.

Background and career

Most of Judith's corporate career was spent at Morgan Stanley in operational, financial and strategic management roles across both the Institutional Securities and Investment Management divisions. In 2009, she was appointed a Director and Chief Administrative Officer of MSIM Ltd, where she oversaw a period of significant restructuring and change. In 2013, she additionally became Chief Executive Officer of MSIM's international cross-border fund management company. From 2015 Judith moved to focus on her non-executive career.

Judith is an alumnus of Price Waterhouse (Fellow ICAEW) and INSEAD (Corporate Governance Certificate IDP-C).

Areas of expertise

Judith has over 25 years' experience in financial services gained from both executive and non-executive roles, in particular in investment management. She has an in-depth understanding of the regulatory environment and has helped guide companies through business restructuring and change programmes.

Current and external roles

Judith is a Non-Executive Director and Audit Committee Chair of Invesco UK and ICBC Standard Bank plc. She is also Non-Executive Director of Flood Re and a Council Member at the University of Surrey.



A Ri

STUART KING**PICG & PIC Director****Independent Non-Executive Director****Date of appointment**

Stuart was appointed to the Board in January 2019.

Background and career

Stuart has previously worked at the Bank of England before moving to become Head of UK Banks Regulation and then Head of Major Insurance Groups Regulation at the Financial Services Authority ("FSA") (predecessor of Financial Conduct Authority). After his time at the FSA, Stuart became Managing Director at advisory firm Promontory Financial Group and after that Group Compliance Director at Aviva plc.

Areas of expertise

Stuart has over 25 years' experience working in the UK financial regulation industry as both regulator and at regulated firms, and led the enhanced supervision approach of major insurance groups following the financial crisis in 2007.

Current and external roles

Stuart remains an external advisor for financial services firms.

**TIM GALLICO****PICG Director****Non-Executive Director Shareholder nominated by CVC****Date of appointment**

Tim was appointed to the Board in August 2020.

Background and career

Tim is Senior Managing Director at CVC Capital Partners, based in London and focused on the Strategic Opportunities investment platform. Prior to joining CVC in 2005, he worked for Bain & Co. Tim holds a degree in Social and Political Sciences and Management Studies from the University of Cambridge.

Areas of expertise

Tim has over 15 years' experience in the investment industry as well as experience as a director of both regulated and unregulated companies.

Current and external roles

Tim represents CVC and currently sits on the board of Asplundh Tree Expert LLC, and is director of several entities of the RAC Group. He also acts as a Trustee of the London Youth Games Foundation.



O Ri

ARNO KITTS**PICG & PIC Director****Independent Non-Executive Director****Date of appointment**

Arno was appointed to the Board as an independent Non-Executive Director in July 2016.

Background and career

Arno's previous roles include Managing Director of BlackRock's £250 billion UK institutional business, Head of the Henderson Global Investors global distribution and Head of JPMorgan's Asset Management UK institutional business. Arno was a JPMorgan Managing Director, responsible for institutional and defined contribution business, and he was the Chief Executive Officer of the JPMorgan Life business. He served as a director of many investment funds and was a former Board member of the Pensions and Lifetime Savings Association ("PLSA"). Arno is a Fellow of the Institute of Actuaries and holds a PhD from Southampton University.

Areas of expertise

Arno has been involved in investment management since 1989, including seven years as Head of Investments of an insurance company. Arno was a member of the Council and Finance & Investment Board of the Actuarial Profession and has been actively involved in industry matters as a member of the PLSA Defined Benefit Council.

Current and external roles

Arno is the founder of Perspective Investments, an investment management firm, and is also a Non-Executive Director of Wake Trade Technologies.



BOARD OF DIRECTORS CONTINUED

N R

JOSUA MALHERBE

PICG Director

Non-Executive Director Shareholder nominated by Reinet



Date of appointment

Josua was appointed to the Board as a Non-Executive Director in December 2015.

Background and career

Josua qualified as a chartered accountant in South Africa in 1984 having worked at a predecessor firm to PricewaterhouseCoopers. He became Chief Executive Officer of VenFin Limited in 2000 until 2006 when he held the position of Deputy Chairman. VenFin Limited was acquired by Remgro Limited and Josua now serves as a Director of Remgro. He holds BCom LLB from the University of Stellenbosch and a CTA from the University of Cape Town, and holds the professional qualification CA(SA).

Areas of expertise

Josua has over 30 years' experience in corporate finance and has had executive experience at companies since 1993.

Current and external roles

Josua is Deputy Chairman of Compagnie Financière Richemont SA, and is a Director at Remgro Limited and Reinet Investments SCA.

A Ri

ROGER MARSHALL

PICG & PIC Director

Senior Independent Director



Date of appointment

Roger was appointed to the Board as an independent Non-Executive Director in April 2015.

Background and career

Roger was Chair of the Financial Reporting Council ("FRC") Board, a member of the FRC Codes and Standards Committee and a member of the FRC Corporate Reporting Council. He spent much of his career in PricewaterhouseCoopers ("PwC"), where he was an audit partner in London and Zurich. Roger was Chair of PwC's Global Audit Policy Board and its global Corporate Reporting Task Force. He served on the Board of Old Mutual plc, where he was also Chair of the Audit Committee. Roger is a Fellow of the ICAEW.

Areas of expertise

Roger spent almost 40 years at PwC and six years on the Accounting Standards Board refining his skills and experience in the risk management, compliance, finance and audit functions in the financial services industry.

Current and external roles

Roger serves on the Board of the European Financial Reporting Advisory Group.

N O R

JÉRÔME MOURGUE-D'ALGUE

PICG & PIC Director

Non-Executive Director Shareholder nominated by Luxinva



ELOY MICHOTTE

PIC Director

Non-Executive Director Shareholder nominated by Reinet



Date of appointment

Eloy was appointed to the Board as a Non-Executive Director in October 2012.

Background and career

Eloy was previously an Executive Director of Reinet Investments Manager S.A. and Reinet Fund Manager S.A. and Group Director of Corporate Finance for Compagnie Financière Richemont SA. He graduated in Engineering and Applied Mathematics from the University of Louvain in Belgium and holds an MBA from the University of Chicago.

Areas of expertise

Eloy has extensive experience in international business and finance, having worked with Ford, McKinsey & Co and Bankers Trust Company prior to joining Richemont at the time of its formation in 1988.

Date of appointment

Jérôme was appointed to the Board as a Non-Executive Director in November 2018.

Background and career

Jérôme holds an MBA from the Wharton School and a BA from ESSEC. He was previously an Associate at McKinsey & Company and Vice President of Morgan Stanley Capital Partners in London. Jérôme was a Partner at private equity firm Englefield Capital LLP. He has been an employee of Abu Dhabi Investment Authority ("ADIA") since 2012, joining as Senior Portfolio Manager, Principal Investments before becoming Head of Financial Services, Private Equities in 2017 and Head of EMEA, Private Equities in 2018.

Areas of expertise

Jérôme has spent 25 years working in the financial services industry with a strong background in asset management.

Current and external roles

Jérôme is currently Head of EMEA, Private Equities at ADIA and represents ADIA on the boards of various entities ADIA has invested in.

KEY

● Chair

A Audit Committee

N Nomination Committee

O Investment and Origination Committee

R Remuneration Committee

Ri Risk Committee

R N O

PETER RUTLAND

PICG & PIC Director

Non-Executive Director Shareholder nominated by CVC



Date of appointment

Peter was appointed to the Board as a Non-Executive Director in May 2017.

Background and career

Peter is a Managing Partner and Head of CVC's Financial Services Team and is based in London. Prior to joining CVC in 2007, he worked for Advent International since 2002. Peter has had previous roles at Goldman Sachs in the Investment Banking division. Peter holds an MA from the University of Cambridge and an MBA from INSEAD.

Areas of expertise

Peter has over 20 years' experience in the banking, investment and insurance industries as well as experience as a director of both private and listed companies.

Current and external roles

Peter represents CVC and is a director of Newday, Domestic & General, Paysafe and TMF.

A Ri

STEVE SARJANT

PIC Director

Independent Non-Executive Director



Date of appointment

Steve was appointed to the Board as an independent Non-Executive Director in November 2014.

Background and career

Steve spent 20 years at Towers Watson (previously Watson Wyatt) in a number of roles including London practice leader and member of the global management team for Watson Wyatt's insurance and financial service practice. Prior to joining Towers Watson, Steve worked at Criterion Assurance Group and National Provident Institution in a variety of roles. From 2015 until the end of 2020, Steve was Non-Executive Director and Chair of the Actuarial Committee for Vitality Health and Vitality Life, and an independent member of the With Profits Committee of Liverpool Victoria Friendly Society. He graduated from the University of Bristol with a BSc in Mathematics in 1982 and subsequently trained as an actuary. Steve is a Fellow of the Institute and Faculty of Actuaries.

Areas of expertise

Steve has over 35 years' experience in the financial services industry including 20 years spent as an actuarial consultant at Towers Watson, where he was a Managing Director in its Risk and Financial Services segment and Global Leader, Mergers and Acquisitions.

A N R

MARK STEPHEN

PICG & PIC Director

Independent Non-Executive Director



Date of appointment

Mark was appointed to the Board as an independent Non-Executive Director in November 2014.

Background and career

Mark was previously a partner at PricewaterhouseCoopers LLP where he led the insurance consulting business and latterly was UK Insurance Industry leader. His clients included many leading insurers in the UK, Switzerland and South Africa. He left PwC in 2013 and now serves on the Board of TransRe London where he chairs the Investment Committee and also on the Board of Howden Group Holdings Limited where he chairs the Audit Committee and the Remuneration Committee. Mark graduated from Royal Holloway College University of London with a BSc in Biochemistry and Chemistry and subsequently qualified as a chartered accountant.

Areas of expertise

Mark has over 30 years' experience of advising and working with insurance company boards on many aspects of business, including how they adapt to the changing regulatory and business landscape.

Current and external roles

Mark serves as a director of TransRe London Limited. He is also a director of Howden Group Holdings.

Ri O

WILHELM VAN ZYL

PICG & PIC Director

Non-Executive Director Shareholder nominated by Reinet



Date of appointment

Wilhelm was appointed to the Board as a Non-Executive Director in May 2015.

Background and career

Wilhelm is the Chief Executive of Reinet Investments Manager S.A. and Reinet Fund Manager S.A. Prior to this he was group actuary of the financial services group Metropolitan Holdings from 2001 and headed up its corporate business from 2006. In 2008 he was appointed as Chief Executive of Metropolitan Holdings. Following the listing of MMI Holdings in 2010, resulting from the merger between Metropolitan and Momentum, he was appointed as Deputy Group Chief Executive. Wilhelm holds a BCom degree from the University of Stellenbosch and is a Fellow of the Institute and Faculty of Actuaries (UK) and Fellow of the Actuarial Society of South Africa.

Areas of expertise

Wilhelm has a strong background in the financial services sector in South Africa and overseas along with experience in investment strategy.

Current and external roles

Wilhelm serves on the boards of directors of various Reinet entities.

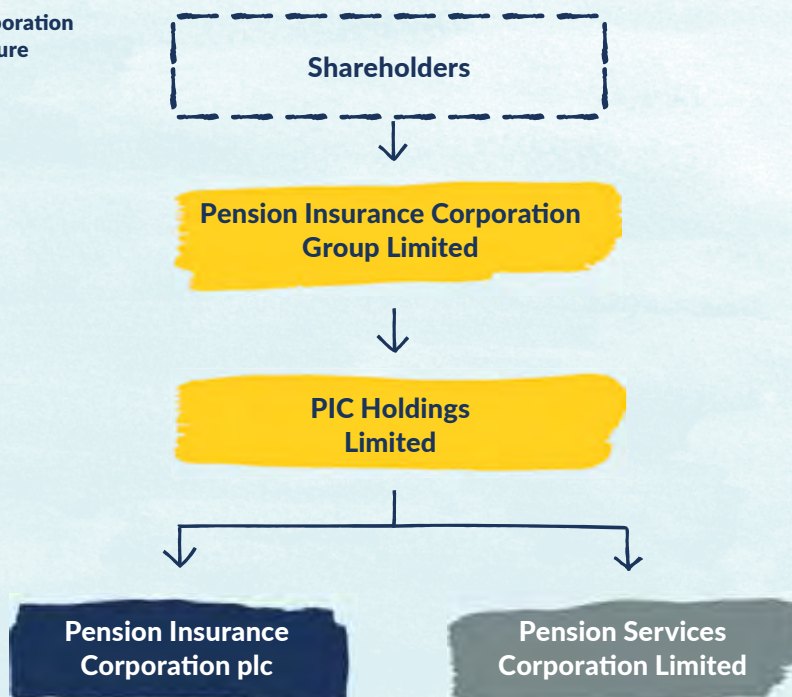
CORPORATE GOVERNANCE REPORT

GOVERNANCE CODE COMPLIANCE

The Board is committed to the high standards of corporate governance across the Group and supports the principles laid down in the Code, as issued by the Financial Reporting Council. The Board considers that the Company was compliant with all of the principles of the Code during the financial year ended 31 December 2020. The Code can be accessed on the Financial Reporting Council's website at www.frc.org.uk and the table on page 89 provides signposting to how we have complied with the Code.

Pension Insurance Corporation simplified Group structure

- Holding entities
- Regulated entity
- Service entity



LEADERSHIP

Pension Insurance Corporation Group Limited ("PICG" or the "Company") and Pension Insurance Corporation plc ("PIC") are each led by a Board of Directors (the "Board") who are appointed pursuant to the Articles of Association. There is an overlap of Directors between the Boards as shown on the attendance table on page 93. The simple corporate structure of the Group means that discussions on PICG may directly impact PIC and having an overlap of Directors ensures that both Boards are aware of all relevant matters. Any mention to the Board in this report refers to the PICG Board, unless stated otherwise. The Directors have the benefit of the Company's Directors' and Officers' indemnity and insurance policy.

The current Board members, details of their experience and the date of their appointment are set out on pages 84 to 87.

The Board believes that good governance, strong values and the right culture enable the Company to do what is right for our policyholders, employees, shareholders and other stakeholders. The Board looks to the Principles of the Code as the basis of how the Company should be governed and therefore, the Company applies the Principles of the Code.

The Board's primary role is to provide effective leadership, to ensure that the Company is appropriately managed and delivers long-term shareholder value, thereby making a contribution to wider society. A key responsibility of the Board is to define, promote and monitor the

Company's culture and values, setting the "tone from the top". The Board sets the "tone from the top" through ongoing dialogue with management and employees, reviewing the employee survey, reviewing reports from the Assurance Functions and overseeing implementation of their recommendations; as well as monitoring the right behaviours and attitudes through an appraisal process. The Board also ensures effective engagement with, and participation from, shareholders and other stakeholders. When making decisions, the Board has regard to the interests of a range of stakeholders, including employees, customers, shareholders and policyholders, as well as its broader duties under s.172 of the Companies Act 2006. The Company's formal s.172 statement can be found on page 22 of this Annual Report and pages 98 and 99 set out how the Board has taken into account the views of our stakeholders, the impact of its decisions on them and any actions which have arisen as a consequence.

The independence of the Non-Executive Directors ("NEDs") is reviewed annually in accordance with the criteria set out within Provisions 10 and 19 of the Code. The PICG Board comprises 50% independent NEDs ("INEDs") including the Chairman. The PIC Board comprises a majority of INEDs including the Chairman.

All the Directors bring strong judgement to the Board's deliberations and this is reflected in our Directors having the right skills and experience to exhibit the right behaviours. During the year the Board was of sufficient size

Code Principles explanation references

The table below shows the pages where you can find explanations of how the Company applies the Principles of the Code.

Principle reference

1. Board Leadership and Company Purpose

A page 88

B page 88

C page 101

D page 26-27, 99

E page 42

2. Division of Responsibilities

F page 90

G page 90

H page 94

I page 90

3. Composition, Succession and Evaluation

J pages 93, 107

K page 83-87

L page 93-94

4. Audit, Risk and Internal Control

M page 102

N page 102

O page 105-106

5. Remuneration

P pages 107-110

Q pages 107-110

R pages 107-110

and the balance of skills and experience was considered appropriate for the requirements of the business.

The Board uses a skills matrix to assess the balance of skills on the Board and, where there are gaps, training is provided. A Board evaluation exercise is carried out annually, covering both the Board and its Committees, and every three years such evaluation is carried out by an external consultant. In 2020 an external evaluation took place and the results indicated that the Board has a broad and appropriate range of skills with which to properly challenge management, as well as the skills and experience needed to meet stakeholder expectations. One area where the Board recognises it needs to do more is in respect of diversity, recognising the limitations that arise as a result of shareholders' ability to nominate directors. The Board has a clear aim in this area which they are working hard to deliver. More detail on the Board effectiveness review is included on page 94.

THE BOARD AND ITS RESPONSIBILITIES

The Board has collective responsibility for setting the Group's strategic goals and providing leadership to put them into effect through the management of the Group's business within the Company's governance framework. It does this by setting Group strategy, ensuring appropriate standards, controls and resources are in place for the Company to meet its obligations and reviewing management's performance. Part of this process is ensuring that the right resources are in place to ensure these can be delivered. This includes the necessary financial and human resources, in terms of the right levels of capital to underwrite new business as well as the appropriate team of people needed to

run a growing business whilst managing our risks.

The main priorities for the Board in 2021 are to ensure that it remains effective and has all the relevant skills and experience to continue to provide strong direction and leadership as the Group navigates its way through any impacts of the Covid-19 pandemic. The Board is also very focused on ensuring that, as PIC is a high-growth business, it maintains an appropriate focus on operational effectiveness and controls.

In order to ensure there is a clear division of responsibilities between the Board and the running of the business, the Board has a formal schedule of matters specifically reserved for its decision which is reviewed on an annual basis. These reserved matters include the Group's strategic aims; objectives and commercial strategy; governance and regulatory compliance; structure and capital; financial reporting and controls; internal controls and risk management; major capital commitments; major contracts and agreements; shareholder engagement; remuneration of senior executives; material corporate transactions; and any changes to this schedule of reserved matters.

The Board's primary focus is on the Group's purpose, which is to pay the pensions of its current and future policyholders. The Board promotes the long-term sustainable success of both PIC and PICG within a framework of prudent and effective controls which enable risks to be assessed and managed. The Board ensures that the culture and values of the Company are aligned so that the Company is successful in achieving its purpose, whilst at the same time generating value for shareholders and contributing to wider society.



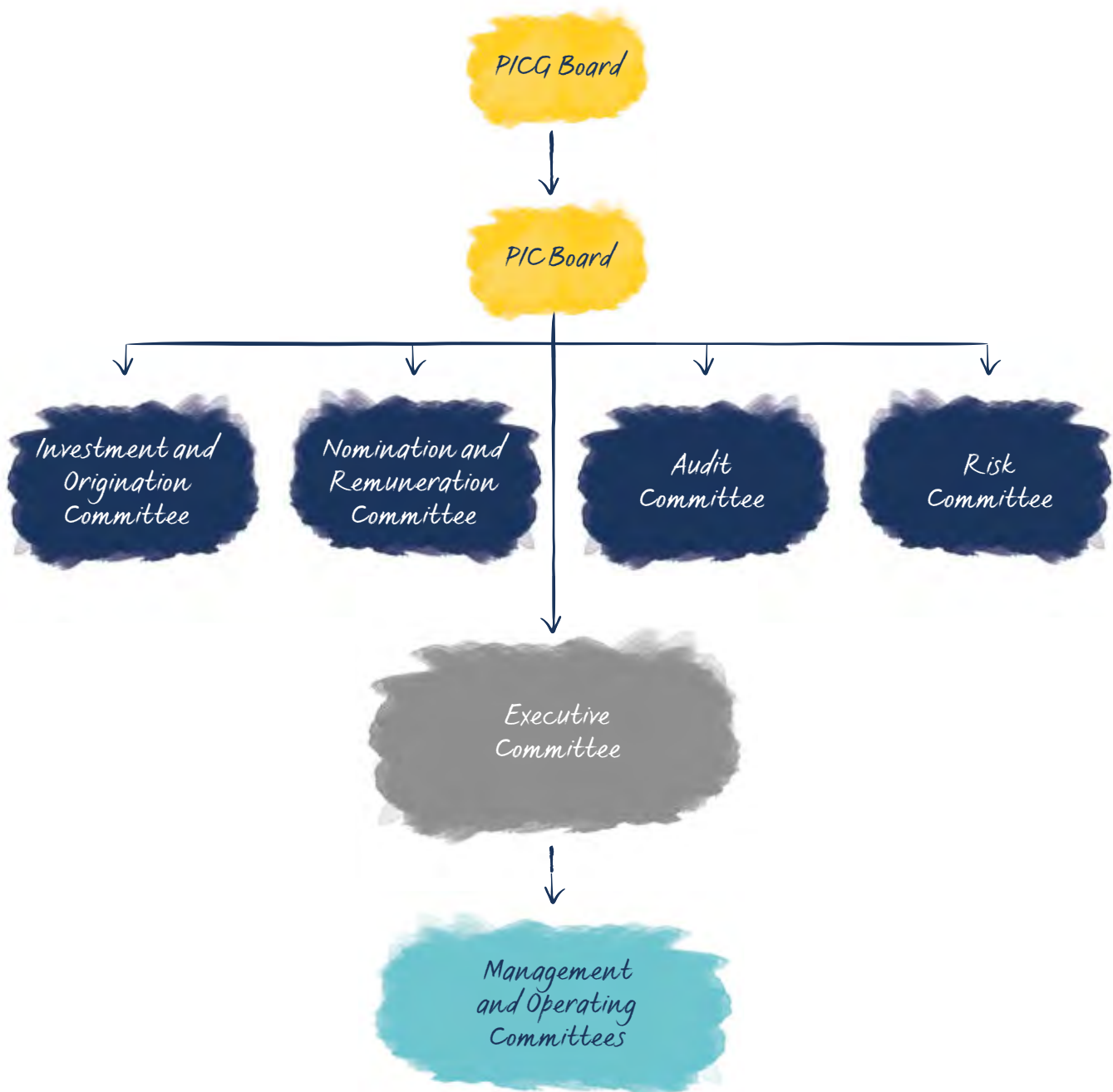
CORPORATE GOVERNANCE REPORT CONTINUED

The Board acknowledges its collective responsibility for setting the Group's strategic aims, ensuring that the necessary financial and human resources are in place and reviewing management performance. The principal responsibilities of the Board are included in its terms of reference, which also list matters specifically reserved for decision by the Board. The Board agrees the responsibilities of the Directors and the Company Secretary and these are set out further below:

Roles and names	Responsibilities
Chairman Jon Aisbitt	Jon focuses on providing strong and effective leadership to the Board, ensuring the Board as a whole plays a full and constructive part in the development and determination of the Group's strategy, overall commercial objectives and promoting a culture of openness and constructive debate among the Directors. He also leads on the development of culture by the Board as well as the development and monitoring of the effective implementation of policies and procedures for the succession planning, induction, training and development of Directors. In conjunction with the CEO and Company Secretary, he ensures that the Board receives accurate, timely and clear information. He ensures that the performance of individual Directors and of the Board as a whole and its Committees is evaluated regularly. Jon also plays an important role in ensuring PIC maintains effective communication with shareholders and other stakeholders.
Chief Executive Officer ("CEO") Tracy Blackwell	Tracy leads the executives in the day-to-day management of the business and effective implementation of the Board's decisions. Tracy with her leadership team proposes and develops the Group's strategy and overall commercial objectives in close consultation with the Chairman of the Board, and with regard to the Group's responsibilities to its shareholders, customers, employees and other stakeholders. Tracy consults regularly with the Chairman and the Board on matters which may have a material impact on the Group. She is responsible for the Group's performance of its obligations, adoption of the culture set by the Board, outsourcing arrangements and the Group's obligations in respect of individual conduct rules for training and reporting. In conjunction with the Chairman and Company Secretary, she ensures the Board receives accurate, timely and clear information. The CEO is supported by a strong and experienced Executive Committee chaired by the CEO.
Senior Independent Director ("SID") Roger Marshall	<p>Roger acts as a sounding board for the Chairman and a trusted intermediary for the other Directors and shareholders. In addition to acting as a sounding board for the Chairman, the role and responsibilities of the SID include being available to shareholders if they have concerns which contact through the normal channels of Chairman, CEO or CFO has failed to resolve or for which such contact is inappropriate; Chairing the Nomination Committee when it is considering succession to the role of Chairman of the Board; and meeting with the NEDs at least once a year to appraise the Chairman's performance and on such other occasions as are deemed appropriate.</p> <p>Additionally, in his role as the Whistleblowing Champion he guards the independence, autonomy and effectiveness of the Group's policies and procedures on whistleblowing.</p>
Chief Financial Officer ("CFO") Rob Sewell	Rob is responsible for the financial and actuarial matters of the Group, including management, allocation and maintenance of capital, funding and liquidity. He also manages and oversees the production and integrity of the Group's financial information and its regulatory reporting.
Non-Executive Directors ("NEDs") Sally Bridgeland Judith Eden Tim Gallico Stuart King Arno Kitts Josua Malherbe Eloy Michotte Jérôme Mourgue D'Algue Peter Rutland Steve Sarjant Mark Stephen Wilhelm van Zyl	<p>Along with the Chairman and Executive Directors, the NEDs are responsible for ensuring the Board and its Committees fulfil their responsibilities. The NEDs combine broad business and commercial experience, in particular in the financial services and insurance sectors, with independent and objective judgement as well as providing independent challenge to the Executive Directors. The balance between NEDs and Executive Directors enables the Board to provide clear and effective leadership across the Group's business.</p> <p>NEDs are required to ensure they are able to provide sufficient time to meet their Board responsibilities.</p>
Company Secretary Louise Inward	Louise, through the Chairman, is responsible for advising the Board on all governance matters, ensuring the Board has the right procedures, policies, processes and resources it needs to function effectively. She makes sure there is a good information flow between the Board, its Committees, senior management and NEDs. In conjunction with the Chairman and the CEO, she ensures the Board receives accurate, timely and clear information.

GOVERNANCE AND CONTROL FRAMEWORK

The below chart shows the Company's governance structure. Along with other annual review of governance processes, the structure is reviewed to make sure that it is fit for purpose and remains as such in the context of the Company's growth prospects.



CORPORATE GOVERNANCE REPORT CONTINUED

DELEGATION

The Board has delegated certain aspects of its responsibilities to its four Board Committees to assist in providing effective oversight and leadership:

- the Audit Committee;
- the Risk Committee;
- the Nomination and Remuneration Committee; and
- the Investment and Origination Committee.

The terms of reference for each of its Committees were approved by the Board and are reviewed annually.

The Committee reports are set out on pages 100 to 112.

The Investment and Origination Committee considers matters specific to PIC. The three remaining Committees consider matters concerning both PIC and PICG, as per the delegations in their terms of reference. Members of the Committees are appointed by the Board on recommendation of the Nomination and Remuneration Committee in consultation with the Committee Chairs.

In addition to the Board Committees, there are also a number of management and operating committees that assist executive management with business management and oversight of PIC and PICG in relation to: the day-to-day management of the business; investment matters; risk management frameworks and input into the development of the risk strategy; projects and major change initiatives to maximise PIC's project investment return; and all new business deals and interaction with policyholders, including Treating Customers Fairly outcomes and overall conduct.

BOARD AND COMMITTEE MEETINGS

The Board meets formally on a regular basis and attends to various matters by way of written resolutions. In light of the Covid-19 pandemic, the Board increased its communication and interaction with management and held several additional ad hoc Board meetings and received weekly updates from management. The Chairman and the Company Secretary ensure that, prior to each meeting, the Directors receive accurate, clear and timely information, which aids the decision-making process. Occasionally, the PIC and PICG Boards meet together to allow all-encompassing discussions of key matters such as the Group's strategy and business plan, Annual Report and Financial Statements, and matters raised by the four assurance functions: Risk, Internal Audit, Compliance and the Actuarial Function Holder.

At each meeting, the Board receives updates from the CEO and CFO, as well as from other members of the Executive Committee. These reports cover how the Group is executing the business plan, policyholder administration, including details of how we meet our obligation to treat policyholders fairly, the new business pipeline and associated investments, and Risk's review of current and emerging risks. The Chairs of each Board Committee also report back to the Board on each Committee's recent activities. The Board is in regular dialogue with senior management outside of formal meetings and, in addition to regular matters, the Board and Committees also discuss other topics that require their attention. The topics that the Board discussed outside of regular reports are detailed on pages 96 and 97.

ATTENDANCE BY DIRECTORS AT BOARD AND COMMITTEE MEETINGS

In 2020, there were seven scheduled PIC Board meetings and seven ad hoc meetings. The PICG Board held six scheduled meetings and six ad hoc meetings. The PIC and PICG Boards held joint Board meetings 11 times, with three of those meetings being designated as strategy sessions and five being ad hoc meetings.

The table below shows the attendance by Directors for both the PICG and PIC Boards, as well as the Board Committees, for all scheduled meetings. The table does not cover ad hoc meetings but these were also well attended by all Board members.

Director	PICG Board	PIC Board	Nomination and Remuneration Committee	Investment and Origination Committee	Audit Committee	Risk Committee
Jon Aisbitt	6/6	7/7	5/5	4/4	-	-
Tracy Blackwell	6/6	7/7	-	-	-	-
Judith Eden	6/6	7/7	5/5	-	-	5/5
Tim Gallico ¹	2/2	-	-	-	-	-
Stuart King	6/6	7/7	-	-	5/5	5/5
Arno Kitts	6/6	7/7	-	4/4	-	5/5
Josua Malherbe	6/6	n/a	-	-	-	-
Roger Marshall	6/6	7/7	-	-	5/5	5/5
Eloy Michotte ²	-	4/7	4/5	1/1	-	-
Jérôme Mourgue D'Algue	6/6	7/7	5/5	4/4	-	-
Peter Rutland ³	3/4	6/7	5/5	4/4	-	-
Steve Sarjant	-	7/7	-	-	5/5	5/5
Rob Sewell	-	7/7	-	-	-	-
Mark Stephen	6/6	7/7	5/5	-	5/5	-
Wilhelm van Zyl ⁴	5/6	6/7	-	2/3	-	5/5

1 Tim Gallico was appointed to PICG Board on 1 August 2020

2 Eloy Michotte did not attend some of the Board meetings due to personal reasons.

3 Peter Rutland did not attend the joint PIC/PICG Board meeting in March 2020 due to prior commitments. Peter stepped down from the PICG Board on 31 July 2020

4 Wilhelm van Zyl did not attend one of the strategy sessions in July 2020 due to prior commitments. He was represented at the meeting by Josua Malherbe.

BOARD COMPOSITION AND EFFECTIVENESS

The PIC Board is currently composed of a Chairman, CEO, CFO and ten Non-Executive Directors, six of whom are independent and four who have been nominated by major shareholders of the Group. The PICG Board comprises the same Chairman and CEO, as well as nine Non-Executive Directors, five of whom are independent and four nominated by major shareholders. There were no changes to the PIC Board membership during 2020; however, a search was conducted to find a new Chair of the Risk Committee who would replace Steve Sarjant on his planned retirement in March 2021. Sally Bridgeland was identified and appointed on 28 January 2021. She will replace Steve on the PIC Board and as Chair of the Risk Committee. Peter Rutland stepped down from the PICG Board on 31 July 2020 and was replaced by a CVC nominated Director, Tim Gallico, whose appointment commenced on 1 August 2020. Peter remains a Director of PIC. Eloy Michotte resigned from the PIC Board on 31 December 2020.

Each Director is expected to attend all Board meetings and all Committee meetings for which they are a member. All meetings are planned a year in advance except for meetings which may be required on an ad hoc basis. In order to ensure that the Board operates effectively, Directors' time commitments are assessed on appointment and reviewed on an ongoing basis. Any new appointments that Directors wish to accept must be cleared with the Chairman and the Company Secretary. The Board is satisfied that all NEDs are able to devote sufficient time to the business.

The Board is structured to provide the Company with an appropriate balance of skills, experience, knowledge and independence to enable it to discharge its duties and responsibilities effectively. Given the nature of the Group's business, insurance, actuarial and accounting experience as well as experience of the financial services sector is clearly of benefit and this is reflected in the composition of the Board and its Committees.

Decisions at Board meetings are taken by a majority of the Directors and in the case of an equality of votes the Chairman has the casting vote. The Board considers that no single Director can dominate or unduly influence decision making. During the year, the Chairman and the NEDs met without the Executive Directors, and the NEDs met without the Chairman present. The Board is aware that it currently does not meet best practice initiatives regarding the percentage of women on the Board and needs to improve the ethnic diversity on the Board. The Board intends to take steps where possible to rectify this as its refreshment programme progresses.

INDUCTION AND ONGOING TRAINING AND DEVELOPMENT

The Board has developed an induction programme which all new Directors participate in upon joining the Board. This programme is monitored by the Chairman and is the responsibility of the Company Secretary. Depending upon their qualifications and experience, the programme will include presentations and briefings, meetings with Board members, senior management and external advisers.

The ongoing professional development of the Directors has been reviewed by the Board and its Committees. The Chairman reviews and agrees training and development needs with each of the Directors annually. Directors have the opportunity to highlight specific areas where they feel their skills or knowledge would benefit from development as part of the Board evaluation process, and are encouraged to continue their own professional development through attendance at seminars and conferences. Directors confirm annually that they have received sufficient training to fulfil their duties.

The Company has provided two inductions in 2020, to Tim Gallico and Sally Bridgeland. The inductions involved meetings with each function within the Group and attending the first Board Committee meetings following their appointment in order to allow new Directors to be aware of all the current issues facing the Company. Specific training, that has been identified during the induction process, is then provided to new Directors to enable them to properly challenge the Executive Directors.

Training sessions are regularly provided to Directors for each round of Board and Committee meetings. Usually, there is a training session scheduled for each Board meeting and after each Investment and Origination Committee and Risk Committee meeting. During 2020, due to the Covid-19 pandemic the in-person training sessions were replaced by shorter video sessions. In addition to the mandatory compliance, conduct risk and anti-money laundering training, the Directors have been provided with thematic training sessions on ESG considerations in investments, entertainment royalties, climate change risk, customer journeys, IFRS 17, counterparty risk capital, reinsurance contracts, pricing process and vulnerable customers and their relevance to PIC.

TIME COMMITMENT

As part of the appointment process and their annual review the NEDs each confirm that they are able to allocate sufficient time to the Company to discharge their responsibilities. The external commitments of the Chairman and the other Directors are indicated in their profiles on pages 84 to 87. Each Director is required to advise the Chairman as early as possible and to seek the agreement of the Board before accepting additional commitments that might affect the time that a Director is able to devote to his or her role as a NED of the Company. The Board is satisfied that the Chairman and each NED are able to allocate sufficient time to enable them to discharge their duties and responsibilities effectively.

PERFORMANCE EVALUATION

The Board conducts an evaluation of its effectiveness each year in order to identify areas for development. Every three years the evaluation is facilitated by an external consulting firm. In 2020 such external evaluation was conducted by Clare Chalmers Limited, which was considered to have appropriate experience and understanding of similar firms and regulated regimes. The process entailed a series of interviews with Board Directors and management.

As part of the evaluation, the following strengths and areas for development were identified:

Board strengths:

- Committed and diligent Board.
- Open and constructive debate amongst the Directors with everyone having the opportunity to contribute and challenge.
- Board Committees work well and benefit from a depth of specialist skill set and good challenge. They are invaluable support to the Board as a whole.
- The Board has a good mix of competencies and experience, including knowledge of the business.

Areas for development:

- Further improve the Board's gender and ethnic diversity including consideration of adding a Board member with large business operations experience.
- Further review mechanisms and processes around executive succession planning, and individual performance and feedback.
- Review the annual Board programme focusing on a more thematic agenda.
- Further improve linkage between Investment and Origination Committee and Risk.
- Dedicate more time on the Risk Committee agenda to discuss emerging risks.



Good governance, strong values and the right culture enable the Company to do what is right for our policyholders, employees, shareholders and other stakeholders."

Areas for Board development from 2019 evaluation	Actions taken during 2020
Progress against Board's Diversity Policy.	A search was conducted to find a new Chair of the Risk Committee who would replace Steve Sarjant on his planned retirement in March 2021. Sally Bridgeland was appointed on 28 January 2021 and will replace Steve on the PIC Board and as Chair of the Risk Committee. Further work is needed on PICG Board diversity and ethnic diversity of both the PIC and PICG Boards.
The Nomination Committee to be mindful of the number of Directors appointed to the Board and to factor this into the Board succession planning.	This continued to be a challenge given the current provisions of the Articles of Association of PICG and shareholder agreement which gives rights to major shareholders to nominate directors to the Board. The Board is large in order to remain majority independent.
Continue to develop the strategy that is well balanced between the views of management and shareholders.	Three strategy sessions were held during 2020 at which the Board agreed on the long-term strategy for the Group.
Reduce operational considerations and review backward looking updates and focus on strategic matters.	Work has been done on reducing backward looking executive reports with more focused management information. With the long-term strategy agreed, the Board continues its focus on the oversight of the business and to ensure it remains stable and robust as it grows.

CONFLICTS OF INTEREST

The Board has established a procedure to deal with Directors' conflicts of interest which complies with the Company's Articles and the provisions in section 175 of the Companies Act 2006. Schedules of a Director's actual or potential conflicts are compiled based on disclosures made by the Director. These are updated and reviewed on an annual basis in addition to conflicts or potential conflicts being considered at the beginning of Board meetings.

ACCOUNTABILITY

The Board, through the Audit and Risk Committees, receives reports regarding the Company's risk management and internal control systems and has reviewed the Company's financial and business reporting, the effectiveness of the Group's systems of risk management and internal control, and the Company's relationship with its auditors, the details of which are set out in the Audit and Risk Committees' Reports on pages 100 to 106.

MODERN SLAVERY ACT 2015

The Group has a Modern Slavery Statement, which is reviewed and approved by the Board on an annual basis. The Company's Modern Slavery Act statement is available on the Company's website: www.pensioncorporation.com/about-us/modern-slavery-statement/.

PIC commits to support the aims of the Modern Slavery Act 2015 and seeks to ensure that modern slavery or human trafficking do not feature in any part of its business or supply chains. It has a zero-tolerance approach to any form of slavery and human trafficking within the Group or its suppliers and acts responsibly and ethically in business relationships to ensure human trafficking and slavery do not appear anywhere in its business operations.

ANTI-BRIBERY AND CORRUPTION

The Company operates an Anti-Bribery and Corruption Policy to prevent and prohibit bribery, in line with the Bribery Act 2010. The Company will not tolerate any form of bribery by, or of, its employees, agents or consultants or any person or body acting on its behalf, and no such incidents occurred in the financial year ended 31 December 2020. Senior management is committed to implementing effective measures to prevent, monitor and eliminate bribery. The policy covers:

- the main areas of liability under the Bribery Act 2010;
- the responsibilities of employees and associated persons acting for, or on behalf of, the Company; and
- the consequences of any breaches of the policy.

WHISTLEBLOWING ARRANGEMENTS

The Company has a policy which enables and encourages employees to report in confidence any possible improprieties in either financial reporting or other matters.

REMUNERATION

Details of the Directors' remuneration and the work of the Remuneration Committee can be found on pages 107 to 110.



BOARD ACTIVITIES

The impact of the Covid-19 pandemic has been significant for companies across all industries, including PIC. The Board has led the business's response to the pandemic and in addition to the regular matters that the Board discusses at each meeting, there were several key topics the Board considered during regular and ad hoc Board meetings which focused on issues arising from the pandemic. The Board in its considerations took into account its obligations arising from s.172 of the Companies Act 2006 as outlined on page 22. The key deliberations are listed below:

Employees and remuneration

- Received regular updates from the CEO and Chief People Officer on resourcing and wellbeing of staff, working arrangements during the pandemic and adjustments made to PIC's offices and working in the post-pandemic world.
- Approved the launch of the Company's share schemes for the year as an important way for the Company to engage with its employees.
- An employee survey was completed with the Board discussing the results and what their significance is on the Company's culture and strategy as well as the future ways of working in the post-pandemic reality.
- Received a report on the gender pay gap and progress made during the year.
- Approved annual remuneration parameters, NED and Executive remuneration taking into account all stakeholders' interest and business priorities

Risk management and Internal Model

- Carried out increased oversight and monitoring of PIC's liquidity and solvency positions ensuring that it was robust and resilient to exceptional market conditions during the pandemic.
- Closely oversaw PIC's portfolio and received regular updates on any de-risking carried out by the Investments team and assessment of risk arising from the US election.
- Closely oversaw PIC's external operations with particular focus on administration services outsourced to Capita to ensure minimal impact on PIC's policyholders.
- Approved risk appetite with particular focus on capital risk, debt, hedging and pricing.
- Approved the Company's Own Risk and Solvency Assessment.
- Regular reports were made to the Board on the progress of regulatory and Covid-19 stress and scenario testing to ensure the business remained resilient and robust in challenging times and there was no adverse impact on policyholders, workforce and other stakeholders.
- Reviewed reinsurance strategy in light of the pandemic development.
- Continued its focus on conduct risk and received training on vulnerable customers and their relevance to PIC.
- Continued its focus on PIC's regulatory engagement.
- The updated recovery and resolution plan was approved by the Board.

Financial reporting and controls

- Approved the full year Annual Report and Account.
- Reviewed and approved the integrated assurance plan and noted updates against the plan in reports from the Audit Committee.
- Approved the Company's Whistleblowing Policy and reviewed the Whistleblowing report.
- The Non-Executive Directors continued to challenge senior management on the progress of the Capita migration, in particular the controls that were being put in place to safeguard policyholders.

Board activities

Strategy

- Approved the five-year business plan following the Board discussing various scenarios at its strategy day focusing on PIC's purpose, growth and long-term success.
- Approved the capital raise at the start of 2020 and two Tier II debt issuances during the year ensuring the business can deliver on its objectives and serve its purpose.
- New business transactions above a defined threshold require Board approval and the Board considered and approved some new business transactions during 2020.
- Discussed culture in the context of how it affects the Company's strategy.
- Considered the Company's pricing assumptions against investment outcomes.
- Approved equity release mortgages Major Model Change application to the PRA.
- Provided oversight of the company wide, comprehensive program of change that has been instituted as part of the strategy to provide a robust platform for future growth for the business, and which focuses on key processes, people, MI and technology.

Corporate governance

- Discussed the composition of the Board and Committees which resulted in the decision to appoint an additional independent Non-Executive Director and changes to Committees' membership recognising that a strong Board is key to its long-term success.
- Considered the results of an external Board effectiveness review in 2020 as disclosed in this report.
- Approved changes to the delegation of authority to suit the circumstances arising from the pandemic to ensure that during this challenging time PIC maintained high standards of business conduct.



STAKEHOLDERS AND THE BOARD

PIC aims to provide secure and stable retirement incomes through leading customer service, comprehensive risk management and excellence in asset and liability management. The Board recognises that the needs and relevance of different groups of stakeholders can vary over time, and as such the Board seeks to understand the needs and priorities of each stakeholder as part of its decision making. This can only be achieved through engagement with, and consideration of, all stakeholders including our suppliers, employees, policyholders, shareholders and debt holders, trustees, investment counterparties and regulators.

The consideration of stakeholder needs is not new to PIC; however, this year we are taking the opportunity to explain in further detail how we, and our Board, engage with our stakeholders, and how stakeholder needs are at the core of our decision making. This is integral to the way the Board operates and pages 26 and 27 of the Strategic Report set out who our stakeholders are and how we have engaged with them as a business.

Further detail on how the Board engaged with our stakeholders during the year to fulfil its duties under s.172(1) of the Companies Act 2006 is included in further sections below and on page 99.

SUPPORTING THE BOARD'S COMMITMENT TO STAKEHOLDERS

At all times PIC takes the views of its stakeholders seriously, especially when taking business decisions. In particular, the Company's Board process has been reviewed and enhanced so that Board papers include a section outlining how the interests of stakeholders are affected by a particular decision and this helps the Directors take the s.172 factors into consideration in their decision making. This brings stakeholder interests to the forefront not only for our Directors, but also for senior management when bringing proposals to the Board. An illustration of where the interests of our stakeholders have had an impact on some of the Board's key decisions is covered in examples on pages 23 and 24 in the s.172 statement of this Annual Report.

New Directors joining the Board are also provided with an induction programme that includes training on directors' duties and, with regard to s.172, the factors that must be taken into consideration. Directors receive periodic refresher training on directors' duties throughout their tenure. The induction programme and continuing Board education sessions provide the Directors with an understanding of the Company's business, risks, financial performance and regulatory landscape and help to provide them with a solid foundation for making decisions with stakeholders in mind.

The Company has a schedule of matters reserved for the Board which makes sure that certain material and/or strategic decisions can only be made by the Board and may not be delegated to Executive Committees or senior management. More detail on the matters reserved for the Board can be found on page 98 in the section 'The Board and its responsibilities'.

Combined with a robust agenda-setting process, this schedule helps the Company to make sure that decisions are made at the right level and that stakeholder impacts are particularly considered in the most significant decisions. The Board is also supported in its work by four Board Committees, whose responsibilities are delegated by the Board and are described on page 92.

EMBEDDING STAKEHOLDER INTERESTS WITHIN OUR CULTURE

Through informed discussion at Board level, our executive team carries forward stakeholder consideration into and throughout the business as described on pages 26 and 27. PIC operates a culture of openness and transparency, with management at all levels working amongst their operational teams, ensuring that the tone from the top is well embedded in the day-to-day operations of the Company and therefore stakeholder interests are evidenced in PIC's culture.

Valuing our stakeholders

As a business we know that we can only be successful and sustainable in the long term if we take into account our stakeholders, their views and needs. The Board places an utmost importance on our stakeholders and takes an active role in engaging with them. The pandemic presented some challenges to the usual interactions but did not prevent the Board in its effort to engage with PIC stakeholders during the year as much as possible. The main activities of the Board with regard to stakeholder engagement are shown below.



SUPPLIERS

- The Board recognises its suppliers which are identified and managed in accordance with PIC's Third Party Management Policy which forms part of a PIC-wide policy framework approved by the Board. A risk assessment is carried out on each supplier and the service provided to identify and prioritise critical relationships along with the applicable due diligence, whilst setting the frequency of ongoing reviews. This process is integral to any Board decision in respect of critical suppliers and outsourcers.
- The Board and its Committees regularly discuss commercial performance of PIC's suppliers, investment managers and key outsourcers, including an update on relationships. It is key for the Board that PIC fosters these relationships so that they are mutually beneficial, sustainable, and therefore in the best interest of PIC's policyholders.
- In 2020 the Board continued its close oversight of the migration of PIC's administration services to Capita ensuring that the process took into account the needs of PIC's policyholders and requirements both of PIC and Capita. More on this can be found on page 23.



SHAREHOLDERS & DEBT HOLDERS

- The Annual Report, Half-Yearly Results, RNS updates are available throughout the year and these provide information on the Company's activities and financial information. The Board and its Committees are part of the process ensuring this information is accurate, fair, balanced and accessible to our stakeholders.
- Major shareholders' views are voiced to the Board and management through their nominated Directors on the Board. Further, the Board has ongoing interactions with employees who are the largest group by number of shareholders.



REGULATORS AND POLICYMAKERS

- PIC is subject to regulation and supervision by regulatory authorities in the UK, most notably the Financial Conduct Authority and the PRA. The Board and its Committees are kept updated on PIC's interactions with the regulators and receives Periodic Summary Meeting Letters. Throughout the year Directors met with the PRA, and management provided updates on major developments at PIC. PIC seeks to engage with regulators proactively to facilitate dialogue on a regulatory landscape, either by taking part in a formal consultation process or through meetings. Where appropriate, consulting in advance with the regulators is part of the Board's decision-making process.



POLICYHOLDERS

- Directors usually meet with policyholders during the Company's Policyholder Days. The Covid-19 pandemic prevented us from holding these events in person, but we held an online 'Policyholder Hour' event and a recording of the Chairman's message to policyholders was presented.
- The Board received training on vulnerable customers and their relevance to PIC during which they heard anonymised stories of vulnerable policyholders, their experiences and how PIC acted to ensure best outcomes for its policyholders. Having in-depth understanding of issues faced by vulnerable customers helps the Board in its consideration of any decisions which may impact PIC's policyholders.
- Non-Executive Directors took part in a series of workshops which explored PIC's customer journeys. These provided the Board with a detailed insight into customer touchpoints, experiences, challenges and outcomes.



EMPLOYEES

- The Board has regular interactions with PIC's workforce including mentorship provided by NEDs to the executive team, attendance by a relatively large pool of employees at Board and Committee meetings and engagement outside of meetings on a variety of initiatives.
- The Board received updates on the results of the employee survey and took these into account in its decisions affecting employees, e.g. in respect of remuneration, approval of the budget and the business plan.
- During challenging times at the peak of the pandemic the Board was regularly updated on the wellbeing of staff and supported management in devising the best way forward during the pandemic and in the post-pandemic reality.



DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION SCHEME TRUSTEES

- The relationship the Company has with trustees, and their expectations, is discussed alongside each deal considered by the Board. Feedback received from the trustees and consultants is factored into the Board's strategic discussions around new business and underpins the Board's approval of the business plan.



DIRECT INVESTMENT COUNTERPARTIES

- PIC works with its counterparties, such as social housing providers and the development of renewable energy projects, and provides financing to counterparties which enables development of new homes for social rent. The Board is part of the approval of any new strategies and the ongoing oversight of direct investments to ensure they provide good outcome for communities, for PIC and for its policyholders.

AUDIT COMMITTEE REPORT



ROGER MARSHALL
Chair of the Audit Committee

COMMITTEE MEMBERS

The membership as at the date of this report together with attendance record for the year ended 31 December 2020 are set out below:

Roger Marshall (Chair)

Sally Bridgeland (member from 28 January 2021)

Stuart King

Steve Sarjant

Mark Stephen

The role of the Audit Committee during 2020 has been more important than ever with its increased focus on the Company's internal controls and external reporting.

The Committee held most of its meetings remotely via video conference due to the Covid-19 pandemic. The Committee continued with its planned annual programme which included a report from the Head of Internal Audit on the effectiveness of the Group controls, risk management and governance processes, updates on outcomes of any significant audits, and proposed improvements and mitigating actions agreed with management, as well as

oversight of financial reporting, related methodologies and underlying assumptions.

In performance of its role the Committee was cognisant of the impact of the Covid-19 pandemic and challenges that it posed for the Company. It meant that the Committee increased its focus on the risk management and internal control frameworks to ensure these kept up with the growth of the Group, and remained robust and resilient during the pandemic. It also made sure that any impact of the pandemic was appropriately captured in the external reporting.

As in previous years the Committee spent a considerable amount of time on oversight of the major projects such as policy data, third party risk management and the Finance Change Programme which also covers IFRS17 implementation. The efficiency and integrity of the Company's financial reporting depend on the efficiency and integrity of these projects.

More detail on the Committee's activities is included in further sections of this report.

THE COMMITTEE

The Board of the Company has established the Audit Committee to ensure that there is strong and responsible leadership at the head of the Company, together with an appropriate range of skills, knowledge and experience. The Committee was in place throughout the financial year ended 31 December 2020, and chaired by Roger Marshall. It comprises only INEDs of the Company, all of whom are considered to be free of any relationship that would affect their impartiality in carrying out their responsibilities and were independent as required under the Code. In addition to these members, regular attendees include the Chairman of the Board, CEO, CFO, Chief Risk Officer, General Counsel, Head of Internal Audit and Wilhelm van Zyl, a shareholder nominated Director. Other relevant people from the Company may also be invited to attend all or part of a meeting to provide deeper insight into the Company and its issues. The Board considers that all Committee members have the appropriate financial expertise, as required by the Code, and details of their experience are included within their individual biographies which can

MEETING ATTENDANCE

The table below shows the attendance by Committee members for all scheduled meetings.

Roger Marshall	5/5
Stuart King	5/5
Steve Sarjant	5/5
Mark Stephen	5/5





...the Committee increased its focus on the risk management and internal control frameworks to ensure these kept up with the growth of the Group, and remained robust and resilient during the pandemic.”

be found on pages 84 to 87. Members of the Committee are appointed by the Board, upon the recommendation of the Nomination and Remuneration Committee and in consultation with the Chair of the Committee. There were no changes made during the year to the membership of the Committee.

The Chair of the Committee reports to subsequent meetings of the Board and the Board receives a copy of the minutes of each Committee meeting once these have been approved by the Committee.

The Committee's role and responsibilities:

- Make recommendations to the Board on appointment or re-appointment of the external auditor, and oversight of the external auditor and annual audit.
- Oversight and appointment of Internal Audit function.
- Review systems of internal controls including financial, IT, governance and compliance.
- Oversight responsibility for the integrity of financial reporting, including Annual Report and Financial Statements, and related accounting policies and judgements.
- Review of any applicable annual solvency or regulatory capital reporting which the Group and the Company are required to do under the regulatory reporting obligations.
- Review of any applicable material which the Committee is required to review under the Group's and the Company's Reporting and Disclosure Policy.
- Review of any other external reporting material (such as investor reporting) which management may bring to the Committee for review or approval.
- Liaise closely with the Risk Committee, and seek to identify, and ensure that there are steps to mitigate, any significant risk to the Group and the Company not covered by the headings above.

In accordance with its terms of reference the Board has delegated to the Committee responsibility for overseeing key areas of responsibility which include the following:

Financial and narrative reporting – this area of responsibility includes monitoring the integrity and compliance of the Company's financial statements and any formal announcements or publications relating to the Group's financial performance as well as reviewing significant financial reporting issues and judgements made in connection with them.

Risk management – this includes reviewing and monitoring the effectiveness of the procedures for the identification, assessment and reporting of risk as well as setting, and monitoring adherence to, a risk appetite that defines the nature and extent of the risks that the Group is facing and should be willing to take in achieving its strategic objectives. It also includes oversight of the processes by which risk-based capital requirements, and the Group's solvency position, are determined and monitored.

Compliance – this includes reviewing the Group's compliance policies and procedures to ensure that the Group complies with relevant regulatory and legal requirements, including the arrangements in place for the reporting and investigation of concerns and for ensuring fair customer outcomes.

Internal audit – this includes monitoring the role and effectiveness of the Group's Internal Audit function including approving the annual programme of internal audit work, monitoring the reports arising from internal audits and the status of actions resulting therefrom and the appointment or removal of the Head of Internal Audit.

Whistleblowing – reviewing arrangements by which employees may in confidence raise concerns about possible improprieties regarding financial reporting and other matters.

Internal controls – this includes reviewing the effectiveness of the Group's system of internal controls and ensuring timely action is taken by management to address matters arising from the risk and internal audit assessments. In order to do so, the Committee meets regularly with management, the CRO, the General Counsel and the Head of Internal Audit to review the effectiveness of internal controls, risk management and compliance processes.

The Committee approves the internal audit plan and the integrated assurance plan each year and there are updates from the Head of Internal Audit and the CRO on the progress of implementation and monitoring of controls at each meeting. The General Counsel also provides a report on the material issues identified through the Compliance Monitoring Programme at each meeting.

Each year the Committee reviews the effectiveness of the Internal Audit function and of the performance of the Head of Internal Audit, to ensure high standards of oversight and challenge remain in the third line of defence. The Committee is satisfied that the quality, experience and expertise of the Internal Audit function is appropriate for the Group.



AUDIT COMMITTEE CONTINUED

External audit – this includes considering and making recommendations to the Board on the appointment of the external auditor (including approving the remuneration and terms of appointment) as well as reviewing the external auditor's annual audit programme and the results therefrom. The Committee assesses the auditor's independence and objectivity and reviews the quality and effectiveness of the audit. To ensure the continued independence of the auditor, the Group has put in place a Non-Audit Services Policy, which is reviewed annually by the Committee, and the Committee reviews the non-audit services provided by the external auditor.

Other matters – this includes approving policies which fall within the Committee's remit as part of the Policy Framework Project including the Whistleblowing Policy. The Committee also reviewed its terms of reference and recommended them to the Board for approval, as well as reviewing the Group tax strategy.

The Committee has a planned cycle of activities to ensure that it addresses its responsibilities in the current financial year.

ACTIVITIES DURING THE YEAR

During the financial year, the Committee held six meetings, five of which were scheduled and one was ad hoc. The Committee receives regular reports from the Internal Audit, Risk and Compliance functions, as well as updates regarding progress of major projects being undertaken which affect the control framework of the Group. The Committee also receives regular financial performance reports. In addition to these regular reports, this year the Committee considered the matters below.

Financial reporting:

- Reviewed the accounting issues and significant judgements related to the financial statements.
- Reviewed the process and stress testing undertaken to support the Group's viability and going concern statements.
- Reviewed the appropriateness of the Group's accounting policies.
- Reviewed appropriateness of key accounting judgements.
- Reviewed and confirmed to the Board that, based on its review of the Annual Report and Accounts and internal controls that support the disclosures, the Annual Report and Accounts, taken as a whole, are fair, balanced and understandable and provide the necessary information for the shareholders to assess the Company's position and performance and its business model and strategy.
- Reviewed Half Year and Year End valuation basis and assumptions.
- Received reports and updates from the Actuarial Function Holder in respect of validation of Technical Provisions and year end basis and assumptions.
- Reviewed 2019 statutory accounts and reviewed the drafting of the 2020 statutory accounts for both PIC and PICG, and approved the half yearly report.
- Considered and approved the Solvency and Financial Condition Report for filing with the Company's regulator.
- Reviewed the TMTP recalculation assessment.

Internal controls and risk management:

- Reviewed the Group's system of controls and its effectiveness using information drawn from a number of different sources including management, compliance and risk management reports, and independent assurance provided by internal audit (through its annual audit plan) and the external auditor.
- Reviewed the Internal Model Consolidated Annual Validation Report.
- Received Internal Audit opinion on the effectiveness of the Group controls, risk management and governance processes.
- Continued overseeing the key projects such as policy data, third party risk management, and the Finance Change Programme which focuses on IFRS 17 implementation.
- Reviewed and approved the 2021 annual Compliance Monitoring Programme.
- Reviewed the Money Laundering Reporting Officer's report.
- Received updates on regulatory interactions.
- Reviewed and approved various policies within the Committee's remit.

Internal and External Audit:

- Approved the Internal Audit Policy, Internal Audit Charter and 2021 internal audit plan.
- Reviewed the external auditor's plan for the audit of the Group's financial statements, which included key areas of scope of work, key risks on the financial statements, and the proposed audit fee and terms of appointment.
- Reviewed the results of the external auditor's effectiveness assessment which was conducted in Q4 2020. Based on the survey, discussions with management and Committee members, the Committee concluded that it was satisfied with the quality of the audit work completed and that the challenge from the external audit team was at the satisfactory level. The Committee also confirmed it was satisfied that the auditor remained independent and objective.

Other matters:

- The Committee, together with the Risk Committee, reviewed the equity release mortgages (ERM) securitisation proposals and the ERM Major Model Change and Matching Adjustment applications, and made recommendations to the Board to approve these.

Significant issues throughout the year were dealt with as follows:

Area of focus	Actions taken by the Committee
Finance Change Programme including IFRS 17	The Committee continued to provide oversight of the wider Finance Change Programme which focuses on transformation of Finance and updated technology, reporting and analytical tools.
IFRS 17 methodology	The Committee reviewed progress made in IFRS 17 preparation and progress on the technical development of IFRS 17 methodology and assessed high-level financial impacts on PIC's plans.
Valuation basis and assumptions	The Committee continued to review and approve valuation basis and assumptions for financial reporting.
Matching Adjustment update	The operation of the Matching Adjustment has been further reviewed to reflect the ERM Major Model Change and other minor updates based on the feedback from the PRA.

PERFORMANCE EVALUATION

An external evaluation of the Board and its Committees was carried out during 2020. Each Committee member and executives who regularly attend meetings were interviewed. The results found the Committee was well chaired with good participation from well-prepared Committee members and attendees.

COVID-19

The Committee discussed in detail the potential impacts of the Covid-19 pandemic, on both the viability of the business and the valuation of its assets and liabilities at the reporting date. The Committee is satisfied that there is no material impact on the valuation of assets or liabilities, and that the outbreak, while presenting operational challenges across the industry, does not currently have a material impact on our conclusion as to the viability and going concern of the business. The Committee also recognises that the effects of the pandemic are ongoing and the outcomes remain uncertain, and while PIC has not adjusted the base mortality assumptions the Committee continues to review and assess these.

AREAS OF FOCUS FOR 2021

The Committee's focus will primarily continue to be on the quality of the Group's external reporting; ensuring the effectiveness of the external auditor, Internal Audit and Compliance functions; and considering the effectiveness of the Group's internal controls. The Committee will also continue to assist the Board in providing direction and leadership as the Group navigates its way through any impacts of the Covid-19 pandemic.

As the Group continues to grow and mature, the Committee will oversee the controls and governance of any changes in the Group to ensure the continued effectiveness and integrity of the Group's systems of internal controls.

On behalf of the Audit Committee

Roger Marshall
Chair of the Audit Committee

16 March 2021





STEVE SARJANT
Chair of the Risk Committee

COMMITTEE MEMBERS

The membership as at the date of this report together with the attendance record for the year ended 31 December 2020 are set out below:

Steve Sarjant (Chair)

Sally Bridgeland (member from 28 January 2021)

Judith Eden

Stuart King

Arno Kitts

Roger Marshall

Wilhelm Van Zyl

As you will have seen reported by my fellow Committee Chairs, 2020 has presented some challenges to the Group which were brought by the unfolding uncertainty of the Covid-19 impact. Despite that, the Group continued to grow and evolve with significant organisational and operational changes progressing throughout the year.

The Risk Committee (the "Committee") played a key role in assisting the Board with oversight of the Group, identifying and assessing emerging risks and their potential impact on the Group. The Committee held most of its meetings remotely via video conference and continued with its planned annual programme which focused on oversight and advice to the Board on the Group's current and likely risk exposures, risk appetite, risk management and risk policies, procedures and risk controls. The Committee continued to monitor PIC's solvency, capital and liquidity management. It also maintained significant attention on PIC's banking and reinsurance counterparties given market volatility and the Covid-19 impact on the economy in general.

The Committee also provided detailed input into the discussions around the work on stress and scenario testing and review of the Risk Appetite Framework. It also received regular updates on PIC's regulatory engagement to ensure transparency and cooperation with the regulators was maintained during the pandemic.

More detail on the Committee's activities and the focus for the coming year is covered in further sections of this report.

MEETING ATTENDANCE

The table below shows the attendance by Committee members for all scheduled meetings.

Steve Sarjant	5/5
Judith Eden	5/5
Stuart King	5/5
Arno Kitts	5/5
Roger Marshall	5/5
Wilhelm Van Zyl	5/5





We have kept a close eye on operational risks and overall operational resilience.”

THE COMMITTEE

The Board of the Company has established the Risk Committee to ensure that there is strong and responsible leadership at the head of the Company, together with an appropriate range of skills, knowledge and experience. The Committee provides oversight and advice to the Board in relation to current and future risk exposure of the Group and this includes providing oversight of the future risk strategy, including the determination of risk appetite and tolerance and the effectiveness of the risk management framework and (in conjunction with the Audit Committee) internal controls required to manage risk. The Committee was in place throughout the financial year ended 31 December 2020 and was chaired by Steve Sarjant. It comprises a majority of independent NEDs of the Company, who are considered to be free of any relationship that would affect their impartiality in carrying out their responsibilities and were independent as required under the Code. Membership is strengthened by Roger Marshall, who is Chair of the Audit Committee, as well as Stuart King's and Steve Sarjant's membership of the Audit Committee. The Committee is also well linked to the Investment and Origination Committee (the "IOC") through the membership of Arno Kitts and Wilhelm Van Zyl who are the Chair and a member of the IOC respectively.

In addition to these members, regular attendees include the Chairman of the Board, CEO, CFO, CRO, General Counsel and Head of Internal Audit. Members of the Committee are appointed by the Board, upon the recommendation of the Nomination and Remuneration Committee and in consultation with the Chair of the Committee. There were no changes made during the year to the membership of the Committee. It is planned that Steve Sarjant will retire in March 2021 and will be replaced by Sally Bridgeland as the Chair of the Committee.

The Chair of the Committee reports to subsequent meetings of the Board and the Board receives a copy of the minutes of each Committee meeting once these have been approved by the Committee.

The Committee's role and responsibilities:

- Working closely with the Audit Committee, the Committee provides oversight and advice to the PIC and PICG Boards on the Group's current and likely risk exposures, risk appetite, risk management and risk policies and procedures and risk controls.
- reviewing and monitoring the effectiveness of the procedures for the identification, assessment and reporting of risk as well as adherence to risk appetite that defines the extent of risks the Group is facing and is prepared to take in achieving its strategic objectives.
- Overseeing the Internal Model and recommending improvements to the Board.
- Ensuring effectiveness of the Risk function and the performance of the CRO.

- Providing challenge to embed and maintain a supportive risk culture throughout the Group.
- Reviewing and overseeing the interactions between the Group and its regulators.

In accordance with its terms of reference the Board has also delegated to the Committee responsibility for overseeing key areas of responsibility which include the following:

Governance and framework – this area of responsibility includes an oversight of the Risk Appetite Framework, systems of governance and policies, and the Risk Appetite and Tolerances Schedule to ensure they remain appropriate and evolve with the changing external environment. The Committee also considers regular integrated assurance reports to help ensure that the systems of risk management and internal controls are appropriate, as well as the limits set for various counterparties. The CRO provides to the Committee a report on the annual assessment of risk and compliance within established risk appetite limits as part of the consideration of the Remuneration Committee's recommendations to the Board in respect of the remuneration policy. The ORSA report is also reviewed and recommended to the Board for approval, as well as the Actuarial Function Opinions on Reinsurance and Underwriting Policy. Furthermore, the Committee reviews its terms of reference and recommends these to the Board for approval.

Risk oversight, monitoring and controls – this includes keeping under review the Group's overall risk identification, assessment and management processes that inform Board's decision making. The Committee receives an overview of the emerging risks which can potentially affect the Group but at the same time bring opportunities and this is assessed. It considered the impact of the UK's exit from the European Union and looked at both the financial and operational impacts. The Committee also discusses the investment risk and reviews the stress and scenario testing. In addition, any risk incidents are challenged to see if there were any systemic issues which could compromise the integrity of the risk management and internal controls systems.

Internal Model – this includes reviewing the Internal Model validation report and the Internal Model Consolidated Annual Report, as well as the Internal Model validation plan for recommendation to the Board for approval.

The Committee has a planned cycle of activities to ensure that it addresses its responsibilities in the current financial year.



RISK COMMITTEE CONTINUED

ACTIVITIES DURING THE YEAR

During the financial year, the Committee held six meetings, five of which were scheduled meetings and one was ad hoc. Each year, the Committee carries out a robust assessment of the Group's principal risks, the Group's management of these risks and its internal controls, making appropriate recommendations to the Board. This year, the Committee reported to the Board that it was happy with the procedures in place to monitor and manage risks, and that the internal controls in place are fit for purpose. The Committee receives the following regular reports at each meeting: the CRO's overview, risk management information pack, risk appetite dashboard, enterprise risk management dashboard, risk incident report and integrated assurance report, as well as updates from the Head of Internal Audit on matters of interest to the Committee. In addition to these regular reports, this year the Committee:

Risk monitoring and controls:

- Received an overview of the emerging risks, including those arising from the Covid-19 pandemic and the UK's exit from the European Union.
- Reviewed PIC's capital Risk Appetite Framework and made recommendations to the Board to approve more conservative limits.
- Received updates on PIC's counterparties and how they have been impacted by the Covid-19 pandemic.
- Discussed the investment risk including consideration of the Diversified Capital Fund.
- Reviewed stress and scenario testing including economic, operational and conduct risk scenarios.
- Provided input into Board discussions around the Covid-19 pandemic stress and scenario testing.
- Challenged any risk incidents to see if there were any systemic issues which could compromise the integrity of the risk management and internal controls systems.

Internal Model:

- Reviewed the Internal Model validation report and the Internal Model Consolidated Annual Report;
- Reviewed the Internal Model Validation plan and recommended it to the Board for approval;
- Reviewed the Internal Model drift analysis to ensure PIC's Internal Model does not weaken over time such that it no longer reflects the risks to which PIC is exposed; and
- Together with the Audit Committee, reviewed the ERM securitisation proposals and the ERM Major Model Change and Matching Adjustment applications, and made recommendations to the Board to approve these.

Governance and framework:

- Reviewed the CRO's report on the annual assessment of risk and compliance within established risk appetite limits as part of the consideration of the Remuneration Committee's recommendations to the Board in respect of the Remuneration Policy;
- Reviewed the performance of the Risk function and the CRO.
- Reviewed the Committee's terms of reference and recommended them to the Board for approval.
- Reviewed the regular integrated assurance reports to help ensure that the systems of risk management and internal controls are appropriate.
- Reviewed the ORSA report and recommended it to the Board for approval.

- Reviewed the Actuarial Function Opinion on Reinsurance Underwriting Policy.
- Approved the Risk Function Mandate and various policies which are within the Committee's remit and are subject to annual review.
- Received regular updates on regulatory interactions.

Oversight of projects:

- Provided oversight of the workstreams within the Risk function's remit which had arisen as part of the business-wide transformation project including further development of the risk management framework.
- Provided oversight of the project focusing on the redevelopment of the credit module of the Internal Model.

PERFORMANCE EVALUATION

An external evaluation of the Board and its Committees was carried out during 2020. Each Committee member and executives who regularly attend meetings were interviewed. The results found members and attendees contribute well to the meetings, and good effort is made to link with other Board Committees.

COVID-19

The Committee discussed in detail the potential impacts of the Covid-19 pandemic, on both the viability of the business and the valuation of its assets and liabilities at the reporting date. The Committee provided detailed input into the Board discussions around the Covid-19 stress and scenario testing. The Committee is satisfied that there is no material impact on the valuation of assets or liabilities, and that the outbreak, while presenting operational challenges across the industry, does not currently have a material impact on our conclusion as to the viability and going concern of the business. The Committee also recognises that the effects of the pandemic are ongoing and the outcomes remain uncertain and the Committee will continue to review and assess these.

AREAS OF FOCUS FOR 2021

The Committee will continue to focus on ensuring that the Company has appropriate risk management procedures, processes and controls in place as the business continues to grow; keep the Company's risk appetite under review; monitor emerging risks to the business including the growing risk from climate change and oversee the relationship between the Company and its regulators. The Committee will also continue to assist the Board in providing direction and leadership as the Group navigates its way through any impacts of the Covid-19 pandemic.

On behalf of the Risk Committee

Steve Sarjant
Chair of the Risk Committee

16 March 2021

NOMINATION AND REMUNERATION COMMITTEE REPORT



JON AISBITT
Chair of the Nomination Committee



JUDITH EDEN
Chair of the Remuneration Committee

COMMITTEE MEMBERS

The Nomination and Remuneration Committee is a joint Committee ("the Committee"), as determined by the Articles of the Company. In practice, nomination matters and remuneration matters are discussed separately and despite the same membership of the Committee, there are two chairs, as shown below. Below is also the membership as at the date of this report together with the attendance record for the year ended 31 December 2020.

Jon Aisbitt (Chair of the Nomination Committee)

Peter Rutland (Chair of the Remuneration Committee)
(until 14 October 2020)

Judith Eden (Chair of the Remuneration Committee)
(from 15 October 2020)

Eloy Michotte (member until 31 December 2020)

Jérôme Mourgue D'Algue

Mark Stephen

Josua Malherbe (member from 1 January 2021)

The Committee has continued to focus on Board composition, succession planning and the management incentive programmes this year. The Committee reviewed and recommended to the PICG Board appointment of Tim Gallico as a NED. Tim, a Senior Managing Director at CVC, is a Director nominated by one of our large shareholders, and brings a wealth of experience from the investment industry. As part of the PIC Board succession planning, the Committee identified Sally Bridgeland as the right candidate to join the PIC Board (subject to regulatory approval) and to take on the role of the Risk Committee Chair on Steve Sarjant's planned retirement in March 2021. Sally will also join the Audit Committee. Sally has a depth of experience in both pensions and investment industries which will further strengthen the PIC Board.

The Committee has been further addressing Board diversity and whilst it increased female representation on the PIC Board, the Committee identified that more work is needed, in particular with regard to ethnic minorities' representation on the Boards. The Board is limited in its ability to affect Board diversity as there are four shareholder nominated Directors on the Board, and while the Company discusses the need for diversity with our shareholders, these nominations are ultimately made by our shareholders.

Alongside diversity, the Committee continued making the Board's succession plans more visible with the Board so that all Directors, and not just the members of the Committee, are aware of what these plans are and how they affect the Company's strategy. When deciding on a pipeline of talent to support the succession plans, the Committee considers diversity and the Directors' skills matrix to ensure we have a Board with the skills and diversity to deliver the Company's purpose and strategy. This year an external Board effectiveness assessment was undertaken to assess their strengths and areas of development; more detail can be found on page 94.

MEETING ATTENDANCE

The table below shows the attendance by Committee members for all scheduled meetings.

Jon Aisbitt	5/5
Peter Rutland	5/5
Judith Eden	5/5
Eloy Michotte¹	4/5
Jérôme Mourgue D'Algue	5/5
Mark Stephen	5/5

¹ Eloy Michotte did not attend the meeting held in November 2020 due to personal reasons.





The Committee considers diversity and the Directors' skills matrix to ensure a Board with the skills and diversity to deliver the Company's purpose and strategy."

Much of the Committee's focus has been on benchmarking the remuneration structure to listed peers and regulatory expectations to determine the appropriate structure in order to incentivise and reward long-term performance. The review covers the entire incentive framework and external adviser, Deloitte, has been engaged to assist the Committee with this review.

More detail on the Committee's activities is included in further sections of this report.

THE COMMITTEE

The Board of the Company has established a Nomination and Remuneration Committee to ensure that there is strong, responsible leadership at the head of the Company. The Committee ensures that appropriate plans are in place for orderly succession to both Board and senior management positions, as well as to oversee the development of a diverse pipeline for succession, ensuring an appropriate range of skills, knowledge, and experience are considered, to make recommendations in respect of appointments, for approval by the Board. The Committee also oversees the establishment and implementation of a remuneration policy for employees and directors, designed to support long-term business strategy and values of the Group as a whole, as well as promote effective risk management and comply with applicable legal and regulatory requirements. It reviews performance and approves remuneration arrangements as set out within its terms of reference.

The Committee was in place throughout the financial year ended 31 December 2020. Nomination matters were chaired by Jon Aisbitt and remuneration matters were chaired by Peter Rutland until 14 October 2020 when he handed over the Chair role to INED, Judith Eden. The Committee does not have an independent majority as required by the Code. It comprises six Directors, three of whom are independent and who are considered to be free of any relationship that would affect their impartiality in carrying out their responsibilities and were independent as required under the Code. In particular, the INEDs, Judith Eden and Mark Stephen, create a strong link between this Committee and the Audit and Risk Committees respectively, so that a strong risk mindset is maintained when discussing remuneration and nomination matters. The non-independent Directors are nominated by major shareholders and allow these shareholders to safeguard and have oversight of the sustainable growth of the Company through Board appointments and to ensure remuneration is in line with regulatory requirements and has regard to shareholders' and other stakeholders' interests, as required by s.172 of the Companies Act 2006.

In addition to these members, regular attendees include the Chief Executive and the Chief People Officer. The Chief Risk Officer attends periodically to assist the Committee in determining whether the Company has performed within its risk profile before making decisions relating to remuneration. Chair of the Risk Committee and the SID are also invited to attend specific meetings on relevant agenda items where change to remuneration policy is considered; consultation on those plans also take place at Board level. Risk Committee input to bonus pool and material risk takers' performance is also sought. Members of the Committee are appointed by the Board, upon the recommendation of the Committee. There were two changes during the year: Eloy Michotte retired from the Committee effective from 31 December 2020 and was replaced by Josua Malherbe effective from 1 January 2021; and as mentioned before, Peter Rutland handed over chairing remuneration matters to INED Judith Eden, effective from 15 October 2020. Peter remains a member of the Committee.

The Chairs of the Committee report to subsequent meetings of the Board.

The Committee's role and responsibilities:

In accordance with its terms of reference the Board has delegated to the Committee responsibility for overseeing key areas of responsibility which include the following:

- Reviewing the structure, size and composition (including the skills, knowledge, experience and diversity) of the Board and its Committees and making recommendations to the Board regarding any changes;
- Adopting a formal, rigorous and transparent procedure using independent external search consultants or firms before candidates are recommended to the Board. The Committee recognises the importance of diversity and, when recruiting, ensures that there are no obstacles to the Committee having visibility of suitable candidates for possible appointment to the Board and that such appointments are based on merit regardless of gender, social and ethnic backgrounds.
- Setting succession plans for Executive and Non-Executive Directors and senior management within the Group and reviewing the Company's diversity policy.
- Recommending to the Board the framework or broad policy for the remuneration and recruitment of the Company's Chairman, NEDs, the CEO, the Executive Directors and such other members of the executive management as it is designated to consider.
- Identifying, evaluating and recommending candidates to join the Board.
- Overseeing the Remuneration Policy for all material risk takers, and reviewing the design of all share incentive plans.

The Committee has a planned cycle of activities to ensure that it addresses its responsibilities in the current financial year.

ACTIVITIES DURING THE YEAR

The Committee undertakes its main activities during the year and deals with ad hoc issues as and when they come to the Committee. During the financial year, the Committee held ten meetings of which five were scheduled meetings and five were ad hoc. It focused on:

Board/executive composition

- Reviewing the position regarding succession planning and talent management for the Executive Directors and senior management of the Company.
- Reviewing the ongoing professional development of Committee members and the induction of new Directors.
- Approving the Board Diversity Policy and assessing progress against the policy.
- Assessing the Board tenure and considering the independence of the independent Non-Executive Directors, concluding that they were independent.
- Review of the Board and Committee Composition including the balance of skills and experience on the Board and considered if any changes were necessary.

Remuneration and share schemes:

- Reviewing and overseeing the design of a new management incentive plan to be rolled out in 2021 with a focus on benchmarking the remuneration structure to listed peers and regulatory expectations to determine the appropriate structure to incentivise and reward long-term performance going forward.
- Reviewing and approving the grant of bonus share options; exercise and liquidity events, and SAYE launch.

- Discussing and setting the share valuation for the Company's share schemes.
- Reviewing Board Remuneration and making recommendations to the Board;
- Reviewing a report from the CRO on staff compliance with the risk appetite as part of staff objectives.
- Reviewing the performance of the Company over the year to decide on bonus pool availability.
- Conducting an annual remuneration review and recommending to the Board.

Governance

- Reviewing the results of the gender pay gap analysis and the associated reporting;
- Approving policies within the Committee's remit, namely: the Fit and Proper Persons Policy; NED Expendse Policy, and the Remuneration Policy Statement.
- Reviewing and approving the Committee's terms of reference.

PERFORMANCE EVALUATION

An external evaluation of the Board and its Committees was carried out during 2020. Each Committee member and executives who regularly attend meetings were interviewed. The Committee navigated well through the year of changes and challenging discussions and will continue those discussions under the new Chair of the Committee. The evaluation results pointed out that the Committee should continue increasing its focus on executive succession and strategic workforce planning.

REMUNERATION POLICY

The Group's Remuneration Policy is designed to enable the Group to recruit, retain and motivate employees of the appropriate calibre to deliver its strategy over the long term. The policy is intended to be consistent with and promote sound and effective risk management and to ensure that it does not encourage risk taking that exceeds the tolerated risk appetite of the Company.

A description of the different remuneration elements for 2020 is set out below.

Base salary	Salaries are reviewed annually and are set to be market competitive taking into account the individual's skills, as well as the size and scope of their role and that of the Group. Salaries are set at such a level that employees are not overly dependent on variable pay and to allow the Group to operate a fully flexible bonus policy.
Benefits	The following benefits are offered to all permanent employees: private health cover; annual travel insurance; interest-free loans (up to £10,000) for season tickets; and participation in the Save As You Earn scheme.
Pension	All employees who meet the minimum criteria are automatically enrolled in the Stakeholder Pension scheme. Employees who have reached their lifetime or annual allowance limit for pensions for tax purposes may receive a cash alternative in lieu of the Group's contribution that otherwise would have been made under the Stakeholder Pension arrangement.
Annual bonus	The annual bonus plan provides participants with an opportunity to receive a cash amount, subject to performance measured in respect of the relevant financial year. All employees are eligible to be invited to participate in the plan. Awards are based on the achievement of annual objectives. At all levels within the Group, individual performance metrics include compliance with standards relating to risk and compliance set by the Board. Other performance metrics assess alignment with the Group's values, which include good conduct both within the firm and in dealings with customers. For material risk takers, individual bonus payments are determined by the Nomination and Remuneration Committee based on a review of both financial and strategic measures and assessment of individual performance over the year, including a review of individual performance by the CRO. Performance is assessed against both financial and non-financial criteria. Financial performance is reviewed against a basket of financial metrics agreed at the beginning of the year. Non-financial criteria consider metrics such as compliance with risk appetite, compliance breaches, customer service measures and conduct, and findings of Risk, Compliance and Internal Audit reviews.



NOMINATION AND REMUNERATION COMMITTEE REPORT CONTINUED

The CRO, with input from the Chair of the Board Risk Committee and the Chair of the Audit Committee, assesses the performance of the year against the Group's risk appetite and behaviours and attitude to risk and compliance. If the performance has been achieved by exceeding the risk appetite of the Group, as stated and approved by the Board and the Board Risk Committee, the bonus pool and/or individual outcomes may be adjusted downwards, potentially to zero. Performance against all of the above measures is assessed by the Remuneration Committee in the round.

For staff in assurance functions, at least 75% of the annual bonus award is based on the achievement of objectives related to the individual's assurance function. The remaining 25% relates to the performance of the Group. Awards for this population are subject to a prevailing affordability underpin, and no bonuses will be paid if overall financial performance is not sufficient to fund awards.

The bonus opportunity is expressed as a percentage of salary and depends on an individual's role and responsibilities. The annual bonus comprises a cash element and an award of nil-cost options. While the cash element of the bonus is paid upfront, for material risk takers at least 40% of annual bonuses is in the form of nil-cost options which are subject to deferral over a three-year period using the Deferred Bonus Share Plan ("DBSP"), as detailed below.

Deferred Bonus Share Plan	<p>The DBSP seeks to align the long-term interests of the Group for all senior management and other key individuals through bonus deferral. Under the DBSP, bonuses comprise a cash element awarded annually at the end of the financial year and paid in March of the next year. The deferred element is awarded in the form of nil-cost options which vest after three years. For Solvency II Identified Staff a minimum of 40% of any bonus award is deferred. Prior to vesting, the Committee can make adjustments to awards under the malus and clawback provisions.</p> <p>The Committee has the ability to reduce or extinguish the level of any award or require amounts to be reclaimed from individuals. This may be the case in the event of:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">— significant financial losses or material misstatement of the accounts for the Group or any Group company; or— material failure of risk management for any period that the Committee reasonably considers is relevant;— discovery of a material error in relation to the assessment of annual performance on which an award was based; and/or reasonable evidence of any act or omission by the participant which in the opinion of the Committee: has contributed to material losses or serious reputational damage to the Group or any business area; or has amounted to serious misconduct, fraud or misstatement (whether by exaggeration of financial performance or mismarking the valuation of any asset or otherwise).
2017 Growth Share Plan	<p>Growth Share awards were granted in 2017 to certain senior employees and Executive Directors. No further grants will be made under this plan. Grant levels were determined based on an assessment of individual performance and future potential as determined at the time.</p> <p>These Growth Share awards vested on 1 January 2021, depending on growth in value of the Group over the four-year performance period from 1 January 2017.</p> <p>Participants receive a portion of the growth in the Group's value above a hurdle. The level of reward at vesting is dependent on the growth achieved and can be zero if the growth in the Group's value is less than the hurdle rate. The proportion of growth above the hurdle allocated to participants reduces once the growth rate exceeds the upper end of expected performance.</p> <p>Prior to vesting, the Committee can make adjustments to awards under the malus provisions; clawback provisions also apply following vesting.</p>

AREAS OF FOCUS FOR 2021

The Committee's focus will remain on ensuring the effective composition of the Board; progressing the Board's diversity agenda; and ensuring robust executive succession planning. The Committee will complete its review of the remuneration structure and will oversee implementation of the incentivisation programme ensuring that it meets the objective of a more rigorous evaluation process and clearer links between performance and pay to better incentivise desired behaviours.

On behalf of the Nomination and Remuneration Committee

Jon Aisbitt
Chair of the Nomination Committee

Judith Eden
Chair of the Remuneration Committee

16 March 2021

INVESTMENT AND ORIGATION COMMITTEE REPORT



ARNO KITTS
Chair of the Investment and Origination Committee

COMMITTEE MEMBERS

The membership as at the date of this report together with the attendance record for the year ended 31 December 2020 are set out below:

Arno Kitts (Chair)

Jon Aisbitt

Eloy Michotte (member until 5 March 2020)

Jérôme Mourgue D'Algue

Peter Rutland

Wilhelm Van Zyl (member from 5 March 2020)

The Group continued to grow throughout 2020 despite market volatility and the uncertainty brought by the Covid-19 pandemic. During the year, the Committee discussed a variety of standing matters and areas of particular investment focus considering the impact of Covid-19 and any Environmental, Social and Governance ("ESG") implications leading to more responsible investing within its portfolio. In turn, the Committee has continued to receive training on ESG matters which has helped its members to develop a more comprehensive approach to ESG to better manage risk and generate sustainable, long-term returns.

The Committee spent considerable time providing oversight of the existing portfolio to ensure the right quality and diversification within the portfolio and to protect it to the extent practicable from market stresses and volatility. This has meant a lot of attention has been given to its hedging approach and how best to adjust it to the Group's needs.

The Diversified Capital Fund strategy and composition have been reviewed further and the Committee continued monitoring the development of the Real Assets strategy. In addition to scheduled meetings, the Committee met three times during the year on an ad hoc basis and attended to matters by written resolutions to either consider large deals or provide expert oversight of the asset strategies for deals being considered by the Board. The Committee remains diligent in scrutinising investment outcomes versus assumptions included in pricing to ensure that these are realistic and optimal for the Group and therefore good for policyholders.

More detail on the Committee's activities is included in further sections of this report.

THE COMMITTEE

The Board of the Company has established the Investment and Origination Committee to ensure that there is strong and responsible leadership at the head of the Company together with an appropriate range of skills, knowledge and experience. The Committee was in place throughout the financial year ended 31 December 2020 and was chaired by Arno Kitts. It comprises five NEDs, two of whom are INEDs of the Company, who are considered to be free of any relationship that would affect their impartiality in carrying out their responsibilities and were independent as required under the Code. Membership is strengthened by Arno Kitts and Wilhelm Van Zyl who are also members of the Risk Committee and their membership ensures there is good collaboration between the two Committees. In addition to these members, regular attendees include the Chairman of the Board, CEO, CFO, Chief Risk Officer and General

MEETING ATTENDANCE

The table below shows the attendance by Committee members for all scheduled meetings.

Arno Kitts	4/4
Jon Aisbitt	4/4
Eloy Michotte	1/1
Jérôme Mourgue D'Algue	4/4
Peter Rutland	4/4
Wilhelm Van Zyl¹	2/3

¹ Wilhelm Van Zyl did not attend the meeting held in May 2020 due to commitment prior to his appointment to the Committee.





The Committee remains diligent in scrutinising investment outcomes versus assumptions included in pricing to ensure that these are realistic and optimal for the Group and therefore good for policyholders.”

Counsel. Members of the Committee are appointed by the Board, upon the recommendation of the Nomination and Remuneration Committee and in consultation with the Chair of the Committee. There was one change during the year; Eloy Michotte stood down from the Committee and was replaced by Wilhelm Van Zyl effective from 5 March 2020.

The Chair of the Committee reports to subsequent meetings of the Board and the Board receives a copy of the minutes of each Committee meeting once these have been approved by the Committee.

The Committee's role and responsibilities:

- Overseeing the management of all aspects of investment policy and strategy.
- Providing oversight of the operation of the Group's investment portfolios.
- Overseeing all aspects of the Group's new business and reinsurance origination within established strategy and risk frameworks including conduct risk.
- Recommending to the Board investment arrangements and pricing for significant transactions for approval.
- Ensuring that PIC has integrated ESG risks into its investment decision-making process.

ACTIVITIES DURING THE YEAR

During the financial year, the Committee held seven meetings of which four were scheduled meetings and three were ad hoc. It focused on:

- Performance updates of PIC's portfolio.
- Reviewing of hedging, updates on managing the surplus assets of the Group, foreign exchange management, strategy of the Diversified Capital Fund deal pipeline and solvency.
- Reviewing the priorities set for the year by the Investments and Origination teams. This sets the focus for the meetings throughout the year. Examples of some of the specific matters considered by the Committee are Investments and Origination governance and the operational framework, oversight of performance in the context of general market conditions and the economic environments.
- Reviewing ratings migration within PIC's portfolio and any downgrades.
- Receiving the analysis of pricing assumptions and how these compared with the investment outcomes, including pricing allowances versus reinsurance fees.
- Transition of LIBOR derivatives and renegotiating with counterparties on uncleared margin rules.
- Consideration of IT and technological strategy in respect of the Securities Finance Transaction Regulations.

- Selection of a fund manager for the US private credit market.
- Revision of the Target Operating Model and appropriate debt restructuring.
- Development of the capital allocation methodology.
- The securitisation and implementation of ERM; and
- Carrying out the regular review of performance by PIC's external investment managers.

PERFORMANCE EVALUATION

An external evaluation of the Board and its Committees was carried out during 2020. Each Committee member and executives who regularly attend meetings were interviewed. The results found that the Committee was well chaired and continued to work very well after combining oversight of Origination and Investments which took place at the end of 2018. The Committee will continue its focus on linking its activities with the Risk Committee.

COVID-19

The Committee discussed in detail the potential impacts of the Covid-19 pandemic, on both the viability of the business and the valuation of its assets and liabilities at the reporting date. The Committee is satisfied that there is no material impact on the valuation of assets or liabilities, and that the outbreak, while presenting operational challenges across the industry, does not currently have a material impact on our conclusion as to the viability and going concern of the business. The Committee also recognises that the effects of the pandemic are ongoing and the outcomes remain uncertain, and will continue to assess these.

AREAS OF FOCUS FOR 2021

In 2021, the Committee will continue with the focus on oversight of embedding ESG factors into investment decision making; reviewing proposals for the Company investing in new asset classes that came out of the Investments team strategy day, as well as the development of plans to ensure the Investments team is resourced sufficiently to match the growth of the Company; and assessing plans for new technology and further automation. The Committee will also continue to assist the Board in providing direction and leadership as the Group navigates its way through any impacts of the Covid-19 pandemic.

On behalf of the Investment and Origination Committee

Arno Kitts

Chair of the Investment and Origination Committee

16 March 2021

DIRECTORS' REPORT

CORPORATE GOVERNANCE STATEMENT

The Board and the executive management are committed to the Principles and high standards of the Corporate Governance Code as they believe these underpin the success of the Company and are for the benefit of its shareholders and stakeholders, including policyholders. For this reason, the Company applies all the principles of the 2018 Corporate Governance Code. In addition, the Group's subsidiary, Pension Insurance Corporation plc, has listed securities in issue and complies with the applicable sections DTR7.1 and DTR7.2 of the Financial Conduct Authority ("FCA") Handbook. Further information on the Company's governing body and its Committees is included in the Corporate Governance Report on pages 81 to 112.

PICG DIRECTORS AND THEIR INTERESTS

The Directors who served during the period and up to the date of the approval of these financial statements were:

Name	Position	Appointed/Resigned
Jonathan Aisbitt	Chairman	
Roger Marshall	Senior Independent Director	
Tracy Blackwell	Chief Executive	
Judith Eden	Director	
Timothy Gallico	Director	Appointed 1 August 2020
Stuart King	Director	
Arno Kitts	Director	
Josua Malherbe	Director	
Jérôme Mourgue D'Algue	Director	
Peter Rutland	Director	Resigned 31 July 2020
Mark Stephen	Director	
Wilhelm van Zyl	Director	

One Director who held office during the financial year is a beneficiary of the Company's share-based award schemes, details of which are given in Note 7 to the financial statements. This Director received 497,250 ordinary shares of the Company upon vesting of certain schemes during the year (2019: one Director received a total of 561,612 ordinary shares).

SHARE CAPITAL AND MAJOR SHAREHOLDERS

Details of the Company's share capital, including changes during the year in the issued share capital and details of the rights attaching to the Company's ordinary shares, are set out in Note 18 to the financial statements. The following are the major shareholders of PICG as at 31 December 2020:

Shareholder	No of ordinary shares held as at 16 March 2021	% of the issue ordinary share capital as at 16 March 2021	No of ordinary shares held as at 31 December 2020	% of the issue ordinary share capital as at 31 December 2020
Reinet PC Investments (Jersey) Limited on behalf of Reinet investment S.C.A.	658,792,700	49.50	619,776,306	46.57
Luxinva S.A. on behalf of ADIA	242,192,115	18.20	242,192,115	18.20
Blue Grass Holdings Limited on behalf of CVC	231,825,290	17.42	231,825,290	17.42

OWN SHARES

At 31 December 2020, 7,843,544 ordinary shares of the Company were held in an Employee Benefit Trust (2019: 10,258,058), in accordance with the accounting policy in Note 7 to the financial statements.

CAPITAL RAISE AND ISSUE OF DEBT

On 27 January 2020, the Group announced its intention to carry out an equity raise of £750 million of new equity from existing shareholders to support the continued growth of the business in the Pension Risk Transfer ("PRT") market. The offered shares were issued on a partly paid basis, with 60% paid on 20 February 2020 and the remaining 40% paid on 25 September 2020.

In May 2020 the Group's main trading entity Pension Insurance Corporation plc issued £300 million of Tier 2 debt notes with a fixed coupon of 4.625% and in October 2020 issued a further £400 million of Tier 2 debt notes with a fixed coupon of 3.625%. See Note 15 to the financial statements for further details.

DIVIDENDS

The Directors of the Company do not recommend a dividend for the year (2019: nil).

STATEMENT ON THE COMPANY'S BUSINESS RELATIONSHIPS WITH SUPPLIERS, CUSTOMERS AND OTHERS

Information on how the Directors have had regard to the need to foster effective business relationships with suppliers, customers and others including detail on how they have discharge their duty under s.172(1) of the Companies Act 2006 is included in the Strategic Report on pages 22 to 27.

Any payments to suppliers are made through the service company Pension Services Corporation Limited ("PSC") and the required disclosures on policy and practice on payment of creditors are included in the PSC annual report and accounts.



DIRECTORS' REPORT CONTINUED

POLITICAL CONTRIBUTIONS

The Company made no political contributions during the year (2019: nil).

QUALIFYING THIRD PARTY INDEMNITIES

The Articles of Association of the Company provide for the Directors and officers of the Company to be indemnified in respect of liabilities incurred as a result of their office. The Company also provides certain forms of protection for its Directors and senior managers of companies within the Group against personal financial exposure that they may incur in their capacity as such. During the year and at the time the Directors' Report was approved under section 234 of the Companies Act 2006, this protection included qualifying third party indemnity provisions (as defined under section 234 of the Companies Act 2006) in force for the benefit of the Company's Directors.

GOING CONCERN

After making enquiries, including specific consideration of regulatory solvency, the Directors have a reasonable expectation that the Company has adequate resources to continue in operational existence for the foreseeable future. For this reason, they continue to adopt the going concern basis in preparing the financial statements.

FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

The information relating to the Company's financial instruments is included in Note 11 to the financial statements.

FUTURE DEVELOPMENTS

The information that fulfils the reporting requirements relating to the likely future developments in the business of the Company is included in the Strategic Report, which is separate to this Directors' Report.

MATERIAL CONTRACTS

During the year, Pension Services Corporation Limited ("PSC"), a UK limited company that is an indirect subsidiary of Pension Insurance Corporation Group Limited, continued to provide management, staff, IT and office services to the Group under a defined service agreement.

INTERNAL CONTROLS AND RISK MANAGEMENT SYSTEM

The Board has overall responsibility for the system of risk management and internal controls, and for reviewing its effectiveness. The Group has a risk management and internal controls system in place which is designed to manage and reduce rather than eliminate the risk of failing to achieve business objectives. It can only provide the Board with reasonable, and not absolute, assurance against material misstatement or loss. The Board has delegated responsibility to the Audit Committee and the Risk Committee for monitoring this system and reporting on its effectiveness to the Board. Each year, the Board approves an integrated assurance plan which is intended to provide the Board with assurance that the internal controls and risk management system work effectively. The plan, which is effected by the Internal Audit, Compliance, Risk and Actuarial functions within the Group, is overseen by the Risk and Audit Committees as part of their delegated authority from the Board. The overlap in membership of those two Committees ensures that all areas of the system are adequately covered.

Financial reporting	Responsibility
Delegated authority	An established management structure operates across the Group with clearly defined levels of responsibility and delegated authorities.
Financial reporting	The Group has a robust system for reporting of the financial results to the Board. During the year, monthly and quarterly financial results are produced, which include comparison to forecast and prior year. The Board, Audit Committee, Risk Committee and executive management review the Group's performance throughout the year and monitor the operation of budgets and long-term business plans. The reports ensure that variances are investigated and acted upon.
Internal controls, processes and procedures	The Group has formal written procedures and controls in operation which are designed to facilitate effective and efficient business operation, robust financial reporting and compliance with laws and regulations. Procedures, processes and controls are updated regularly to ensure they are effective and in compliance with best practice. As part of the requirements of DTR 7.1.3 of the FCA Handbook, the Board, in line with the delegated authority to the Audit Committee, specifically monitors the financial reporting process and the statutory audit of the annual financial statements through reporting provided by management and reporting received from the Audit Committee. The Audit Committee meets regularly with members of executive management and the internal and external auditors to review the annual financial information and internal control matters, and to satisfy themselves that the internal control systems are operating effectively. The Audit Committee also reviews any follow-up actions to correct identified weaknesses. All Board members receive minutes of the Audit Committee meetings.
Internal Audit assurance	The Audit Committee oversees the Group's Internal Audit function, which is managed by the Head of Internal Audit using a co-sourced model and has a direct reporting line to the Audit Committee. The Audit Committee approves an annual internal audit plan which is designed to review key areas of risk. Regular updates on progress of the internal audit plan are provided to the Audit Committee by the Head of Internal Audit, who is a standing attendee at the Audit Committee's meetings. Progress reports include results of individual audits. The Head of Internal Audit provides an annual report and opinion on internal controls, governance and culture.
External audit assurance	The work of the external auditor provides further independent assurance on the internal control environment, as described in its reporting to the Audit Committee. Furthermore, the Audit Committee reviews and monitors the independence of the statutory auditor and considers the relationship with the Group as part of its assessment, including provision of non-audit services.
Risk management framework (more information is included on pages 74 to 79)	The Board has established a risk management and compliance system which includes a process for identifying, evaluating and managing the risks faced by the Group. The Risk Committee works closely with the Audit Committee and provides oversight and advice to the Board with regard to the Group's current and likely risk exposures, risk tolerances and appetite, risk measurement, risk management performance, and its risk policies, procedures and risk controls. All Board members receive minutes of the Risk Committee meetings. Procedures are in place to ensure the employment, retention, training and development of suitably qualified staff to manage activities.

The Board has reviewed the effectiveness of the system of internal controls, including risk management, for the year ended 31 December 2020 and up to the date of signing of these financial statements and the Annual Report. It has not identified any weaknesses sufficient to cause material misstatement or loss which requires disclosure in the financial statements.

DISCLOSURE OF INFORMATION TO AUDITOR

The Directors who held office at the date of approval of this Directors' Report confirm that, so far as they are each aware, there is no relevant audit information of which the Group's auditor is unaware; and each Director has taken all the steps that ought to have been taken as a Director to be aware of any relevant audit information and to establish that the Group's auditor is aware of that information.

AUDITOR

In accordance with section 487 of the Companies Act 2006, the auditor will be deemed to be re-appointed and KPMG LLP will therefore continue in office.

EMPLOYEE ENGAGEMENT

The Company is committed to keeping employees well informed of the performance of PIC and this is achieved through regular updates from the CEO and senior management.

PIC also operates an annual Save As You Earn scheme ("SAYE") to encourage greater employee involvement. The scheme is available to all employees and provides the opportunity to acquire the Company's shares at a favourable price. Further information can be found on page 42.

DIVERSITY AND INCLUSION

PIC's Diversity and Inclusion Policy is to promote a consistent and fair approach to employment and this stems from our values and capability framework. All of our training and learning and development policies are in place for all employees to access regardless of gender, race, age or disability. PIC is committed to providing a working environment free from harassment and discrimination and a place where our employees are proud to work.

As our approach is to go beyond the requirements of the Equality Act 2010, PIC wants to ensure everyone has the opportunity to develop and progress in their career with the Company. PIC recruits and promotes the best person for each role, based on objective job related criteria with due regard for their qualifications and experience. PIC is also committed to making reasonable adjustments for the hiring of employees with disabilities and having regard to their particular aptitudes and abilities.

PIC actively encourage all employees to take advantage of the learning and development opportunities available to help maintain, develop or increase knowledge, for the purpose of maintaining a high standard of professional practice. All employees are required to complete a minimum of ten hours of Continuing Professional Development ("CPD") every 12 months.

In January 2020, PIC established the Diversity and Inclusion Forum which is made up of employees and has HR representation. The Forum meets on a regular basis and its key objective is to organise learning events on diversity and inclusion topics and represent employees in making recommendations to senior management on potential changes to policy.

EMPLOYEES WITH DISABILITIES

In the event that an employee becomes disabled during employment, PIC will actively make reasonable adjustments to the working environment and/or practices so anyone can be supported in carrying out their role and responsibilities to their full potential.

In some instances, PIC may seek third party advice around how the Company can make these reasonable adjustments; this could include the use of an occupational health provider.

OVERSEAS BRANCHES

PIC does not have any branches outside the United Kingdom.

GREENHOUSE GAS EMISSIONS

In accordance with Companies (Directors' Report) and Limited Liability Partnerships (Energy and Carbon Report) Regulations 2018 and Companies Act 2006 (Strategic Report and Directors' Report) Regulations we are required to report on our greenhouse gas emissions ("GHG") including our UK energy use and carbon emissions.

The information in the table below represents our GHG and energy use for which PIC is responsible:

	2020 reporting year (UK and offshore)	Previous reporting year (UK and offshore)
Total energy consumption used to calculate emissions in kWh	1,012,564	1,051,412
Emissions from combustion of gas in tCO ₂ e (Scope 1)	94.3	83.6
Emissions from purchased electricity in tCO ₂ e (Scope 2, location-based)	116.5	152.5
Total gross tCO₂e based on above	210.8	236.1
Intensity ratio: gross tCO ₂ e/floor area	0.04	0.06
Intensity ratio: gross tCO ₂ e/full time equivalent	0.7	0.9

Reporting terminology definitions:

Scope 1: Direct emissions that are owned and controlled by the Company

Scope 2: Emissions that are a consequence of the operations of the Company

Intensity ratio: GHG impact per unit of physical activity or unit of economic value.

Reporting period:

Our GHG reporting period is the same as our financial year: 1 January 2020 to 31 December 2020.



DIRECTORS' REPORT CONTINUED

Methodologies

To calculate our GHG, we have used the main requirements of the Greenhouse Gas Protocol Corporate Standard along with the UK Government GHG Conversion Factors for 2020 Company Reporting. Any estimates included in our totals are derived from actual data in the same reporting period which have been extrapolated to cover any missing periods. We do not have any fuel used for Company travel to report.

Actions

We have consciously implemented a number of workplace initiatives, where possible, to reduce our GHG for example, we have installed LED lights with PIR throughout our office premises as well as our employees using energy efficient laptops. Due to Covid-19 pandemic, we have not implemented any specific energy efficiency measures in the reporting period.

LONGER-TERM VIABILITY STATEMENT

1. The assessment process

The longer-term viability process is primarily carried out by strategic and financial planning. The Group's strategy (see pages 17 to 32), and year-on-year activities, combined with a focus on material factors which may impact the Group in the foreseeable future, are central to the assessment that the Group can be reasonably expected to continue in operation and meet its liabilities as they fall due. The Group's business plan is prepared annually and covers a five-year period on a rolling basis. The plan covers projected performance and related profitability, cash and value generation and the capital position of the Group over the period. The plan is designed within the Group's Risk Appetite Framework, which forms an integral part of the business planning process. The plan is tested against the risk appetite set for the Group by the Board. This includes a number of stress scenarios, which consider the Group's resilience and capacity to respond to relevant stresses and shock events, which may potentially impact the Group. The Group also evaluates various management actions designed to maintain and restore key capital and solvency metrics to within the Group's approved risk appetite over the planning period and takes into account the cost of these actions to the Group and their potential impact on the Group's Market Consistent Embedded Value and IFRS profits.

2. The assessment period

The Directors have assessed the viability of the Group by reference to the five-year planning period to December 2025, which has been chosen as appropriate because it reflects the Group's business model and the dynamics of the bulk annuity market as covered by the Group's five-year business plan.

3. Assessment of viability

The Directors have carried out an assessment by reference to the Group's current position and strategy, the Board's risk appetite and the Group's financial forecasts from December 2020 to December 2025. The Directors discussed the strategy and draft business plan at the strategy session days held on 29 June 2020, 20 July 2020 and 21 July 2020. They considered and approved the draft business plan at the Board meeting held on 2 December 2020 which was supported by the assessment of key risks to the successful execution of the business plan. The Directors also considered the Group's principal risks and how these are managed, as detailed on pages 78 and 79. The risk assessment included stress and scenario testing of key assumptions, and horizon scanning to consider the key risks to the business and the potential impact of these on the business plan objectives.

The scenarios considered in the risk assessment covered:

- risks from PIC's external operating environment including risks from markets around downgrades and spread risks, rates and inflation risks, as well as regulatory changes;
- execution risks to achieving the plan including risks associated with PIC's ability to raise further capital, reinsurance and asset origination; and
- risks to PIC's operations if the plan is successfully achieved focusing among others on operational resilience, stakeholder, climate change, reputation and various other risks.

This year the Board also assessed potential impacts arising from the economic uncertainty from Covid-19 lockdowns combined with geopolitical risks and how these could cause solvency or liquidity declines on PIC's balance sheet from credit downgrades and continued volatility of rates/inflation and foreign exchange. The Board held in-depth discussions in September 2020 which considered the impact of stress scenarios calibrated to adverse credit movements and their impact on PIC's solvency. The Board also reviewed management actions available to mitigate risks arising from those adverse scenarios and the cost to the Group of those actions.

As well as risks arising from the macro-economic environment, a number of operational scenarios were performed considering the potential impact of failures of key systems and third parties as well as criminal activity targeted against PIC's policyholders in the form of pension scams.

4. Viability statement

Based on the results of the assessment of the Group's prospects and viability, the Directors confirm that they have a reasonable expectation that the Group will continue to operate and meet its liabilities as they fall due in the five-year assessment period.

On behalf of the Board



Jon Aisbitt
Chairman

14 Cornhill, London, EC3V 3ND

16 March 2021

STATEMENT OF DIRECTORS' RESPONSIBILITIES

STATEMENT OF DIRECTORS' RESPONSIBILITIES IN RESPECT OF THE STRATEGIC REPORT, THE DIRECTORS' REPORT AND THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The Directors are responsible for preparing the Strategic Report, the Directors' Report and the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and regulations.

Company law requires the Directors to prepare Group and parent company financial statements for each financial year. Under that law they have elected to prepare both the Group and the parent company financial statements in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards as adopted by the European Union ("IFRSs as adopted by the EU") and applicable law. Under company law the Directors must not approve the financial statements unless they are satisfied that they give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the Group and parent company and of their profit or loss for that period. In preparing each of the Group and parent company financial statements, the Directors are required to:

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently;
- make judgements and estimates that are reasonable, relevant and reliable;
- state whether they have been prepared in accordance with IFRSs as adopted by the EU;
- assess the Group and parent company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern; and
- use the going concern basis of accounting unless they either intend to liquidate the Group or the parent company or to cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

The Directors are responsible for keeping adequate accounting records that are sufficient to show and explain the parent company's transactions and disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the parent company and enable them to ensure that its financial statements comply with the Companies Act 2006. They are responsible for such internal control as they determine is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and have general responsibility for taking such steps as are reasonably open to them to safeguard the assets of the Group and to prevent and detect fraud and other irregularities.

The Directors are responsible for the maintenance and integrity of the corporate and financial information included on the Company's website. Legislation in the UK governing the preparation and dissemination of financial statements may differ from legislation in other jurisdictions.



ANNUITIES

A type of insurance policy that pays out regular amounts of benefit to the policyholder for the remainder of insured individual's lifetime and, in certain cases, that of their spouse and/or dependants. The payments may commence immediately ("immediate annuity") or may be deferred to commence from a future date, such as the date of retirement ("deferred annuity"). Immediate annuities and deferred annuities may be purchased for an individual and his or her dependants or on a bulk purchase basis for groups of individuals.

BEST ESTIMATE LIABILITY ("BEL")

The best estimate liability represents the value of future liability and expense cash flows. It is based on realistic assumptions with no prudent margins (other than in the default and downgrade assumptions stipulated for the calculation of the valuation discount rate) and is calculated using well-established actuarial and statistical methods.

COST OF RESIDUAL NON-HEDGEABLE RISKS ("CRNHR")

Under the Market Consistent Embedded Value ("MCEV"), allowance for the cost of holding capital in respect of non-hedgeable risks. Market risks are assumed to be hedgeable and so no cost is allowed for any capital that might be held under the regulatory solvency regime. Longevity risk in respect of deferred annuities is treated as non-hedgeable except to the extent that it has actually been hedged, typically using reinsurance. Pensioner longevity is treated as reinsurable and hence hedgeable regardless as to whether it has actually been reinsured or not.

DEFINED BENEFIT ("DB") PENSION PLAN

An employer-sponsored retirement benefit plan where the benefits promised to the members of the plan are defined according to a formula typically based on factors such as salary history and duration of employment. Investment risk and portfolio management are entirely under the control of the trustees of the pension plan and not the employee or employer.

DERIVATIVES

Derivatives are securities that derive their value from an underlying asset or benchmark. The Group uses derivatives to hedge out certain market risks, in particular inflation, interest rates and currency risks associated with both new and existing business.

FINANCIAL INVESTMENTS

Represents all assets actively managed or administered by or on behalf of the institution including those assets managed by third parties.

FRICTIONAL COST OF REQUIRED CAPITAL ("FCOC")

The cost associated with the assets used to support required capital under MCEV, principally in respect of investment management fees and tax on investment income.

MINIMUM CAPITAL REQUIREMENT ("MCR")

The lower of the two capital levels required by Solvency II. It represents the minimum level of capital required to be held by an insurer before ultimate regulatory intervention is triggered.

PIC'S INTERNAL MODEL

A risk management system developed by PIC to analyse its overall risk position, to quantify risks and to determine the capital required to meet those risks. PIC has obtained appropriate approval from the PRA to use its internal model to calculate its solvency capital requirement under Solvency II.

PRESENT VALUE OF FUTURE PROFITS ("PVFP")

Represents the present value, after tax, of the future release of regulatory margins, such as risk margin.

PRUDENTIAL REGULATION AUTHORITY ("PRA")

The PRA is a part of the Bank of England and is responsible for the prudential regulation of deposit-taking institutions, insurers and major investment firms.

RISK MARGIN ("RM")

Life insurance companies hold technical provisions (reserves) calculated on actuarial bases to ensure they have sufficient funds available to pay their technical liabilities when they fall due. The technical provisions comprise a BEL and a RM. The RM calculation, which is prescribed under the Solvency II regulations, is intended to represent the amount that a notional third party, a reference undertaking, would require in order to take over the liabilities and have sufficient capital to support them over their future lifetime.

SOLVENCY II

An EU-wide regulatory regime which intends to align solvency capital to an insurers' risk profile. Solvency II was implemented on 1 January 2016.

SOLVENCY CAPITAL REQUIREMENT ("SCR")

The SCR represents the capital that the Company needs to hold in order to be able to survive a 1-in-200 year risk event over the 12 months following the balance sheet date. PIC calculates its SCR using a Company-specific model (the internal model) which has been approved by the PRA. The main components of the SCR for PIC are market risk and insurance risk, but the internal model also covers counterparty default risk, expense risk and operational risk.

STANDARD FORMULA

A risk-based mathematical formula used by insurers to calculate their solvency capital requirement under Solvency II. The standard formula is intended for use by most EU insurers, although they may use an internal model instead, subject to regulatory approval.

TECHNICAL PROVISIONS ("TP")

The value of technical provisions on the Solvency II basis is equal to the sum of a BEL and an RM.

TRANSITIONAL MEASURES ("TMTP")

PIC uses a transitional measures deduction on technical provisions in its Solvency II balance sheet. The TMTP allows companies to smooth the transition from the previous regulatory regime to the Solvency II approach, for example in having to set up the risk margin. The TMTP only applies in respect of business that was in force at 31 December 2015, and it runs off linearly to zero over 16 years.

VALUE OF IN-FORCE ("VIF")

This is the discounted value of after-tax profits expected to emerge from the in-force business over time, and is used in the embedded value calculation.

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